Introduction to Hazards on the Homefront











Produced by



as part of the Local Hazardous Waste Management Program in King County

What is household hazardous waste?



Any waste or combination of wastes which may cause

- irreversible illness.
- an increase in mortality.
- a threat to human health or the environment.

It is waste generated by individuals rather than by businesses or institutions.

Why is household hazardous waste a concern?

- Harmful to health, especially children's health.
- Hazardous to pets, fish, birds, beneficial insects, and other wildlife.
- Causes long-term negative effects on our environment.
- Can be carried by rainwater into our local waterways. Even low levels can be harmful.
- Most chemicals from household products and medicines can't be removed in water treatment process.







Stand up if

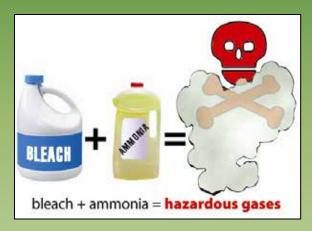
- You read or look at a label on a product before you buy it or use it.
- You've ever used rechargeable batteries.
- You know which products in your house are flammable.
- You know how using pesticides or herbicides on a lawn can affect salmon and other fish.
- You know the difference between a storm drain and a sewer.
- You know a safer alternative to a hazardous product.
- You have stood up more than twice.

The four hazards









Toxic or poisonous

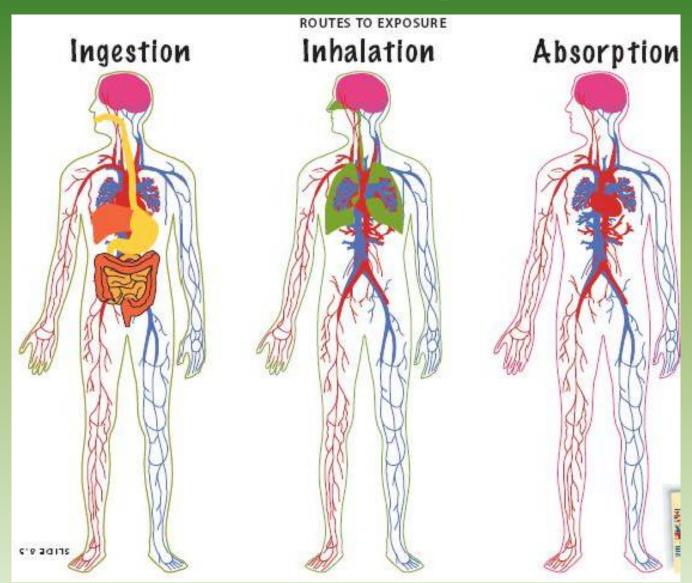
Capable of causing injury or death if swallowed, breathed in, or absorbed through the skin.







Routes to exposure



Flammable or combustible

Can catch fire at relatively low temperatures.





Corrosive

Can eat away materials and burn living tissue by chemical action.

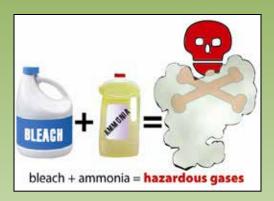




Reactive

Can react with air, water or other substances and result in fire, explosions, or toxic gases.





Hazardous products in our homes

The average household has 60 hazardous product containers.

Sometimes they are not stored or disposed of properly.



What are these products? What's missing?



Dangerous look-alikes



Hazardous and non-hazardous products can look alike. Labels and proper storage can prevent accidents.

What do you notice about these products?



What's required on a label?



FIRST AID: IF IN EYES: Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15–20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. IF ON SKIN OR CLOTHING: Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15–20 minutes. IN EITHER CASE, CALL A POISON





Look at some hazardous product labels. Make a list of the information you find.

Signal words



Highest hazard	DANGER, POISON
Less hazardous	CAUTION, WARNING
Safer	You don't see: DANGER, POISON CAUTION or WARNING

Danger or Poison – The product is highly toxic, poisonous, corrosive, flammable, or reactive.

Caution or Warning – The product is slightly or moderately toxic, flammable, irritating, or reactive.

No signal word – The product is not indicated as hazardous.

Label reading game

Object of the game is to correctly identify the

- type of product
- signal word(s)
- principal hazard(s)

of the product label taped on your back.

Label game rules

- Circulate around the room, asking yes or no questions of your fellow students.
- Ask only two questions of each person.
- When you figure out what your product is, return to your seat.
- Bonus Can you identify a safer alternative to your product?

Product label information

Household Product Labels Pata Sheet Name									
ame of house- old product	Signal words	Principal hazards	Precautionary statements	First-aid information	Ingredients	Customer toll-free number	Directions for use	Storage & disposal	
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