

## Committee of the Whole

### **STAFF REPORT**

Agenda Item:	5-6	Name:	Patrick Hamacher, Amy Tsai, Nick Wagner
Proposed No.:	2013-0212, 2013- 0242	Date:	June 27, 2013
Invited:	•		Office of Public Defense Office of Performance, Strategy and

<u>SUBJECT:</u> Ordinances regarding the structure of public defense, including a charter amendment for the selection of the chief Public Defender by the Executive (2013-0212) and implementing ordinance for the charter amendment (2013-0242).

## **SUMMARY**

As a result of the <u>Dolan</u> lawsuit, the county is re-examining its structure for county public defense services. On May 20, the Council adopted an in-house structure for public defense and supplemental appropriation as an interim solution until such time as it adopts a final structure for public defense (Ordinance 17588 and 17589). Ordinance 17588 also directed creation of a Public Defense Criminal Justice Reform Advisory Task Force.

**PO 2013-0212** is a proposed charter amendment that would create an in-house department with the Public Defender appointed by the Executive, with measures put into place to insulate the Public Defender from political influence. **PO 2013-0242** is the implementing ordinance accompanying the charter amendment, and contains many of the individual policy choices that would be necessary to implement this approach.

This staff report describes the proposed charter amendment and a proposed striking amendment to the charter amendment. The implementing ordinance that has been previously summarized is recapped.<sup>1</sup> Finally, timelines for action are discussed.

## **BACKGROUND**

**Dolan Lawsuit** 

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> A revised striking amendment will be distributed at the COW meeting for the implementing ordinance.

For 40 years, King County contracted with private, nonprofit corporations for the provision of most public defense services. In January 2006, a class action lawsuit was filed against King County, alleging that the employees of these agencies were county employees and that King County had a duty to enroll them in the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS). In a ruling upheld by the Washington State Supreme Court, the trial court held that the nonprofits were "arms and agencies" of King County, making the employees of those nonprofits employees of King County for purposes of PERS enrollment.

In April 2012, King County began making employer contributions to PERS for those employees. In March 2013, the Council approved a settlement agreement between King County and the Plaintiffs which must now go through a judicial approval process before it can become effective. The settlement agreement would recognize the plaintiffs as county employees on July 1, 2013, with full benefits, but leaves up to King County how public defense would be structured.

## "Interim" Department of Public Defense (Ordinance 17588 and 17589)

On May 20, the Council adopted Ordinance 17588, creating a new department of public defense that initially should have four divisions. This department will be in place until such time as the Council decides on a new public defense structure and that structure is implemented. The Executive is in the process of transitioning staff of the four nonprofit public defense agencies to in-house county employees. Up to 355 staff will be brought onto the county payroll system as of July 1, 2013. As part of that ordinance, the Council created a Public Defense Criminal Justice Reform Advisory Task Force to examine outsourcing options for promoting public defense innovation by August 30. The Council also approved a supplemental appropriation request to fund the transition.

### **Committee Briefings**

The interim ordinance and the proposals that are before the Committee today are the product of months of briefings and stakeholder input. Today's briefing is the eighth Committee of the Whole briefing on this topic in three months. Public Defense has been on the COW agenda eight of eleven meetings this year, or about three-quarters of the meetings. It was the most heard agenda item this year by far.

Throughout the year, the public, both locally and nationally, has weighed in via letters, editorials, meetings and conversations with Councilmembers and staff, and public testimony, including at a public hearing held on May 15 on the interim ordinance and one held for today's COW meeting.

Timelines for additional public input are discussed in the timeline section below.

#### **ANALYSIS**

Exec Appointment Charter Amendment (PO 2013-0212)

There is a proposed charter amendment, PO 2013-0212, that would create a Department of Public Defense with the chief defender appointed by the Executive from names recommended by an advisory board, subject to confirmation by the Council. An implementing ordinance (PO 2013-0242) provides additional details on the charter requirements.

PO 2013-0212 is a proposed charter amendment that, subject to voter approval, would amend the King County charter as follows:

- Creates a career service<sup>2</sup> Department of Public Defense
- Department reviewed and advised by a public defense advisory board
- Creates a county Public Defender with measures for increased independence including:
  - Selection by Executive from names submitted by an advisory board, subject to Council confirmation
  - Appointed for a term of years with for-cause termination

A proposed striking amendment (S2) would make the following notable revisions:

- 1. Additional independence language is added that prohibits elected officials from interfering in the constitutional or ethical duties of the defender.
- 2. Advisory board duties are expanded to include advising the Executive and Council on matters of social justice related to public defense.
- 3. The Executive is the removing authority for the Public Defender, but removal is appealable to the Council which makes a final decision by majority vote.
- 4. The Executive is required to consult with the Public Defender before and during bargaining, but the Executive remains the sole bargaining agent for the county on public defense.
- 5. Details of how Public Defender candidates are submitted by the advisory board are left to the implementing ordinance.
- 6. Qualifications for the Public Defender are also left to the implementing ordinance
- 7. Language is added to ensure that career service provisions of the charter do not prevent the county from contracting for public defense-related services.

The proposed striker changes have had legal review and are discussed below.

As has been noted in previous staff reports, independence of public defense is the first of the ABA Ten Principles for a Public Defense System. The ABA principle of independence for public defense is that "the structure of the system should provide a degree of independence from external influence in its operations." This principle of independence includes the ability to be free from political influence in individual case handling and client representation. It also includes the ability of the chief defender to effectively lobby for funding. In order to achieve these two aspects of independence, a chief defender must be sufficiently insulated from political influences so that he or she

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Note that although the proposed striker S2 removes career service language, it is a technical removal, as county employees by default are career service unless exempted in the charter. Career service is defined in K.C.C. 3.12. The general tenets include merit-based hiring and promotion and for-cause termination with ability to appeal to the Personnel Board.

feels free to act in the best interest of public defense for indigent clients, without fear of inappropriate reprisal or being unduly swayed by conflicting incentives.

A pervasive theme in the staff analysis to date has been the tension between two important public policies: ensuring independence and adequate oversight. The charter amendment seeks to create a balance by creating an Executive department but with added protections to enable the Public Defender to engage in charged duties with professional independence.

 Independence Language – "No elected official shall interfere with the administration of the constitutional or ethical duties of the county public defender or issue orders to any officer, agent or employee of the department of public defense regarding those duties."

The added sentence of non-interference further strengthens the Public Defender's position to be able to independently make professional decisions to fulfill the Public Defender's constitutional and ethical obligations to clients.

2. <u>Advisory Board Duties</u> – "The board shall also advise the executive and council on matters of social justice related to public defense."

An aspect of King County's public defense system has been its historical reputation for advocacy on issues of social justice for indigent clients. The public defense advisory board draws upon expertise in the public defense community to advise and report on the department. Its existence creates a separate mechanism of accountability and transparency, which should further the ability of the department to act more independently from the potential pressure of political officials. By adding a social justice component to the board's duties, the proposed striker recognizes the role that the board can play in being an outside perspective for social justice on public defense matters.

3. <u>Executive Removal</u> – "The county public defender shall be appointed...to a term that ends at the same time as the term of the county prosecuting attorney, unless removed earlier by the executive for cause..... The removal may be appealed by the defender to the council by a process to be prescribed by ordinance."

The original proposed charter amendment had removal of the county Public Defender by the Council by a supermajority vote. The change to an Executive removal process that is subject to an appeal which is decided by a Council majority vote puts the department more directly under the purview of the Executive. As the department is an Executive department with performance management handled by the Executive branch, it is reasonable for disciplinary actions including removal to originate in the Executive branch. The ability to appeal to the Council preserves an element of independence that is greater than the at-will employment that is the case for all other non-elected Executive department heads.

4. <u>Executive Bargaining</u> – "The county executive shall consult with the county public defender on the plans and goals for bargaining before and periodically during the negotiation of terms and conditions of employment with employees of the

department of public defense. The council may prescribe the method of consultation by ordinance."

The original proposed charter amendment assigned negotiation of wages and benefits conditions to the Executive, and negotiation of working conditions to the Public Defender. The proposal was modeled after the Sheriff's Office, which is the only charter-based exception to the general rule that the Executive is the sole bargaining agent for the county (the Prosecutor has bargaining authority as well but that is not set by the charter). The proposed striker returns to having the Executive as the sole bargaining agent, but adds a requirement that the Executive consult with the Public Defender before and during the bargaining process.

The proposed change is consistent with standard bargaining practice for Executive departments, but makes it mandatory by requiring it in the charter. Although the Executive typically consults with department directors during the bargaining process, the proposed striker adds assurance that this will occur by making it a requirement. It also permits the Council to add further details on the method of consultation by ordinance.

Various procedural protections exist in this process to preserve the independence of the Public Defender even with the Executive as the bargaining agent. Attorney casework must follow the state Rules of Professional Conduct and state guidelines such as for caseloads. In the event of a disagreement between the Executive and the Public Defender, the Public Defender could approach the Council which approves all departmental collective bargaining agreements; the Public Defender's non-at-will position has been structured to allow the Public Defender greater freedom to do so than would be true for other department directors. The Council also has the ability to adopt labor policies<sup>3</sup> to guide negotiations.

5. Advisory Board recommendation details – "The county executive shall appoint the county public defender from candidates recommended by the public defense advisory board under a process prescribed by ordinance."

The original proposed charter amendment specified that the board would recommend three candidates. Leaving such details to the implementing ordinance gives the process the flexibility to be modified over time, while still preserving the core effect of having the Executive's choices limited by advisory board recommendations.

6. <u>Defender Qualification details</u> – "Qualifications of the county public defender may be established by ordinance."

The original proposed charter amendment specified that the Public Defender must be

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> See K.C.C. 3.16.015, defining labor policies as "general principles which work to implement the intent of this [labor and employee relations] chapter and guide negotiations for wages, benefits, working conditions and other terms of employment."

admitted to practice law in Washington State and have ten years of criminal defense experience. Leaving such details to the implementing ordinance allows the qualifications to be modified over time as needed and appears reasonable.

7. Contracting for services – "Nothing in this Article 5 shall limit the ability of the county to contract with any person, organization, or government for services that could be provided by the department of public defense."

The "interim" ordinance that established the Department of Public Defense (Ordinance 17588) authorized the department to contract for outside services when the director deems it appropriate. The proposed striker ensures that the career service requirements of the charter do not limit that authority.

If the charter amendment were to fail at the ballot, the terms of the "interim" ordinance are in effect unless the Council adopts an ordinance amending the "interim" legislation.

Proposed Ordinance 2013-0212, with the proposed striking amendment, has had legal review and is ready for action.

Implementing Ordinance to Charter Amendment (PO 2013-0242)

PO 2013-0242 is the implementing ordinance to the charter amendment that contains all of the details that the charter amendment authorizes the council to create by ordinance. Subject to voter approval of the charter amendment, the implementing ordinance does the following (as reported in previous staff reports):

- Sets duties of the Public Defender
- Sets qualifications of the Public Defender
- Defines examples of what constitutes removal "for cause"
- Sets compensation for the Public Defender at the same level as the Prosecutor.
- Sets duties of the Public Defense Advisory Board
- Sets membership and selection process of the Public Defense Advisory Board.
- Sets qualifications of the Public Defense Advisory Board.

There is a proposed striking amendment, S2, that will be available at the June 27 COW meeting.

## **Timelines**

In order to place a charter amendment on the November general election ballot, the Council must submit a request for a special election to the county Elections Director by August 6, 2013, the date of the primary (RCW 29A.04.330). Charter amendment ordinances have an effective date ten days after enactment by the Council. As presented in the June 5 staff report, July 10 is the last opportunity for a Wednesday COW meeting to vote a proposal out of committee that would provide the maximum amount of time for a non-emergency ordinance, including time for a one-week courtesy delay at Council.

There is no required timeline for passage of the implementing ordinance. Passage before the November election would inform the public about how the details of the charter amendment would be implemented. Such an ordinance would need to be passed with an effective date that is contingent on passage of the charter amendment.

As mentioned above, a new proposed striking amendment to the implementing ordinance, S2, is being made available at the June 27 COW meeting. Staff will continue to refine the contents of the implementing ordinance with Council direction.

Staff have been directed to create an e-mail address for a 60-day public comment period on the implementing ordinance. The public will be able to visit a web page to view the draft implementing ordinance at:

### www.kingcounty.gov/council/issues/publicdefense

The public will be able to email their comments on the implementing ordinance for 60 days to the following email address:

## PDcomments@kingcounty.gov

#### <u>ATTACHMENTS</u>

- 1. Striking Amendment (S2) to PO 2013-0212
- 2. Title Amendment (T2) to PO 2013-0212
- 3. Proposed Ordinance 2013-0212 (Charter Amendment)
- 4. Striking Amendment (S1) to PO 2013-0242, as presented May 15
- 5. Proposed Ordinance 2013-0242 (Implementing Ordinance)

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6-27-13

nw, at Patterson, Lambert

Proposed No.: 2013-0212

## STRIKING AMENDMENT TO PROPOSED ORDINANCE 2013-0212, VERSION

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- 3 On page 2, beginning on line 20, strike everything through page 6, line 116, and insert:
- 4 "BE IT ORDAINED BY THE COUNCIL OF KING COUNTY:
- 5 SECTION 1. There shall be submitted to the qualified voters of King County for
- 6 their approval and ratification or rejection, at the next general election to be held in this
- 7 county occurring more than forty-five days after the enactment of this ordinance, an
- 8 amendment to the King County Charter, amending Section 350.20 of the King County
- 9 Charter and adding a new Section 350.20.60, new Section 350.20.65, new Section 555
- and new Section 899 to the King County Charter, as set forth below:

## 11 Section 350.20. Executive Departments.

- The executive departments shall consist of the department of assessments, the
- department of judicial administration, the department of elections, the department of
- public defense and those agencies of the executive branch which are primarily engaged in
- 15 the execution and enforcement of ordinances and statutes concerning the public peace,
- health and safety and which furnish or provide governmental services directly to or for
- 17 the residents of the county.

# Section 350.20.60. Department of Public Defense.

The duties of the department of public defense shall include providing legal
counsel and representation to indigent individuals in legal proceedings, including those in
the superior and district courts for King County and in appeals from those courts, to the
extent required under the sixth amendment to the United States Constitution or Article I,
Section 22, of the Constitution of the State of Washington. Additional duties may be
prescribed by ordinance. The department shall utilize the services of the administrative
offices and the executive departments, but it shall not be abolished or have its duties, as
established in this section, decreased by the county council or the county executive.
The department of public defense shall be administered by the county public
defender, who shall perform the indigent public defense duties specified by general law,
including the federal and state constitutions, and additional duties as may be prescribed
by ordinance. Elected officials shall not interfere with the administration of the
constitutional or ethical duties of the county public defender or issue orders to any
officer, agent or employee of the department of public defense regarding those duties.
The county public defender shall be appointed by the county executive, subject to
confirmation by the county council, to a term that ends at the same time as the term of the
county prosecuting attorney, unless removed earlier by the executive for cause, including
the grounds for vacancy for elective office under Section 680 of this charter and such
other grounds as the council may prescribe by ordinance. The removal may be appealed
by the defender to the council by a process to be prescribed by ordinance. The council's
determination shall be final.

The county executive shall appoint the county public defender from candidates
recommended by the public defense advisory board under a process prescribed by
ordinance. Qualifications of the county public defender may be established by ordinance.
The county executive may reappoint the county public defender to additional terms,
subject to confirmation by the county council. Confirmation of the appointment or
reappointment, or removal when appealed, shall require the affirmative votes of at least
five members of the county council.
Section 350.20.65. Public Defense Advisory Board.
The public defense advisory board is established to review, advise and report on
the department of public defense in a manner that may be prescribed by ordinance. The
board shall also advise the executive and council on matters of social justice related to
public defense. In the event of a vacancy in the office of county public defender, the
board shall recommend candidates from whom the county executive shall make an
appointment to fill the vacancy subject to confirmation by the county council. The
county council shall prescribe by ordinance the board's membership, process and
qualifications for appointment to the board, rules and procedures, and may prescribe by
ordinance additional duties of the board.

# Section 555. Department of Public Defense.

Nothing in this Article 5 shall limit the ability of the county to contract with any person, organization, or government for services that could be provided by the department of public defense.

## Section 899. Department of Public Defense Employee Collective Bargaining.

62		The county executive shall consult with the county public defender on the plans
63	and go	als for bargaining before and periodically during the negotiation of terms and
64	condit	ions of employment with employees of the department of public defense. The
65	counci	l may prescribe the method of consultation by ordinance.
66		SECTION 2. The clerk of the council shall certify the proposition to the director
67	of the	elections department, in substantially the following form, with such additions,
68	deletic	ons or modifications as may be required by the prosecuting attorney:
69		Shall the King County Charter be amended to create an appointed office of
70		county public defender, a department of public defense, and a public
71		defense advisory board, permit the county to contract for public defense
72		services, and require the executive to consult with the county public
73		defender on the executive's bargaining with employees of the department
74		of public defense?"
75	EFFE	CT:
76	1.	An unnecessary (redundant) reference to career service is removed.
77	2.	Adds language that elected officials shall not interfere with the administration of
78		the constitutional or ethical duties of the county public defender or issue orders to
79		any officer, agent or employee of the department of public defense regarding
80		those duties.
81	3.	Public Defense Advisory Committee is renamed Public Defense Advisory Board.

4. The details of the board's recommendations for Defender candidates to the

Executive are left to be specified by ordinance, but the fact that the Executive

must pick from board recommendations remains in the charter amendment.

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85	5.	Qualifications of the Defender are removed and may be established by ordinance.
86	6.	Board's oversight role is reframed as reviewing, advising and reporting.

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- 7. Board's duties are expanded to include advising the Executive and Council on social justice related to public defense.
- 8. Removal of Defender is changed from 6 votes of Council to Executive removal, but subject to appeal to the Council by the Defender; the Council's decision shall be final and require 5 votes.
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   9. Adds that personnel requirements in the charter (including career service) shall
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   not prevent the department from contracting out for services.
- 10. Instead of bifurcated bargaining, the Executive remains the sole bargaining agent for public defense but must consult with the Defender periodically throughout the bargaining process.

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COW Packet Materials Page 18

6-27-13

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Sponsor: Patterson, Lambert
nw, at

Proposed No.: 2013-0212

# TITLE AMENDMENT TO PROPOSED ORDINANCE 2013-0212, VERSION 1

2	On page 1, beginning on line 1, strike everything through page 1, line 19, and insert:
3	"AN ORDINANCE adding a new Section 350.20.60,
4	entitled "Department of Public Defense," to the King
5	County Charter, creating a department of public defense
6	and an appointed office with the title of "county public
7	defender"; amending Section 350.20 of the King County
8	Charter; adding a new Section 350.20.65 to the King
9	County Charter, creating a public defense advisory board;
10	adding a new Section 555 to the King County Charter,
11	permitting the county to contract for public defense
12	services; adding a new Section 899 to the King County
13	Charter, requiring the executive to consult with the county
14	public defender on the executive's bargaining with
15	employees of the department of public defense; submitting
16	the same to the voters of the county for their ratification or
17	rejection at the November 2013 general election."

18 EFFECT: Amends the title to reflect Striking Amendment S2.

# **KING COUNTY**

## Attachment 3

# **Signature Report**

1200 King County Courthouse 516 Third Avenue Seattle, WA 98104

# June 25, 2013

# **Ordinance**

**Sponsors** Patterson

**Proposed No.** 2013-0212.1

1	AN ORDINANCE adding a new Section 350.20.60,
2	entitled "Department of Public Defense," to the King
3	County Charter, creating a department of public defense
4	and an appointed office with the title of "county public
5	defender"; adding a new Section 350.20.065 to the King
6	County Charter, creating a public defense advisory
7	committee; adding a new Section 899 to the King County
8	Charter, designating the county public defender as the
9	county's bargaining agent for all issues concerning
10	employees of the department of public defense except for
11	compensation and benefits; amending Section 350.20 of the
12	King County Charter; amending Section 890 of the King
13	County Charter; submitting the same to the voters of the
14	county for their ratification or rejection at the November
15	2013 general election; and requiring the county public
16	defender and the county executive to submit a joint
17	proposal to the council for legislation to facilitate
18	implementation of the collective bargaining provisions of
19	the charter amendment if it is approved by the voters.

## BE IT ORDAINED BY THE COUNCIL OF KING COUNTY:

SECTION 1. There shall be submitted to the qualified voters of King County for their approval and ratification or rejection, at the next general election to be held in this county occurring more than forty-five days after the enactment of this ordinance, an amendment to the King County Charter, amending Section 350.20 of the King County Charter, adding a new Section 350.20.60 and a new Section 350.20.65 to the King County Charter, amending Section 890 of the King County Charter and adding a new Section 899 to the King County Charter, as set forth below:

## **Section 350.20. Executive Departments.**

The executive departments shall consist of the department of assessments, the department of judicial administration, the department of elections, the department of public defense and those agencies of the executive branch which are primarily engaged in the execution and enforcement of ordinances and statutes concerning the public peace, health and safety and which furnish or provide governmental services directly to or for the residents of the county.

### Section 350.20.60. Department of Public Defense.

The department of public defense shall be administered by the county public defender, who shall perform the indigent public defense duties specified by general law, including the federal and state constitutions, and shall be overseen by the public defense advisory committee. The department of public defense shall be subject to the career service personnel system and shall utilize the services of the administrative offices and the executive departments, but it shall not be abolished or have its duties, as established in this section, decreased by the county council or the county executive. The

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responsibilities of the department of public defense shall include providing legal counsel and representation to indigent individuals in legal proceedings, including those in the superior and district courts for King County and in appeals from those courts, to the extent required under the sixth amendment to the United States Constitution or Article I, Section 22, of the Constitution of the state of Washington.

The county public defender shall be appointed by the county executive, subject to confirmation by the county council, to a term of four years, unless removed earlier by the county council for cause, including but not limited to the grounds for vacancy for elective office under Section 680 of this charter and such other grounds as the council may prescribe by ordinance. The county executive shall appoint the county public defender from among three candidates recommended by the public defense advisory committee. The county executive may reappoint the county public defender to additional four-year terms, subject to confirmation by the county council. To be eligible for appointment, the county public defender must be admitted to practice law in the state of Washington and have at least ten years of experience as an attorney primarily practicing criminal defense. The county council may establish by ordinance additional qualifications for the county public defender. Confirmation of the appointment and reappointment of the county public defender shall require the affirmative votes of at least five members of the county council. Removal shall require six affirmative votes. The county public defender shall receive compensation as provided by ordinance.

#### Section 350.65. Public Defense Advisory Committee.

The public defense advisory committee shall oversee the department of public defense and, in the event of a vacancy in the office of county public defender,

recommend three candidates from whom the county executive shall make an appointment to fill the vacancy, subject to confirmation by the county council. The committee's duties, membership, process and qualifications for appointment, rules and procedures, shall be prescribed by ordinance.

### Section 890. Employee Representation.

The county council may enact an ordinance providing for collective bargaining by the county with county employees covered by the personnel system. If an ordinance providing for collective bargaining is enacted, it shall not be subject to the veto power of the county executive; and, except with respect to bargaining by the county with employees of the department of public safety pursuant to Section 898 of this charter and with the employees of the department of public defense pursuant to Section 899 of this charter, it shall designate the county executive as the bargaining agent of the county. Any agreement reached as a result of negotiations by the county bargaining agent with county employees shall not have the force of law unless enacted by ordinance.

#### Section 899. Department of Public Defense Employee Collective Bargaining.

The county council may enact an ordinance providing for collective bargaining by the county with employees of the department of public defense. The county executive shall not have veto power over this ordinance. If such an ordinance is enacted, it shall designate the county public defender as the bargaining agent of the county on all matters concerning employees of the department of public defense except for compensation and benefits, which shall be negotiated by the county executive as provided in Section 890 of this charter. Any agreement reached as a result of negotiations by the county public

defender or the county executive with employees of the department of public defense shall not have the force of law unless enacted by ordinance.

SECTION 2. The clerk of the council shall certify the proposition to the director of the elections department, in substantially the following form, with such additions, deletions or modifications as may be required by the prosecuting attorney:

Shall the King County Charter be amended to create an appointed office of county public defender, a department of public defense, and a public defense advisory committee, and designate the county public defender as the county's bargaining agent for all issues concerning employees of the department of public defense except for compensation and benefits, which would continue to be bargained by the county executive?

SECTION 3. Within ninety days after the county public defender takes office pursuant to the charter amendment in section 1 of this ordinance, the county executive and the county public defender shall submit to the county council a joint proposal for legislation establishing a process of consultation and collaboration between the executive and the public defender in advance of collective bargaining negotiations concerning employees of the department of public defense. The process shall be designed to promote successful implementation of the charter amendment by identifying and resolving any disagreements between the executive and the public defender concerning the division of bargaining authority, the positions to be taken on issues expected to arise during collective bargaining or other matters that have the potential to interfere with collective bargaining. The process shall provide that the executive and the public defender shall promptly submit a confidential, detailed, written report to the chair of the

county council and the chair of the council's labor policy committee describing any such disagreement that the executive and the public defender are unable to resolve. The process shall further provide that neither the executive nor the public defender shall propose or agree to the inclusion of language in any collective bargaining agreement concerning employees of the department of public defense without conferring with one another.

	KING COUNTY COUNCIL KING COUNTY, WASHINGTON
ATTEST:	Larry Gossett, Chair
Anne Noris, Clerk of the Council	
APPROVED this day of	_,·
	Dow Constantine, County Executive
Attachments: None	

5-15-13

**S1** 

nw
Proposed No.: Patterson, Lambert

2013-0242

## STRIKING AMENDMENT TO PROPOSED ORDINANCE 2013-0242, VERSION

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- 3 On page 2, beginning on line 28, strike everything through page 17, line 357, and insert:
- 4 " BE IT ORDAINED BY THE COUNCIL OF KING COUNTY:
- 5 <u>SECTION 1.</u> Findings:
- A. Public defense services are mandated by the United States Constitution, the
- 7 Washington State Constitution and state law.
- 8 B. The Sixth Amendment of the United States Constitution and Article I, Section
- 9 22, of the Washington State Constitution guarantee assistance of counsel to every citizen
- accused of a matter where loss of liberty is possible.
- 11 C. Since the 1970s, King County has contracted with private, nonprofit
- 12 corporations for the provision of most indigent defense services. These private, nonprofit
- corporations were viewed by the county and the corporations as independent contractors
- and as a result the employees of the private, nonprofit corporations were not considered
- 15 county employees and did not receive county benefits nor were they enrolled in the
- 16 Public Employees' Retirement System.

17	D. In January 2006, a class action lawsuit was filed against King County,
18	alleging that the employees of the private, nonprofit corporations were county employees
19	and that King County had a duty to enroll them in the Public Employees' Retirement
20	System (PERS).
21	E. In February 2009, a Pierce County superior court judge entered an injunction
22	requiring employees of the King County public defense contractors to be enrolled in
23	PERS. Enforcement of that injunction was stayed on appeal.
24	F. In August 2011, the Washington Supreme Court affirmed the trial court's
25	decision in a five to four decision. The county's motion for reconsideration, which was
26	supported by the State of Washington as amicus curiae was denied.
27	G. In March 2012, the trial court entered an order requiring King County to
28	enroll the then-current employees of the private, nonprofit corporations in the Public
29	Employees' Retirement System, which the county did.
30	H. On March 18, 2013, the King County council adopted Ordinance 17537
31	approving a proposed settlement agreement that would recognize the current employees
32	of the private, nonprofit corporations as county employees on July 1, 2013. As of the
33	effective date of this ordinance, that settlement is still subject to and awaiting final and
34	nonappealable judicial approval.
35	I. The county intends to maintain the high quality of public defense services that
36	public defense attorneys and staff have delivered and to which King County has long
37	been committed, by promoting independence from political influence, a quality work
38	force, and operational efficiency in the provisions of public defense services.

39	J. The county values the expertise and interest of public defenders and recognizes
40	the contributions they have made to establish a foundation of a public defense service
41	system on which to build a new structure. The county desires to work with the agency
42	directors in a close and collaborative process during the transition to a new management
43	structure that achieves the county's goals for public defense.
44	SECTION 2. Ordinance 8257, Section 2, as amended, and K.C.C. 2.60.020 are
45	each hereby amended to read as follows:
46	((There is hereby established within the department of community and human
47	services the office of public defense. A public director of the office of public defense
48	shall be appointed by the county executive and approved by the county council. The
49	county executive shall consult with representatives of the criminal justice system and the
50	broader community during the recruitment and selection of the appointee.)) A. The
51	duties of the department of public defense include:
52	1. Providing publicly-financed legal counsel and representation to indigent
53	individuals in the legal proceedings described in section 2.60.050.
54	2. Providing legal defense services in an efficient manner that ensures effective
55	representation at reasonable cost to the county;
56	3. Screening and determining eligibility for publicly-financed legal defense
57	services. Determination of indigency is controlled by chapter 10.101 RCW. In
58	determining eligibility and seeking contribution, when appropriate, the department shall
59	comply with the applicable provisions of chapter 10.101 RCW;
60	4. Assigning cases to public defense attorneys consistent with the federal and
61	state constitutions and standards; and

62	5. Establishing and maintaining an assigned counsel panel that includes
63	attorneys acceptable to the department who wish to participate in the defense of eligible
64	persons, and assignment of cases to assigned counsel where conflicts of interest or other
65	special circumstances exist which require use of assigned counsel.
66	B. The department of public defense should have four divisions.
67	SECTION 3. Ordinance 14412, Section 3, as amended, and K.C.C. 2.60.027 are
68	each hereby amended to read as follows:
69	((The duties of the director of the office of public defense shall include the
70	following:
71	A. Manage the office of public defense;
72	B. Ensure the office of public defense employs the needed technical and public
73	defense expertise to ensure effective delivery of public defense services;
74	C. Represent the department in all city, county, state and federal forums where
75	the defense perspective is required; and
76	D. Develop appropriate standards and guidelines for the qualification and
77	experience level of attorneys and paraprofessionals.))
78	A. The duties of the county public defender include:
79	1. Managing the department of public defense;
80	2. Ensuring that the department employs the needed technical and public
81	defense expertise to ensure effective delivery of public defense services;
82	3. Preparing an annual budget for the department that evaluates and forecasts
83	service delivery levels and program expenses for contractors, assigned counsel and
84	administration. Such evaluations and forecasts shall include an analysis of the impact, if

85	any, of changes in the procedures or practices of the courts, prosecutor, police, public
86	defense contractors, or other elements of the criminal justice system;
87	4. Representing the department in city, county, state, federal and private forums
88	when the county public defender considers it appropriate to do so;
89	5. Advocating and working for social justice and criminal justice reform related
90	to public defense;
91	6. Ensuring that the department of public defense meets the Washington State
92	Standards for Indigent Defense Services;
93	7. Developing and maintaining appropriate standards and guidelines for the
94	qualification and experience of public defense attorneys and paraprofessionals;
95	8. Implementing, to the extent feasible, the Ten Principles of a Public Defense
96	Delivery System that were approved by the American Bar Association House of
97	Delegates in February of 2002, and reporting on April 1 of each year, in the manner
98	prescribed in section 4.J, on the status of that implementation; and
99	9. Working collaboratively with the public defense advisory board and
100	providing relevant, non-privileged information to the board upon its reasonable request.
101	B. The county public defender shall be appointed by the county executive,
102	subject to confirmation by the county council, from among three candidates nominated
103	by the public defense advisory board.
104	C. The county public defender shall be an attorney admitted to practice law in the
105	courts of the state of Washington and an "active" member of the Washington State Bar
106	Association in good status and shall have, at the time of appointment, at least ten years of

107	experience as an automey primarity practicing criminal defense, including both felonies
108	and misdemeanors, as well as supervisory and managerial experience.
109	D. The term of office of the county public defender is four years, coterminous
110	with the term of the county prosecuting attorney.
111	E. The county executive may reappoint the county public defender to additional
112	four-year terms, subject to confirmation by the county council.
113	F. The county council may remove the county public defender from office for
114	cause, which includes but is not limited to:
115	1. The grounds for vacancy of elective office under Section 680 of the King
116	County Charter;
117	2. Failure to meet the applicable legal requirements for serving as county public
118	defender, as set forth in the county charter or other applicable law;
119	3. Conviction of a crime; and
120	4. A finding or stipulation of misconduct under the Washington Rules of
121	Professional Conduct.
122	G. Confirmation of the appointment and reappointment of the county public
123	defender requires the affirmative votes of at least five members of the county council.
124	Removal requires at least six affirmative votes.
125	H. If the office of county public defender becomes vacant before the end of the
126	term of office, the person appointed as a replacement shall serve the remainder of the
127	term, rather than beginning a new four-year term.
128	I. The county public defender shall receive compensation at the same rate as the
129	prosecuting attorney.

130	NEW SECTION. SECTION 4. There is hereby added to K.C.C. chapter 2.60 a
131	new section to read as follows:
132	A. The public defense advisory board shall: regularly review the activities and
133	plans of the department of public defense, make recommendations to the county public
134	defender on matters concerning the department, prepare reports as required in this section
135	and as deemed appropriate by the board; and when there is a vacancy in the office of
136	county public defender, as provided in subsection K of this section, recommend to the
137	county executive three possible candidates to fill the vacancy.
138	B. In performing its duties, the board shall work collaboratively with the county
139	public defender and may reasonably request relevant, non-privileged information from
140	the county public defender.
141	C. The board shall consist of ten members, shall establish its own rules of
142	procedure, subject to the county charter, the county code and other applicable law, and
143	shall choose its own chair.
144	D. The board shall consist of one representative of each of the following:
145	1. The Washington Association of Criminal Defense Lawyers;
146	2. The Washington state Office of Public Defense;
147	3. The Washington Defender Association;
148	4. The King County Bar Association;
149	5. A nonpartisan organization active in King County that focuses on mental
150	health issues, such as the King County mental health advisory board;

6. A nonpartisan organization active in King County that focuses on substance abuse issues, such as the King County alcoholism and substance abuse administrative board;

- 7. A nonpartisan organization active in King County that focuses on issues concerning military veterans, such as the King County veterans program advisory board;
- 8. A nonpartisan organization active in King County that focuses on issues related to poverty;
- 9. A nonpartisan organization active in King County that focuses on juvenile justice issues; and
  - 10. A nonpartisan organization active in King County that focuses on issues of concern to people of color, such as a minority bar association.
  - E. The county council shall appoint each board member from among one or more individuals nominated by the entity that the member will represent.
  - F. Members of the board shall serve staggered three-year terms and until their successors are nominated and confirmed, except that the members designated in subsections D.1, D.2 and D.3 of this section shall serve an initial term of one year and the members designated in subsections D.4, D.5 and D.6 of this section shall serve an initial term of two years. If a member leaves the board midterm, the person appointed as a replacement shall serve the remainder of the term, rather than beginning a new term of three years. The county council may reappoint board members for additional three-year terms and may remove any board member who is unable or unwilling to participate effectively in the work of the board or who engages in misconduct that undermines the member's effectiveness as a board member. Removal of a board member requires the

affirmative votes of at least six councilmembers. Members of the board shall not be compensated for the performance of their duties as members of the board, but may be paid subsistence rates and mileage in amounts consistent with county policy.

- G. The process for filling vacancies on the board in the board seats designated in subsections D.5 through D.10 is:
- 1. The chair of the council shall notify councilmembers of vacancies on the committee and shall direct council staff to develop a job description and list of qualifications for board members, as well as an application form;
- 2. The open positions shall be advertised at a minimum in the county's newspaper of record;
- 3. The chair of the council shall direct council staff to develop administrative procedures for accepting applications. All applications shall be forwarded to all county councilmembers. Applications shall also be forwarded for review to each public defense advisory board member, and the board and any board member may offer written comments to the law, justice, health and human services committee of the council, or its successor;
- 4. The Law, Justice, Health and Human Services Committee of the council, or its successor, shall review applications and may interview applicants. The committee may recommend to the full council the appointment of members to the public defense advisory board; and
  - 5. Appointments shall be made by the full council by motion.
- H. Each member of the advisory board shall have substantial experience and expertise that are relevant to the work of the department of public defense and shall have

an ability and willingness to commit the time necessary to attend meetings and participate effectively as a member of the board. A majority of the members should have substantial experience in providing indigent defense representation. To the extent practicable, the board membership shall reflect the diversity of the clients of the department of public defense. A member may not, while serving on the committee, hold elective public office (except precinct committee officer), be a candidate for elective public office (except precinct committee officer) or serve as a prosecuting attorney, a judge, or an employee of a prosecuting attorney or court.

- I. The board shall meet at least once every two months and shall issue a report to the executive and the council at least twice each calendar year: once on the state of county public defense and once on the board's review of the proposed budget for public defense.
- J. Any reporting to the council under this chapter shall be made in the form of paper and electronic copies of the report filed with the clerk of the council, who shall forward electronic copies to all councilmembers, to the lead staff of the budget and fiscal management committee or its successor and to the lead staff of the law, justice, health and human services committee or its successor.
- K. Within ninety days after a vacancy occurs, or the board learns of an anticipated vacancy, in the office of county public defender, the public defense advisory board shall provide to the county executive, and contemporaneously to the clerk of the county council, the names of exactly three qualified candidates to fill the vacancy, together with copies of the candidates' biographical and descriptive information and all other written information upon which the board relied in choosing the three candidates.

221	each candidate.
222	SECTION 5. Ordinance 383, Section 5, as amended, and K.C.C. 2.60.050 are
223	each hereby amended to read as follows:
224	Legal defense services through the <u>department of</u> public defense (( <del>program</del> )) shall
225	be <u>made</u> available to all eligible persons for whom counsel is constitutionally required. In
226	addition, legal defense services through the <u>department of</u> public defense (( <del>program</del> ))
227	((will)) shall be made available, when funds are available therefor: to all eligible persons
228	((when there may be some factual likelihood of)) in legal proceedings arising in King
229	County that may result in such ((person's)) persons' loss of liberty by an act of King
230	County or any of its agencies, including but not limited to <u>criminal proceedings alleging</u> a
231	violation of any law of the ((State)) state of Washington or ordinance of King County,
232	juvenile matters, mental illness and similar commitment proceedings, revocations and
233	habeas corpus proceedings ((when such arise in King County)); and to eligible parents
234	and children in dependency proceedings arising in King County.
235	Legal defense services through the <u>department of</u> public defense (( <del>program</del> )) may
236	be made available, at his or her expense, to a person charged in King County with a
237	felony of public notoriety when the court finds that the defendant is unable to employ
238	adequate private counsel as a result of such public notoriety. The ((administrator of
239	the)) department of public defense ((program)) shall establish a reasonable fee for such
240	legal defense services, subject to the approval of the court.
241	SECTION 6. Ordinance 10167, Section 1, as amended, and K.C.C. 2.60.054 are
242	each hereby amended to read as follows:

The board shall not rank the candidates, but may summarize the particular strengths of

A. A defendant requesting counsel at public expense shall pay a processing fee of		
twenty-five dollars as reimbursement to ((King County)) the county for the		
administrative costs and expenses incurred in the processing of the application. The		
processing fee( $(\underline{s})$ ) is payable at the time the request for public counsel is made to the		
((office)) department of public defense. Processing fees are not refundable, even if the		
defendant is determined to be not eligible for counsel at public expense. A defendant		
((will)) shall not be denied counsel because the defendant cannot pay the processing fee.		
All processing fee payments received shall be credited to the county current expense		
fund.		
B. The department of public defense may enter into agreements to provide		
indigent defense services to the state of Washington, tribal governments and		
municipalities in King County on a full cost recovery basis, subject to council approval		
by ordinance when required by law.		
SECTION 7. Ordinance 383, Section 6, as amended, and K.C.C. 2.60.060 are		
each hereby amended to read as follows:		
To be eligible to receive legal defense services through the <u>department of</u> public		
defense ((program)) at no cost, the person must be financially unable to obtain adequate		
representation without substantial hardship to himself and his family and there must be		
some factual likelihood that he will be deprived of his liberty. If a person has some		
resources available which can be used to secure representation but not sufficient		
resources to pay the entire costs of private legal services without substantial hardship to		
himself and his family, the <u>department of public defense</u> (( <del>program</del> )) shall determine how		

265	much the person shall pay for the legal defense services provided through the ((public
266	defense program)) department.
267	NEW SECTION. SECTION 8. There is hereby added to K.C.C. chapter 2.60 a
268	new section to read as follows:
269	The department shall manage cases and assign counsel in a manner that avoids
270	conflicts of interest, including those that could arise from division-wide concurrent
271	representation of more than one client involved in a single matter, such as codefendants
272	or defendant and a witness or suspect in the case or correspondents or represented
273	members of a family in a dependency case or a respondent and an adverse witness in a
274	civil dependency case. If the department is unable to provide in-house representation
275	when a conflict exists, it shall assign counsel from the assigned counsel panel. The
276	department shall develop adopt a policy to determine when a conflict exists and to avoid
277	conflicting representation.
278	SECTION 9. Ordinance 197, Section 1, as amended, and K.C.C. 3.16.010 are
279	each hereby amended as follows:
280	A. In accordance with Sections 890, ((and)) 898 and 899 of the King County
281	Charter, the King County executive is designated bargaining agent for King County,
282	except as provided in subsections B and C of this section.
283	B.1. The sheriff is the designated bargaining agent of the county on all
284	department of public safety matters except for compensation and benefits for employees
285	of the department of public safety. The county executive is the designated bargaining
286	agent on compensation and benefits for employees of the department of public safety.

2. The sheriff and the executive shall consult and collaborate with each other in advance of collective bargaining negotiations with representatives of the employees of the department of public safety. The sheriff and the executive shall identify respective areas of bargaining authority, the positions to be taken on issues expected to arise during collective bargaining and other matters that have the potential to affect collective bargaining. The sheriff and the executive shall make a good faith effort, including meeting if necessary, to resolve any disagreements between them concerning such matters.

- 3. ((If)) To the extent that the sheriff and the executive are unable to resolve ((any)) such disagreements, the sheriff and the executive shall promptly submit to each councilmember a confidential, detailed, joint written report describing the disagreement.
- 4. Neither the executive nor the sheriff may propose or agree to the inclusion of language in any collective bargaining agreement, memorandum of agreement or memorandum of understanding concerning employees of the department of public safety without conferring with each other, except regarding compensation and benefits.
- C.1. The county public defender is the designated bargaining agent of the county on all department of public defense matters except for compensation and benefits for employees of the department of public defense. The county executive is the designated bargaining agent on compensation and benefits for employees of the department of public defense.
- 2. The county public defender and the executive shall consult and collaborate with each other in advance of collective bargaining negotiations with representatives of the employees of the department of public defense. The county public defender and the

310	executive shall identify respective areas of bargaining authority, the positions to be taken
311	on issues expected to arise during collective bargaining and other matters that have the
312	potential to affect collective bargaining. The county public defender and the executive
313	shall make a good faith effort, including meeting if necessary, to resolve any
314	disagreements between them concerning such matters.
315	3. To the extent that the county public defender and the executive are unable to
316	resolve such disagreements, the county public defender and the executive shall promptly
317	submit to each councilmember a confidential, detailed, joint written report describing the
318	disagreement.
319	4. Neither the executive nor the county public defender may propose or agree to
320	the inclusion of language in any collective bargaining agreement, memorandum of
321	agreement or memorandum of understanding concerning employees of the department of
322	public defense without conferring with each other.
323	SECTION 10. A. Ordinance 8257, Section 3, as amended, and K.C.C. 2.60.30
324	are each hereby repealed.
325	B. Ordinance 383, Section 4, as amended, and K.C.C. 2.60.040 are each hereby
326	repealed.
327	C. Ordinance 8275, Section 6, and K.C.C. 2.60.070 are each hereby repealed.
328	SECTION 11. This ordinance takes effect only upon certification that the charter
329	amendment that the ordinance implements (Proposed Ordinance 2013-0212) has been
330	approved by the voters.
331	"
332	EFFECT:

333	1. Revises the findings to conform to related legislation.
334	2. Provides at line 66 that the department of public defense should have four
335	divisions.
336	3. At lines 105-06, adds a requirement that the county public defender be "in
337	good status" as an active member of the Washington State Bar Association.
338	4. Correct a technical error in line 137 by changing "council" to "executive."
339	5. At lines 160-61, changes the wording to conform to the form of the
340	preceding sections.
341	6. At lines 177-78, makes clear that the appointment process described in
342	that section applies only to the advisory board seats described in sections D.5
343	through D.10.
344	7. At lines 202-03, exempts precinct committee officers from the exclusion of
345	elected officials and candidates from service on the public defense advisory board.

# **KING COUNTY**

#### Attachment 5

# **Signature Report**

1200 King County Courthouse 516 Third Avenue Seattle, WA 98104

### June 25, 2013

#### **Ordinance**

**Sponsors** Patterson and Lambert

**Proposed No.** 2013-0242.1

1	AN ORDINANCE implementing the charter amendment
2	creating the department of public defense; establishing the
3	duties and functions of the department of public defense
4	and of the county public defender; establishing the
5	qualifications for the county public defender; establishing
6	cause for removal of the county public defender from
7	office; establishing duties, membership, process and
8	qualifications for appointment, rules and procedures of the
9	public defender advisory board; defining eligibility for
10	receiving legal defense services at no cost; and designating
11	the county public defender as the bargaining agent of the
12	county on all matters concerning employees of the
13	department of public defense except for compensation and
14	benefits, which shall be negotiated by the county executive;
15	amending Ordinance 8257, Section 2, as amended, and
16	K.C.C. 2.60.020, Ordinance 14412, Section 3, as amended,
17	and K.C.C. 2.60.027, Ordinance 8257, Section 3, as
18	amended, and K.C.C. 2.60.030, Ordinance 383, Section 5,
19	as amended, and K.C.C. 2.60.050, Ordinance 10167,

20	Section 1, as amended, and K.C.C. 2.60.054, Ordinance
21	383, Section 6, as amended, and K.C.C. 2.60.060 and
22	Ordinance 197, Section 1, as amended, and K.C.C.
23	3.16.010, adding new sections to K.C.C. chapter 2.60 and
24	repealing Ordinance 8257, Section 3, as amended, and
25	K.C.C. 2.60.030, Ordinance 383, Section 4, as amended,
26	and K.C.C. 2.60.040 and Ordinance 8257, Section 6, as
27	amended, and K.C.C. 2.60.070.
28	BE IT ORDAINED BY THE COUNCIL OF KING COUNTY:
29	SECTION 1. Findings:
30	A. Public defense services are mandated by the United States Constitution, the
31	Washington State Constitution and state law.
32	B. The Sixth Amendment of the United States constitution and Article I, Section
33	22, of the Washington State Constitution guarantee assistance of counsel to every citizen
34	accused of a matter where loss of liberty is possible.
35	C. Since the 1970s, King County has contracted with private, nonprofit
36	corporations for the provision of most indigent defense services. These corporations
37	were viewed by the county and the corporations as independent contractors, and as a
38	result the employees of the corporations were not considered county employees and did
39	not receive county benefits, nor were they enrolled in the Public Employees' Retirement
40	System.

D. In January 2006, a class action lawsuit was filed against King County, alleging that the employees of the corporations were county employees and that King County had a duty to enroll them in the Public Employees' Retirement System.

- E. In February 2009, a Pierce county superior court judge ruled that the county had exercised such control over the corporations that they were effectively county agencies and the employees were employees of the county for the purpose of enrollment in the Public Employees' Retirement System.
- F. In August 2011, the Washington Supreme Court affirmed the trial court's decision in a five-to-four decision, and the county's motion for reconsideration was denied.
  - G. In March 2012, the trial court entered an order requiring King County to enroll the current employees of the public defense firms in the Public Employees' Retirement System, which the county did.
  - H. On March 18, 2013, the King County council adopted Ordinance 17537, approving a proposed settlement agreement that would recognize the current employees of the public defense corporations as county employees on July 1, 2013.
  - I. The county intends to maintain the high quality of public defense services that public defense attorneys and staff have delivered and to which King County has long been committed, by ensuring to the greatest degree possible independence from political influence and support for a quality work force and excellent performance. The county also wishes to maximize resources, value and operational efficiency in the provision of public defense services.

63	J. The county values the expertise and commitment of public defenders and
64	recognizes the contributions they have made to establish a foundation of public defense
65	services on which to build a new structure. The county wishes to work with the public
66	defense agency directors in a close and collaborative process during the transition to a
67	new management structure that achieves the county's goals for public defense.
68	SECTION2. Ordinance 8257, Section 2, as amended, and K.C.C. 2.60.020 are
69	each hereby amended to read as follows:
70	((There is hereby established within the department of community and human
71	services the office of public defense. A public director of the office of public defense
72	shall be appointed by the county executive and approved by the county council. The
73	county executive shall consult with representatives of the criminal justice system and the
74	broader community during the recruitment and selection of the appointee.)) The duties of
75	the department of public defense include:
76	A. Providing publicly-financed legal counsel and representation to indigent
77	individuals in the legal proceedings described in K.C.C. 2.60.050.
78	B. Providing legal defense services in an efficient manner that ensures effective
79	representation at reasonable cost to the county;
80	C. Screening and determining eligibility for publicly-financed legal defense
81	services. Determination of indigency is controlled by chapter 10.101 RCW. In
82	determining eligibility and seeking contribution, when appropriate, the department shall
83	comply with the applicable provisions of chapter 10.101 RCW;
84	D. Assigning cases to public defense attorneys consistent with the federal and
85	state constitutions and standards; and

86	E. Establishing and maintaining an assigned counsel panel that includes attorneys
87	acceptable to the department who wish to participate in the defense of eligible persons,
88	and assignment of cases to assigned counsel where conflicts of interest or other special
89	circumstances exist which require use of assigned counsel.
90	SECTION 3. Ordinance 14412, Section 3, as amended, and K.C.C. 2.60.027 are
91	each hereby amended to read as follows:
92	((The duties of the director of the office of public defense shall include the
93	following:
94	A. Manage the office of public defense;
95	B. Ensure the office of public defense employs the needed technical and public
96	defense expertise to ensure effective delivery of public defense services;
97	C. Represent the department in all city, county, state and federal forums where
98	the defense perspective is required; and
99	D. Develop appropriate standards and guidelines for the qualification and
100	experience level of attorneys and paraprofessionals.))
101	A. The duties of the county public defender include:
102	1. Managing the department of public defense;
103	2. Ensuring that the department employs the needed technical and public
104	defense expertise to ensure effective delivery of public defense services;
105	3. Preparing an annual budget for the department that evaluates and forecasts
106	service delivery levels and program expenses for contractors, assigned counsel and
107	administration. Such evaluations and forecasts shall include an analysis of the impact, if

Attachment 5 Ordinance

108	any, of changes in the procedures or practices of the courts, prosecutor, police, public
109	defense contractors, or other elements of the criminal justice system;
110	4. Representing the department in city, county, state, federal and private forums
111	when the county public defender considers it appropriate to do so;
112	5. Advocating and working for social justice and criminal justice reform related
113	to public defense;
114	6. Ensuring that the department of public defense meets the Washington State
115	Standards for Indigent Defense Services;
116	7. Developing and maintaining appropriate standards and guidelines for the
117	qualification and experience of public defense attorneys and paraprofessionals;
118	8. Implementing, to the extent feasible, the Ten Principles of a Public Defense
119	Delivery System that were approved by the American Bar Association House of
120	Delegates in February of 2002, and reporting on April 1 of each year, in the manner
121	prescribed in section 4.J, on the status of that implementation; and
122	9. Working collaboratively with the public defense advisory board and
123	providing relevant, non-privileged information to the board upon its reasonable request.
124	B. The county public defender shall be appointed by the county executive,
125	subject to confirmation by the county council, from among three candidates nominated
126	by the public defense advisory board.
127	C. The county public defender shall be an attorney admitted to practice law in the
128	courts of the state of Washington and a member of the Washington State Bar Association
129	in "active" status and shall have, at the time of appointment, at least ten years of

130	experience as an attorney primarily practicing criminal defense, including both felonies
131	and misdemeanors, as well as supervisory and managerial experience.
132	D. The term of office of the county public defender is four years, coterminous
133	with the term of the county prosecuting attorney.
134	E. The county executive may reappoint the county public defender to additional
135	four-year terms, subject to confirmation by the county council.
136	F. The county council may remove the county public defender from office for
137	cause, which includes but is not limited to:
138	1. The grounds for vacancy of elective office under Section 680 of the King
139	County Charter;
140	2. Failure to meet the applicable legal requirements for serving as county public
141	defender, as set forth in the county charter or other applicable law;
142	3. Conviction of a crime; and
143	4. A finding or stipulation of misconduct under the Washington Rules of
144	Professional Conduct.
145	G. Confirmation of the appointment and reappointment of the county public
146	defender requires the affirmative votes of at least five members of the county council.
147	Removal requires at least six affirmative votes.
148	H. If the office of county public defender becomes vacant before the end of the
149	term of office, the person appointed as a replacement shall serve the remainder of the
150	term, rather than beginning a new four-year term.
151	I. The county public defender shall receive compensation at the same rate as the
152	prosecuting attorney.

NEW SECTION. SECTION 4. There is hereby added to K.C.C. chapter 2.60 a new section to read as follows:

- A. The public defense advisory board shall: regularly review the activities and plans of the department of public defense, make recommendations to the county public defender on matters concerning the department, prepare reports as required in this section and as deemed appropriate by the board; and when there is a vacancy in the office of county public defender, as provided in subsection K of this section, recommend to the county council three possible candidates to fill the vacancy.
- B. In performing its duties, the board shall work collaboratively with the county public defender and may reasonably request relevant, non-privileged information from the county public defender.
- C. The board shall consist of ten members, shall establish its own rules of procedure, subject to the county charter, the county code and other applicable law, and shall choose its own chair.
  - D. The board shall consist of one representative of each of the following:
- 1. The Washington Association of Criminal Defense Lawyers
- 169 <a href="http://www.wacdl.org/">http://www.wacdl.org/">;

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- 2. The Washington state Office of Public Defense
- 171 <a href="http://www.opd.wa.gov/Default.htm">http://www.opd.wa.gov/Default.htm</a>;
- 3. The Washington Defender Association <a href="http://wsba.org/">http://wsba.org/</a>;
- 4. The King County Bar Association <a href="http://www.kcba.org/">http://www.kcba.org/</a>;

174	5. A nonpartisan organization active in King County that focuses on mental
175	health issues, such as the King County mental health advisory board
176	<a href="http://www.kingcounty.gov/healthservices/MentalHealth/Board.aspx">http://www.kingcounty.gov/healthservices/MentalHealth/Board.aspx</a> ;
177	6. A nonpartisan organization active in King County that focuses on substance
178	abuse issues, such as the King County alcoholism and substance abuse administrative
179	board
180	$<\!\!\!http://www.kingcounty.gov/healthservices/SubstanceAbuse/Boards/AdministrativeBoards/A$
181	d.aspx>;
182	7. A nonpartisan organization active in King County that focuses on issues
183	concerning military veterans, such as the King County veterans program advisory board
184	$<\!\!\!\text{http://www.kingcounty.gov/socialservices/veterans/AdvisoryBoards/VeteransProgramA}$
185	dvisoryBoard.aspx>;
186	8. A nonpartisan organization active in King County that focuses on issues
187	related to poverty;
188	9. A nonpartisan organization active in King County that focuses on juvenile
189	justice issues; and
190	10. A minority bar association.
191	E. The county council shall appoint each board member from among one or more
192	individuals nominated by the entity that the member will represent.
193	F. Members of the board shall serve staggered three-year terms and until their
194	successors are nominated and confirmed, except that the members designated in
195	subsection D.1., 2. and 3. of this section shall serve an initial term of one year and the
196	members designated in subsection D.4, 5. and 6. of this section shall serve an initial term

of two years. If a member leaves the board midterm, the person appointed as a replacement shall serve the remainder of the term, rather than beginning a new term of three years. The county council may reappoint board members for additional three-year terms and may remove any board member who is unable or unwilling to participate effectively in the work of the board or who engages in misconduct that undermines the member's effectiveness as a board member. Removal of a board member requires the affirmative votes of at least six councilmembers. Members of the board shall not be compensated for the performance of their duties as members of the board, but may be paid subsistence rates and mileage in amounts consistent with county policy.

G. The process for filling vacancies on the board is:

- 1. The chair of the council shall notify councilmembers of vacancies on the committee and shall direct council staff to develop a job description and list of qualifications for board members, as well as an application form;
- 2. The open positions shall be advertised at a minimum in the county's newspaper of record;
- 3. The chair of the council shall direct council staff to develop administrative procedures for accepting applications. All applications shall be forwarded to all county councilmembers. Applications shall also be forwarded for review to each public defense advisory board member, and the board and any board member may offer written comments to the law, justice, health and human services committee of the council, or its successor;
- 4. The law, justice, health and human services committee of the council, or its successor, shall review applications and may interview applicants. The committee may

recommend to the full council the appointment of members to the public defense advisory board; and

- 5. Appointments shall be made by the full council by motion.
- H. Each member of the advisory board shall have substantial experience and expertise that are relevant to the work of the department of public defense and shall have an ability and willingness to commit the time necessary to attend meetings and participate effectively as a member of the board. A majority of the members should have substantial experience in providing indigent defense representation. To the extent practicable, the board membership shall reflect the diversity of the clients of the department of public defense. A member may not, while serving on the committee, hold elective public office, be a candidate for elective public office or serve as a prosecuting attorney, a judge or an employee of a prosecuting attorney or court.
- I. The board shall meet at least once every two months and shall issue a report to the executive and the council at least twice each calendar year: once on the state of county public defense and once on the board's review of the proposed budget for public defense.
- J. Any reporting to the council under this chapter shall be made in the form of paper and electronic copies of the report filed with the clerk of the council, who shall forward electronic copies to all councilmembers, to the lead staff of the budget and fiscal management committee or its successor and to the lead staff of the law, justice, health and human services committee or its successor.
- K. Within ninety days after a vacancy occurs, or the board learns of an anticipated vacancy, in the office of county public defender, the public defense advisory

board shall provide to the county executive, and contemporaneously to the clerk of the county council, the names of exactly three qualified candidates to fill the vacancy, together with copies of the candidates' biographical and descriptive information and all other written information upon which the board relied in choosing the three candidates. The board shall not rank the candidates, but may summarize the particular strengths of each candidate.

SECTION 5. Ordinance 383, Section 5, as amended, and K.C.C. 2.60.050 are each hereby amended to read as follows:

Legal defense services through the <u>department of</u> public defense ((<del>program</del>)) shall be <u>made</u> available to all eligible persons for whom counsel is constitutionally required. In addition, legal defense services through the <u>department of</u> public defense ((<del>program</del>)) ((<del>will</del>)) <u>shall</u> be <u>made</u> available, when funds are available therefor: to all eligible persons ((<del>when there may be some factual likelihood of such person's</del>)) <u>in legal proceedings arising in King County that may result in the persons'</u> loss of liberty by an act of the county or any of its agencies, including criminal proceedings alleging a violation of any law of the ((S))<u>s</u>tate of Washington or ordinance of King County, juvenile matters, mental illness and similar commitment proceedings, revocations and habeas corpus proceedings ((<del>when such arise</del>)); and to eligible parents and children in dependency <u>proceedings arising</u> in King County.

Legal defense services through the <u>department of public defense ((program))</u> may be made available, at his or her expense, to a person charged in King County with a felony of public notoriety when the court finds that the defendant is unable to employ adequate private counsel as a result of such public notoriety. The ((administrator of the))

<u>department of public defense ((program))</u> shall establish a reasonable fee for such legal defense services, subject to the approval of the court.

<u>SECTION 6.</u> Ordinance 10167, Section 1, as amended, and K.C.C. 2.60.054 are each hereby amended to read as follows:

A. A defendant requesting counsel at public expense shall pay a processing fee of twenty-five dollars as reimbursement to ((King County)) the county for the administrative costs and expenses incurred in the processing of the application. The processing fee((s)) is payable at the time the request for public counsel is made to the ((office)) department of public defense. Processing fees are not refundable, even if the defendant is determined to be not eligible for counsel at public expense. A defendant ((will)) shall not be denied counsel because the defendant cannot pay the processing fee. All processing fee payments received shall be credited to the county current expense fund.

B. The department of public defense may enter into agreements to provide indigent defense services to the state of Washington, tribal governments and municipalities in King County on a full cost recovery basis, subject to council approval by ordinance when required by law.

SECTION 7. Ordinance 383, Section 6, as amended, and K.C.C. 2.60.060 are each hereby amended to read as follows:

To be eligible to receive legal defense services through the <u>department of</u> public defense ((<del>program</del>)) at no cost, the person must be financially unable to obtain adequate representation without substantial hardship to himself and his family and there must be some factual likelihood that he will be deprived of his liberty. If a person has some

resources available which can be used to secure representation but not sufficient resources to pay the entire costs of private legal services without substantial hardship to himself and his family, the <u>department of public defense ((program)</u>) shall determine how much the person shall pay for the legal defense services provided through the ((<del>public defense program</del>)) <u>department</u>.

<u>NEW SECTION. SECTION 8.</u> There is hereby added to K.C.C. chapter 2.60 a new section to read as follows:

The department shall manage cases and assign counsel in a manner that avoids conflicts of interest, including those that could arise from division-wide concurrent representation of more than one client involved in a single matter, such as codefendants or defendant and a witness or suspect in the case or correspondents or represented members of a family in a dependency case or a respondent and an adverse witness in a civil dependency case. If the department is unable to provide in-house representation when a conflict exists, it shall assign counsel from the assigned counsel panel. The department shall develop adopt a policy to determine when a conflict exists and to avoid conflicting representation.

SECTION 9. Ordinance 197, Section 1, as amended, and K.C.C. 3.16.010 are each hereby amended as follows:

A. In accordance with Sections 890, ((and)) 898 and 899 of the King County Charter, the King County executive is designated bargaining agent for King County, except as provided in subsections B and C. of this section.

B.1. The sheriff is the designated bargaining agent of the county on all department of public safety matters except for compensation and benefits for employees

of the department of public safety. The county executive is the designated bargaining agent on compensation and benefits for employees of the department of public safety.

- 2. The sheriff and the executive shall consult and collaborate with each other in advance of collective bargaining negotiations with representatives of the employees of the department of public safety. The sheriff and the executive shall identify respective areas of bargaining authority, the positions to be taken on issues expected to arise during collective bargaining and other matters that have the potential to affect collective bargaining. The sheriff and the executive shall make a good faith effort, including meeting if necessary, to resolve any disagreements between them concerning such matters.
- 3. ((\(\frac{1}{4}\)) To the extent that the sheriff and the executive are unable to resolve ((\(\frac{2}{4}\))) such disagreements, the sheriff and the executive shall promptly submit to each councilmember a confidential, detailed, joint written report describing the disagreement.
- 4. Neither the executive nor the sheriff may propose or agree to the inclusion of language in any collective bargaining agreement, memorandum of agreement or memorandum of understanding concerning employees of the department of public safety without conferring with each other, except regarding compensation and benefits.
- C.1. The county public defender is the designated bargaining agent of the county on all department of public defense matters except for compensation and benefits for employees of the department of public defense. The county executive is the designated bargaining agent on compensation and benefits for employees of the department of public defense.

repealed.

2. The county public defender and the executive shall consult and conaborate
with each other in advance of collective bargaining negotiations with representatives of
the employees of the department of public defense. The county public defender and the
executive shall identify respective areas of bargaining authority, the positions to be taken
on issues expected to arise during collective bargaining and other matters that have the
potential to affect collective bargaining. The county public defender and the executive
shall make a good faith effort, including meeting if necessary, to resolve any
disagreements between them concerning such matters.
3. To the extent that the county public defender and the executive are unable to
resolve such disagreements, the county public defender and the executive shall promptly
submit to each councilmember a confidential, detailed, jointly written report describing
the disagreement.
4. Neither the executive nor the county public defender may propose or agree to
the inclusion of language in any collective bargaining agreement, memorandum of
agreement or memorandum of understanding concerning employees of the department of
public defense without conferring with each other.
SECTION 10. A. Ordinance 8257, Section 3, as amended, and K.C.C. 2.60.30
are each hereby repealed.
B. Ordinance 383. Section 4. as amended, and K.C.C. 2.60,040 are each hereby

C. Ordinance 8275, Section 6, and K.C.C. 2.60.070 are each hereby repealed.

SECTION 11. This ordinance takes effect only upon certification that the charter 355 amendment that this ordinance implements (Proposed Ordinance 2013-0212) has been 356 approved by the voters. 357 358 KING COUNTY COUNCIL KING COUNTY, WASHINGTON Larry Gossett, Chair ATTEST: Anne Noris, Clerk of the Council APPROVED this \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_. Dow Constantine, County Executive **Attachments:** None