

Self Storage

Area: 608

Commercial Revalue for 2021 Assessment Roll



King County

Department of Assessments

Setting values, serving the community, and pursuing excellence

201 South Jackson Street, KSC-AS 0708

Seattle, WA 98104

OFFICE (206) 296-7300 FAX (206) 296-0595

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<http://www.kingcounty.gov/assessor/>



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King Street Center**

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***John Wilson
Assessor***

Dear Property Owners,

Our field appraisers work hard throughout the year to visit properties in neighborhoods across King County. As a result, new commercial and residential valuation notices are mailed as values are completed. We value your property at its "true and fair value" reflecting its highest and best use as prescribed by state law (RCW 84.40.030; WAC 458-07-030).

We continue to work to implement your feedback and ensure we provide you accurate and timely information. We have made significant improvements to our website and online tools to make interacting with us easier. The following report summarizes the results of the assessments for your area along with a map. Additionally, I have provided a brief tutorial of our property assessment process. It is meant to provide you with background information about our process and the basis for the assessments in your area.

Fairness, accuracy and transparency set the foundation for effective and accountable government. I am pleased to continue to incorporate your input as we make ongoing improvements to serve you. Our goal is to ensure every taxpayer is treated fairly and equitably.

Our office is here to serve you. Please don't hesitate to contact us if you ever have any questions, comments or concerns about the property assessment process and how it relates to your property.

In Service,

John Wilson
King County Assessor

How Property Is Valued

King County along with Washington's 38 other counties use mass appraisal techniques to value all real property each year for property assessment purposes.

What Are Mass Appraisal Techniques?

In King County the Mass Appraisal process incorporates statistical testing, generally accepted valuation methods, and a set of property characteristics for approximately 700,000 residential, commercial and industrial properties. More specifically for commercial property, the Assessor breaks up King County into geographic or specialty (i.e., office buildings, warehouses, retail centers, etc.) market areas and annually develops valuation models using one or more of the three standard appraisal indicators of value: Cost, Sales Comparison (market) and Income. For most commercial properties the income approach is the primary indicator of value. The results of the models are then applied to all properties within the same geographic or specialty area.

Are Properties Inspected?

All property in King County is physically inspected at least once during each six year cycle. Each year our appraisers inspect a different geographic neighborhood. An inspection is frequently an external observation of the property to confirm whether the property has changed by adding new improvements or shows signs of deterioration more than normal for the property's age. From the property inspections we update our property assessment records for each property. In cases where an appraiser has a question, they will approach the occupant to make contact with the property owner or leave a card requesting the taxpayer contact them.

RCW 84.40.025 - Access to property

For the purpose of assessment and valuation of all taxable property in each county, any real or personal property in each county shall be subject to visitation, investigation, examination, discovery, and listing at any reasonable time by the county assessor of the county or by any employee thereof designated for this purpose by the assessor.

In any case of refusal to such access, the assessor shall request assistance from the department of revenue which may invoke the power granted by chapter [84.08](#) RCW.

How Are Commercial Properties Valued?

The Assessor collects a large amount of data regarding commercial properties: cost of construction, sales of property, and prevailing levels of rent, operating expenses, and capitalization rates. Statistical analysis is conducted to establish relationships between factors that might influence the value of commercial property. Lastly valuation models are built and applied to the individual properties. For income producing properties, the following steps are employed to calculate an income approach:

1. Estimate potential gross income
2. Deduct for vacancy and credit loss
3. Add miscellaneous income to get the effective gross income
4. Determine typical operating expenses
5. Deduct operating expenses from the effective gross income
6. Select the proper capitalization rate
7. Capitalize the net operating income into an estimated property value

How is Assessment Uniformity Achieved?

The Assessor achieves uniformity of assessments through standardization of rate tables for incomes, operating expenses, vacancy and credit loss collections and capitalization rates which are uniformly applied to similarly situated commercial properties. Rate tables are generated annually that identify specific rates based on location, age, property type, improvement class, and quality grade. Rate tables are annually calibrated and updated based on surveys and collection of data from local real estate brokers, professional trade publications, and regional financial data sources. With up-to-date market rates we are able to uniformly apply the results back to properties based on their unique set of attributes.

Where there is a sufficient number of sales, assessment staff may generate a ratio study to measure uniformity mathematically through the use of a coefficient of dispersion (aka COD). A COD is developed to measure the uniformity of predicted property assessments. We have adopted the Property Assessment Standards prescribed by the International Association of Assessing Officers (aka IAAO) that may be reviewed at www.IAAO.org. The following are target CODs we employ based on standards set by IAAO:

Type of Property - General	Type of Property - Specific	COD Range
Single-family Residential (including residential condominiums)	Newer or more homogeneous areas	5.0 to 10.0
Single-family Residential	Older or more heterogeneous areas	5.0 to 15.0
Other residential	Rural, seasonal, recreational, manufactured housing, 2-4-unit housing	5.0 to 20.0
Income-Producing Properties	Larger areas represented by samples	5.0 to 15.0
Income-Producing Properties	Smaller areas represented by smaller samples	5.0 to 20.0
Vacant Land		5.0 to 25.0
Other Real and Personal Property		Varies with local conditions

Source: IAAO, *Standard on Ratio Studies*, 2013, Table 1-3.

More results of the statistical testing process is found within the attached area report.

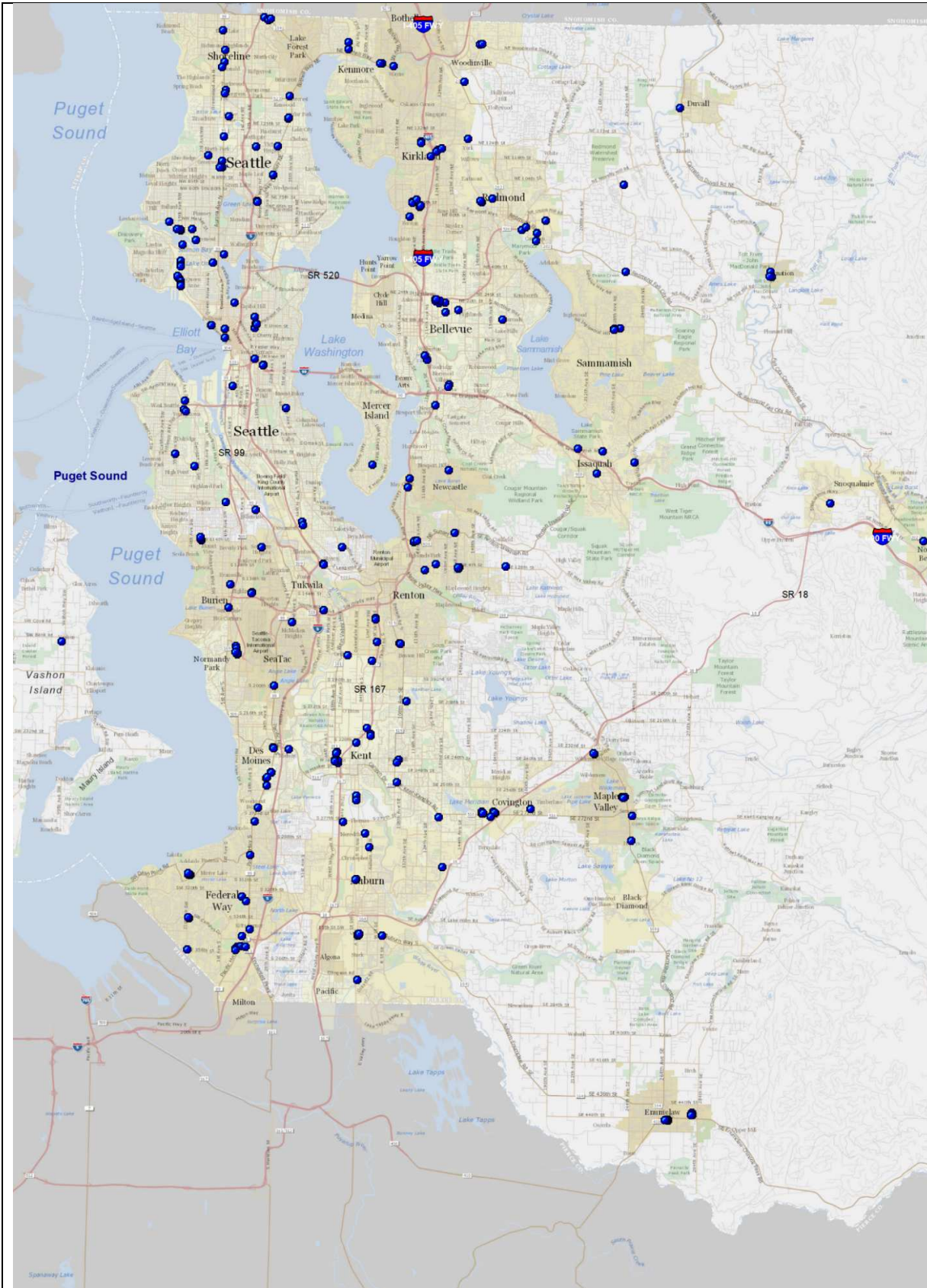
Requirements of State Law

Within Washington State, property is required to be revalued each year to market value based on its highest and best use. (RCW 84.41.030; 84.40.030; and WAC 458-07-030). Washington Courts have interpreted fair market value as the amount of money a buyer, willing but not obligated to buy, would pay to a seller willing but not obligated to sell. Highest and Best Use is simply viewed as the most profitable use that a property can be legally used for. In cases where a property is underutilized by a property owner, it still must be valued at its highest and best use.

Appraisal Area Reports

The following area report summarizes the property assessment activities and results for a general market area. The area report is meant to comply with state law for appraisal documentation purposes as well as provide the public with insight into the mass appraisal process.

2021 Specialty Area 608 Map



King County

Specialty Area 608
2021 Assessment Year

Department of Assessments

Executive Summary Report

Appraisal Date 1/1/2021 - 2021 Assessment Rolls

Specialty Name: Self-Storage

Sales - Improved Summary:

Number of Sales: 8 market transactions in 2018, 2019 and 2020

Sale Dates: From 5/16/2018 to 12/17/2020

Sales – Ratio Study Summary:

Sales used in Analysis: There were only eight improved sales in the last three years; two in 2018, three in 2019, and three in 2020. This is considered to be too small a sample size to be statistically significant. However, the sales did provide proof that, despite the recent glut of new products in this market area, there was still upward pressure on property values. This evidence indicated that assessed property values in this market segment are still lagging the current market. Values were, therefore, increased modestly.

Population - Average Improved Parcel Summary Data:

TOTAL POPULATION SUMMARY DATA			
	Land	Improvement	Total
2020 Value	\$767,452,000	\$1,565,994,800	\$2,333,446,800
2021 Value	\$777,877,400	\$1,731,463,600	\$2,509,341,000
% Change	1.36%	10.57%	7.54%

Number of Improved Parcels in the Specialty Population: 205.

Conclusion and Recommendation:

The values recommended in this report represent a reasonable overall percentage increase at +7.54%. The general economic conditions have improved incrementally over this last year, specifically in the previous six months, to the point where conditions are once again very good with average rents once again above \$18.00 per square foot and average vacancy once again below 10%. The last two years have seen a slowing of the property value increases due to overbuilding. Last year's pandemic brought new construction to a virtual halt, so rents and occupancy have had a chance to improve. This year's value increase acknowledges the reversal of last year's rent decreases and vacancy increases.

It is recommended that the new values be posted for the 2021 Assessment Year.

Specialty Area 608 Responsible Appraiser

The following Appraiser did the valuation for this region:

- Joe Arnold – Commercial Appraiser II

The process and results were reviewed for quality control and administrative purposes by Nick Moody, Senior Appraiser.

Analysis Process

Effective Date of Appraisal: January 1, 2021

Date of Appraisal Report: August 18, 2021

Highest and Best Use Analysis

As if vacant: Market analysis of this area, together with current zoning and current anticipated use patterns, indicate the highest and best use of the majority of the appraised parcels as commercial use. Any opinion not consistent with this is specifically noted in the records and considered in the valuation of the specific parcel.

As if improved: Based on neighborhood trends, demographic and current development patterns, the existing buildings represent the highest and best use of most sites. The existing use will continue until land value, in its highest and best use, exceeds the sum of value of the entire property in its existing use and the cost to remove the improvements. The current improvements do add value to the property, in most cases, and are therefore the highest and best use of the property as improved. In those properties where the property is not at its highest and best use, a nominal value of \$1,000 is assigned to the improvements and the property is returned to the geographical Appraiser.

Standards and Measurement of Data Accuracy: Each sale was verified with the buyer, seller, real estate agent, or tenant when possible. When available, current data was verified and corrected when necessary by field inspection, review of plans, marketing information, and rent rolls.

Special Assumptions and Limiting Conditions

All three approaches to value were considered in this analysis.

The following Departmental guidelines were considered and adhered to:

- This report intends to meet the Uniform Standards of Professional Appraisal Practice requirements, Standards 5 and 6.

Identification of the Area

Name or Designation: Specialty Area 608: Self-Storage Facilities

Boundaries: All of King County

Maps:

A general map of the area is included in this report. More detailed Assessor's maps are located on the 7th floor of the King Street Center.

Area Overview:

Economic

Economic conditions steadily improved in the local self-storage industry for the previous eight years, before this last year. In 2020, however, employment dropped 5.50%. In the spring of 2020, everything changed, with the pandemic, and there was great uncertainty about how the self-storage industry would be affected. In the last six months of 2020, it became clear that this market segment would do well. Construction came to a standstill, which was helpful overall to slow the new product glut, but other economic forces were also favorable.

In many cases, college-aged young adults moved home with campus closures and ended up storing their belongings in their parent's homes. With less space, the parents increased their storage rentals. Because of the pandemic-induced job losses, household consolidation occurred, many people now needed storage space. Remote work left little room for home storage which also increase demand. Capacity restrictions pushed restaurants, stores, and offices to consider self-storage as an alternate way to deal with new realities.

As a result of all these factors, the demand for storage space rose, decreasing local vacancy and increasing local rental rates.

Demographic

The relentless job growth has continued to create a net in-migration of people to this metro area. The metro's population is expected to grow an additional 1.0% this year. This inflow of new residents, along with an increase in local household formation, will increase the metro's population for a tenth straight year. This has pushed the Seattle-Tacoma metro to a total resident count of more than 4 million.

Construction

The area's thriving economic growth increased construction activity in the last several years of self-storage facilities. This was preceded by a period of restrained supply growth. Demand for storage space grew significantly in conjunction with an expanding local economy, to the point where industry operations performance was considered excellent for all of the local self-storage facilities at the end of 2017 and early 2018. The Seattle metro area leads the nation by having the lowest average vacancy rate of 3.2%. The demand that led to this situation fueled the recent glut of self-storage construction.

In 2018, most new deliveries were in Seattle or the immediate Seattle area. In 2019, the delivery volume doubled compared to 2018, as developers finalized nearly 2.5 million square feet of new space. Almost all of this new space is found outside the city limits of Seattle. In 2020, the COVID 19 pandemic brought construction to a virtual standstill, offering the local industry a bit of a respite. Rents and vacancies were able to recover and start moving forward again.

Vacancy/Rent

Persistent demand for storage space had reduced the metro's vacancy rate to 3.2% entering 2018. This low vacancy rate represented the high-water mark for this area's self-storage industry and, indeed, lead the nation. While demand for new storage space has continued to increase, the amount of new development that the low vacancy rates inspired more than doubled that vacancy rate to 7% by the end of 2018 and 11% by the end of 2019. Last year's construction pause allowed the self-storage demand to catch up a little and bring the metro vacancy average down 9%.

Recently decreased vacancy has increased the average effective rental rate from \$1.47/SF to \$1.52/SF.

Local Industry Characteristics and Facilities Overview

Self-Storage facilities are found in rural, urban, and suburban areas throughout King County. Since Public Storage purchased the Shurgard self-storage company in late 2006, it has become King County's dominant owner/operator with approximately 35% of its facilities. Urban Storage is the next most dominant player, owning and operating multiple facilities as well. The majority, about 55%, are independent operators. Most self-storage facilities have good exposure and high visibility. They are often located near large complexes of multi-family housing. Generally, facilities located in rural and suburban neighborhoods are a mix of one- or two-story buildings that you can drive up to for easy access. These are typically on larger sites and often include covered and uncovered surface storage for recreation vehicles. In neighborhoods of higher density, multi-level facilities, three stories and above are becoming more common. Multi-level facilities typically have covered loading docks and large cargo freight elevators that lead to upper floor storage units.

The newest and updated facilities are equipped with high-tech, multi-camera security systems, individual storage unit alarms, automated access, covered loading areas, and climate control. Many have on-site manager living space for added security. Within the city limits of Seattle and some of the other urban areas in King County, older warehouses and former big-box retail buildings have been converted to Self-Storage facilities.

Self-Storage Example Properties



NEW, STATE-OF-THE-ART FACILITY - 910 NE HIGH STREET, ISSAQUAH



TYPICAL OLDER FACILITY – 18716 68TH AVE NE, KENMORE



SUBURBAN WAREHOUSE CONVERSION – 7115 132ND PL. SE, NEWCASTLE



URBAN WAREHOUSE CONVERSION – 1915 3RD AVE, SEATTLE

Area Description:

Area 608 (Self-Storage facilities) is divided into three neighborhoods, 608-10, 608-20, and 608-25. Neighborhood 608-10 is all Self-Storage facilities located in Seattle, North King County, and the northern Eastside. Neighborhood 608-20 is all Self-Storage facilities situated to the south of Seattle and Bellevue, less the facilities in the recently established neighborhood of 608-25. Neighborhood 608-25 consists of those Self-Storage facilities located in the Green River flood plain from Tukwila in the north to Auburn in the south, plus the several facilities servicing the North Bend and East Snoqualmie Ridge area.

Physical Inspection:

This year the inspected parcels were located on the east side of the county. They are found in the jurisdictions of Bellevue, Kirkland, Redmond, Issaquah, and Carnation. These inspections totaled 44 parcels representing 39 separate facilities. Out of the 262 total parcels in this specialty assignment, these inspected parcels represent 16.8% of this specialty's total parcel count. An exterior observation of these properties was made with efforts to verify the accuracy and completeness of property characteristic data that affect value with the on-site property managers.

Preliminary Ratio Analysis

A Ratio Study was not submitted because of the limited number of only eight sales over the last three years. This small number of sales is deemed to be statistically insufficient.

Scope of Data

Land Value Data:

The geographic Appraiser in the area where the specialty property is situated is responsible for the land value used by the specialty appraiser. See appropriate area reports for land valuation discussion.

Improved Parcel Total Value Data:

Sales information, when available, is obtained from excise tax affidavits and reviewed initially by the Accounting Division - Sales Identification Section. Data is analyzed and investigated by the Appraiser in the process of revaluation. Verification consists of contact with Buyer, Seller, or Broker if possible, news articles and/or information from the Costar InfoSystems, Inc., a real estate sales verification service. Characteristic data is verified for all sales if possible. Due to time constraints, interior inspections are normally limited.

Improved Parcel Total Values

Sales comparison approach model description

Due to the lack of sufficient sales, no sales comparison model was developed.

Sales comparison calibration

Since there was no sales comparison model developed, no sales comparison calibration was performed.

Cost approach model description

Cost estimates are automatically calculated by the Marshall & Swift cost modeling system. Depreciation was based on studies done by the Marshall & Swift Valuation Service. The cost was adjusted to the Western Region and the Seattle area. Marshall & Swift cost calculations are automatically calibrated to the data in place in the Real Property Application. Cost estimates serve mainly as value indicators for new construction projects and Accessory improvements.

Cost calibration

The Marshall & Swift cost-modeling system built into the Real Property Application is calibrated to this region and the Seattle area.

Income capitalization approach model description

The Income Approach to value is considered the most reliable valuation approach for the Self-Storage properties in this revalue cycle. The Self-Storage facilities in King County were divided into three separate neighborhoods. In Specialty Area 608, each neighborhood has been assigned its own income table derived by the Self-Storage specialist. Each neighborhood income table has its income, vacancy, expense, and capitalization rate parameters applied to the Marshall & Swift occupancy codes described in the data maintained on each Self-Storage property.

Income: Income parameters were derived using economic rental rates taken from published and internet resources, property owner actual income submissions, tenants, and rental rate opinions from various real estate professionals active in specific markets.

Vacancy: Vacancy rates were derived from published sources and personal inquiries with Self-Storage facility owners and managers.

Expenses: Expenses were estimated based on published sources, taxpayer submitted actual expense information, and personal knowledge of this property type's historical experiences.

Capitalization Rates: Capitalization rates are traditionally determined by the analysis of sold properties, as well as published market surveys, such as CoStar, Marcus & Millichap, Coldwell Banker Richard Ellis, and Pricewaterhouse Cooper.

Income Approach Calibration

The income tables were calibrated after setting economic rents, vacancy, expenses, and capitalization rates using adjustments based on average unit size, effective year built, construction quality, and construction type as recorded in the Assessor's records.

The effective year built and condition of each building determines the capitalization rate used by the Appraiser. For example, a building with an older effective year built and of lesser quality will typically warrant a higher capitalization rate; and a building of better quality with a newer effective year built will warrant a lower capitalization rate.

The following table outlines general income parameters used in the valuation of the Self-Storage facilities. Use code 386 refers to 1-3 level facilities, and use code 525 refers to self-contained multi-level facilities.

Specialty Area 608 Income Parameters

Specialty Area 608
2021 Assessment Year



Department of Assessments

Area	Use Code	Typical Rent Range	Vacancy	Expense Ratio	Cap Rate
608-10	386	\$18.00 - \$21.50	9%	32%	5.25% - 7.75%
608-10	525	\$20.00 - \$24.50	9%	32%	5.25% - 7.25%
608-20	386/525	\$14.00 - \$17.50	9%	32%	5.25% - 8.25%
606-25	386/525	\$14.00 - \$17.50	9%	32%	5.25% - 7.75%

Use codes 386 & 525 have been combined in Neighborhood 608-20 and 608-25, the South-end of King County, due to the limited number of properties with use code 525 and no market evidence to differentiate between uses.

Reconciliation

The specialty appraiser individually reviewed all parcels for correctness of the model application before final value selection. All factors used to establish value by the model were subject to adjustment.

Model Validation

Total Value Conclusions, Recommendations, and Validation:

The Market Sales Approach is considered a reliable indicator of value, but there have not historically been many sales transactions at any given time in the local market. Therefore, the Market Sales Approach is typically used to demonstrate an appropriate range of value for Self-Storage facilities and test reasonableness for income-derived property values. Since there have been only eight sales in the last three years, the sales were used to check the values indicated by the income approach.

The Cost Approach to value is considered on all of the Self-Storage facilities. Cost estimates served as value indicators for new and newer construction projects and special mixed-use properties.

The Income Approach to value is considered, in most cases, the most reliable valuation approach for the Self-Storage properties due to the amount and quality of the available information.

Appraiser judgment prevails in all decisions regarding individual parcel valuation. Each parcel is reviewed, and a value is selected based on general and specific data pertaining to the parcel, the neighborhood, and the market. The Appraiser determines which available value estimate may be appropriate and may adjust for particular characteristics of individual property and conditions as they occur in the valuation area.

The standard statistical measures of valuation performance are presented in the Executive Summary.

The Specialty Appraiser recommends the application of the Appraiser selected values, as indicated by the appropriate model or method.

Total Value Change

The total assessed value for the 2020 assessment year for specialty area 608 was \$2,333,446,800, and the total recommended assessed value for the 2021 assessment year is \$2,509,341,000. The current 2021 total value figure does not include the current year's new construction value. Application of these recommended values for the 2021 assessment year results in a total increase over the 2020 assessed values of 7.54%.

CHANGE IN TOTAL ASSESSED VALUE			
2020 Total Value	2021 Total Value	\$ Change	% Change
\$ 2,333,446,800	\$ 2,509,341,000	\$ 175,894,200	7.54%

USPAP Compliance

Client and Intended Use of the Appraisal:

This mass appraisal report is intended for use by the public, King County Assessor and other agencies or departments administering or confirming ad valorem property taxes. Use of this report by others for other purposes is not intended by the appraiser. The use of this appraisal, analyses and conclusions is limited to the administration of ad valorem property taxes in accordance with Washington State law. As such it is written in concise form to minimize paperwork. The assessor intends that this report conform to the Uniform Standards of Professional Appraisal Practice (USPAP) requirements for a mass appraisal report as stated in USPAP SR 6-8. To fully understand this report the reader may need to refer to the Assessor's Property Record Files, Assessors Real Property Data Base, separate studies, Assessor's Procedures, Assessor's field maps, Revalue Plan and the statutes.

The purpose of this report is to explain and document the methods, data and analysis used in the revaluation of King County. King County is on a six year physical inspection cycle with annual statistical updates. The revaluation plan is approved by Washington State Department of Revenue. The Revaluation Plan is subject to their periodic review.

Definition and date of value estimate:

Market Value

The basis of all assessments is the true and fair value of property. True and fair value means market value (Spokane etc. R. Company v. Spokane County, 75 Wash. 72 (1913); Mason County Overtaxed, Inc. v. Mason County, 62 Wn. 2d (1963); AGO 57-58, No. 2, 1/8/57; AGO 65-66, No. 65, 12/31/65).

The true and fair value of a property in money for property tax valuation purposes is its "market value" or amount of money a buyer willing but not obligated to buy would pay for it to a seller willing but not obligated to sell. In arriving at a determination of such value, the assessing officer can consider only those factors which can within reason be said to affect the price in negotiations between a willing purchaser and a willing seller, and he must consider all of such factors. (AGO 65,66, No. 65, 12/31/65)

Retrospective market values are reported herein because the date of the report is subsequent to the effective date of valuation. The analysis reflects market conditions that existed on the effective date of appraisal.

Highest and Best Use

RCW 84.40.030

All property shall be valued at one hundred percent of its true and fair value in money and assessed on the same basis unless specifically provided otherwise by law.

An assessment may not be determined by a method that assumes a land usage or highest and best use not permitted, for that property being appraised, under existing zoning or land use planning ordinances or statutes or other government restrictions.

WAC 458-07-030 (3) True and fair value -- Highest and best use.

Unless specifically provided otherwise by statute, all property shall be valued on the basis of its highest and best use for assessment purposes. Highest and best use is the most profitable, likely use to which a property can be put. It is the use which will yield the highest return on the owner's investment. Any reasonable use to which the property may be put may be taken into consideration and if it is peculiarly adapted to some particular use, that fact may be taken into consideration. Uses that are within the realm of possibility, but not reasonably probable of occurrence, shall not be considered in valuing property at its highest and best use.

If a property is particularly adapted to some particular use this fact may be taken into consideration in estimating the highest and best use. (Sammish Gun Club v. Skagit County, 118 Wash. 578 (1922))

The present use of the property may constitute its highest and best use. The appraiser shall, however, consider the uses to which similar property similarly located is being put. (Finch v. Grays Harbor County, 121 Wash. 486 (1922))

The fact that the owner of the property chooses to use it for less productive purposes than similar land is being used shall be ignored in the highest and best use estimate. (Sammish Gun Club v. Skagit County, 118 Wash. 578 (1922))

Where land has been classified or zoned as to its use, the county assessor may consider this fact, but he shall not be bound to such zoning in exercising his judgment as to the highest and best use of the property. (AGO 63-64, No. 107, 6/6/64)

Date of Value Estimate

RCW 84.36.005

All property now existing, or that is hereafter created or brought into this state, shall be subject to assessment and taxation for state, county, and other taxing district purposes, upon equalized valuations thereof, fixed with reference thereto on the first day of January at twelve o'clock meridian in each year, excepting such as is exempted from taxation by law.

RCW 36.21.080

The county assessor is authorized to place any property that is increased in value due to construction or alteration for which a building permit was issued, or should have been issued, under chapter 19.27, 19.27A, or 19.28 RCW or other laws providing for building permits on the assessment rolls for the purposes of tax levy up to August 31st of each year. The assessed valuation of the property shall be considered as of July 31st of that year.

Reference should be made to the property card or computer file as to when each property was valued. Sales consummating before and after the appraisal date may be used and are analyzed as to their indication of value at the date of valuation. If market conditions have changed then the appraisal will state a logical cutoff date after which no market date is used as an indicator of value.

Property Rights Appraised: Fee Simple**Wash Constitution Article 7 § 1 Taxation:**

All taxes shall be uniform upon the same class of property within the territorial limits of the authority levying the tax and shall be levied and collected for public purposes only. The word "property" as used herein shall mean and include everything, whether tangible or intangible, subject to ownership. All real estate shall constitute one class.

Trimble v. Seattle, 231 U.S. 683, 689, 58 L. Ed. 435, 34 S. Ct. 218 (1914)

...the entire [fee] estate is to be assessed and taxed as a unit...

Folsom v. Spokane County, 111 Wn. 2d 256 (1988)

...the ultimate appraisal should endeavor to arrive at the fair market value of the property as if it were an unencumbered fee...

The Dictionary of Real Estate Appraisal, 3rd Addition, Appraisal Institute.

Absolute ownership unencumbered by any other interest or estate, subject only to the limitations imposed by the governmental powers of taxation, eminent domain, police power, and escheat.

Assumptions and Limiting Conditions:

1. No opinion as to title is rendered. Data on ownership and legal description were obtained from public records. Title is assumed to be marketable and free and clear of all liens and encumbrances, easements and restrictions unless shown on maps or property record files. The property is appraised assuming it to be under responsible ownership and competent management and available for its highest and best use.

2. No engineering survey has been made by the appraiser. Except as specifically stated, data relative to size and area were taken from sources considered reliable, and no encroachment of real property improvements is assumed to exist.
3. No responsibility for hidden defects or conformity to specific governmental requirements, such as fire, building and safety, earthquake, or occupancy codes, can be assumed without provision of specific professional or governmental inspections.
4. Rental areas herein discussed have been calculated in accord with generally accepted industry standards.
5. The projections included in this report are utilized to assist in the valuation process and are based on current market conditions and anticipated short term supply demand factors. Therefore, the projections are subject to changes in future conditions that cannot be accurately predicted by the appraiser and could affect the future income or value projections.
6. The property is assumed uncontaminated unless the owner comes forward to the Assessor and provides other information.
7. The appraiser is not qualified to detect the existence of potentially hazardous material which may or may not be present on or near the property. The existence of such substances may have an effect on the value of the property. No consideration has been given in this analysis to any potential diminution in value should such hazardous materials be found (unless specifically noted). We urge the taxpayer to retain an expert in the field and submit data affecting value to the assessor.
8. No opinion is intended to be expressed for legal matters or that would require specialized investigation or knowledge beyond that ordinarily employed by real estate appraisers, although such matters may be discussed in the report.
9. Maps, plats and exhibits included herein are for illustration only, as an aid in visualizing matters discussed within the report. They should not be considered as surveys or relied upon for any other purpose.
10. The appraisal is the valuation of the fee simple interest. Unless shown on the Assessor's parcel maps, easements adversely affecting property value were not considered.
11. An attempt to segregate personal property from the real estate in this appraisal has been made.
12. Items which are considered to be "typical finish" and generally included in a real property transfer, but are legally considered leasehold improvements are included in the valuation unless otherwise noted.

13. The movable equipment and/or fixtures have not been appraised as part of the real estate. The identifiable permanently fixed equipment has been appraised in accordance with RCW 84.04.090 and WAC 458-12-010.
14. I have considered the effect of value of those anticipated public and private improvements of which I have common knowledge. I can make no special effort to contact the various jurisdictions to determine the extent of their public improvements.
15. Exterior inspections were made of all properties in the physical inspection areas (outlined in the body of the report) however; due to lack of access and time few received interior inspections.

Scope of Work Performed:

Research and analyses performed are identified in the body of the revaluation report. The assessor has no access to title reports and other documents. Because of legal limitations we did not research such items as easements, restrictions, encumbrances, leases, reservations, covenants, contracts, declarations and special assessments. Disclosure of interior facility features and, actual income and expenses by property owners is not a requirement by law therefore attempts to obtain and analyze this information are not always successful. The mass appraisal performed must be completed in the time limits indicated in the Revaluation Plan and as budgeted. The scope of work performed and disclosure of research and analyses not performed are identified throughout the body of the report.

CERTIFICATION:

I certify that, to the best of my knowledge and belief:

- The statements of fact contained in this report are true and correct
- The report analyses, opinions, and conclusions are limited only by the reported assumptions and limiting conditions and are my personal, impartial, and unbiased professional analyses, opinions, and conclusions.
- I have no present or prospective interest in the property that is the subject of this report and no personal interest with respect to the parties involved.
- I have no bias with respect to the property that is the subject of this report or to the parties involved.
- My engagement in this assignment was not contingent upon developing or reporting predetermined results.
- My compensation for completing this assignment is not contingent upon the development or reporting of predetermined value or direction in value that favors the cause of the client, the amount of the value opinion, the attainment of a stipulated result, or the occurrence of a subsequent event directly related to the intended use of this appraisal.
- My analyses, opinions, and conclusions were developed, and this report has been prepared, in conformity with the Uniform Standards of Professional Appraisal Practice.

- The area(s) physically inspected for purposes of this revaluation are outlined in the body of this report.
- The individuals listed below were part of the "appraisal team" and provided significant real property appraisal assistance to the person signing this certification.
- Any services regarding the subject area performed by me starting January 1, 2010 as an appraiser or in any other capacity is listed below: Any and all activities required under the Certificate of Appointment under sworn oath appointing the below signed appraiser to the position of true and lawful deputy in the Office of the King County Assessor, and authorized by the State of Washington, Department of Revenue under a Certificate of Accreditation. To include: all duties, responsibilities, and services associated with the position description of Commercial Appraiser II in the management and valuation of Commercial Specialty Area 608, or Self-Storage Facilities. Such duties, responsibilities and services include, but are not limited to physical inspection, revalue, appeal response preparation, appeal hearing appearance, data collection, sale verification, new construction evaluation, and any other service which may be required from time to time and be determined significant or otherwise during the fulfillment of position requirements, and are made part of each real property parcel, is a matter of public record and this certification by reference.

8/18/2021

Joe Arnold – Commercial Appraiser II

Date

Improvement Sales for Area 608 with Sales Used

08/16/2021

Area	Nbhd	Major	Minor	Total NRA	E #	Sale Price	Sale Date	SP / NRA	Property Name	Zone	Present Use	Par. Ct.	Ver. Code	Remarks
608	010	222506	9096	47,300	3000847	\$11,450,000	07/23/19	\$242.07	GUARDWELL SELF-STORAGE	OP	Mini Warehouse	1	Y	
608	010	312303	9130	52,039	2930450	\$8,788,400	05/16/18	\$168.88	ISLAND SECURITY SELF-STORAGE	CBPSO	Mini Warehouse	2	Y	
608	020	042204	9062	44,653	2994049	\$6,499,500	06/14/19	\$145.56	INTERNATIONAL BLVD SELF-STORAGE	CB-C	Mini Warehouse	1	Y	
608	020	082305	9041	76,500	3072817	\$12,183,000	09/28/20	\$159.25	STORAGE ONE SELF STORAGE	RM-F	Mini Warehouse	4	Y	
608	020	098500	0470	16,160	3090304	\$3,290,000	12/17/20	\$203.59	LOCK-TIGHT STORAGE	CC-2	Mini Warehouse	1	Y	
608	020	242103	9001	123,230	3033969	\$21,695,000	02/13/20	\$176.05	FEDERAL WAY SELF STORAGE	BN	Mini Warehouse	2	Y	
608	020	292104	9128	81,283	2934196	\$16,198,809	06/04/18	\$199.29	HEATED STORAGE AT THE CROSSINGS	CE	Mini Warehouse	2	Y	
608	025	042308	9012	48,590	3015571	\$12,700,000	10/15/19	\$261.37	EASTSIDE SELF STORAGE	NB	Mini Warehouse	1	Y	

Improvement Sales for Area 608 with Sales not Used

08/16/2021

Area	Nbhd	Major	Minor	Total NRA	E #	Sale Price	Sale Date	SP / NRA	Property Name	Zone	Present Use	Par. Ct.	Ver. Code	Remarks
608	010	072604	9005	64,780	3031618	\$17,000,000	01/29/20	\$262.43	MR. VAN GARD SELF STORAGE	TC-3	Mini Warehouse	1	68	Non-gov't to gov't
608	010	122505	9193	68,367	2997257	\$19,640,000	06/26/19	\$287.27	AMERICAN MINI-STORAGE	MDD1	Mini Warehouse	1	68	Non-gov't to gov't
608	010	197720	1055	30,742	2961431	\$12,250,000	11/09/18	\$398.48	BELLTOWN SELF STORAGE	DMC 240/290-440	Mini Warehouse	1	36	Plottage
608	010	272605	9069	67,830	3039145	\$28,000	10/29/19	\$0.41	MONEY SAVER TOTEM LAKE SELF STORAGE	TL 7B	Warehouse	1	24	Easement or right-of-way
608	010	276770	2765	36,378	3005657	\$11,500,000	08/19/19	\$316.13	MAGNUM SELF STORAGE	IG2 U/65	Mini Warehouse	2	34	Change of use
608	010	282505	9012	50,360	3026201	\$33,000,000	12/18/19	\$655.28	BELLEVUE YOU-STORE-IT	BR-RC-2	Mini Warehouse	1	N	Land Sale
608	010	334330	1125	66,155	3040570	\$1,000	03/25/20	\$0.02	PUBLIC STORAGE	CA	Mini Warehouse	1	24	Easement or right-of-way
608	010	935800	0450	47,810	3011939	\$13,865,000	09/16/19	\$290.00	STOR-MORE	IB U/85	Mini Warehouse	1	59	Bulk portfolio sale
608	020	159160	0645	49,362	3011933	\$11,615,000	09/16/19	\$235.30	STOR-MORE SELF STORAGE	CC-2	Mini Warehouse	1	59	Bulk portfolio sale
608	020	192105	9355	4,242	3011959	\$961,349	09/16/19	\$226.63	STOR-MORE	C3	Mini Warehouse	2	59	Bulk portfolio sale
608	020	192105	9357	104,592	3011958	\$14,778,651	09/16/19	\$141.30	ASSOCIATED LAND 9331	C3	Mini Warehouse	2	59	Bulk portfolio sale
608	020	217200	0648	82,200	3029392	\$21,379,798	12/10/19	\$260.09	STORQUEST SELF-STORAGE	CB	Mini Warehouse	2	59	Bulk portfolio sale

2021 INSPECTED SELF-STORAGE PARCELS - SPECIALTY 608

ACCOUNT #	PROPERTY NAME	ADDRESS	SPECIALTY-NEIGHBORHOOD	JURISDICTION
042405-9010	THE STOR-HOUSE SELF STORAGE	1614 118TH AVE SE	608-10	BELLEVUE
042405-9037	PUBLIC STORAGE	1111 118TH AVE SE	608-10	BELLEVUE
162405-9202	PUBLIC STORAGE	4041 124TH AVE SE	608-10	BELLEVUE
262505-9245	SAFEGARD SELF-STORAGE	1015 164TH AVE NE	608-10	BELLEVUE
272505-9152	PUBLIC STORAGE	13640 NE BELLEVUE-REDMOND RD	608-10	BELLEVUE
282505-9005	PUBLIC STORAGE	12385 NORTHUP WAY	608-10	BELLEVUE
282505-9012	BELLEVUE YOU-STORE-IT	12863 NORTHUP WAY	608-10	BELLEVUE
282505-9147	BEL-RED SELF-STORAGE	1405 130TH AVE NE	608-10	BELLEVUE
282505-9236	PUBLIC STORAGE W/-9005	2001 124TH AVE NE	608-10	BELLEVUE
282505-9262	PUBLIC STORAGE	1800 124TH AVE NE	608-10	BELLEVUE
282505-9311	PUBLIC STORAGE	12465 NORTHUP WAY	608-10	BELLEVUE
282505-9316	WEST COAST SELF-STORAGE	12399 NORTHUP WAY	608-10	BELLEVUE
545330-0194	FACTORIA SECURITY SELF-STORAGE	13120 SE 30TH ST	608-10	BELLEVUE
545330-0244	PUBLIC STORAGE	13105 SE 30TH ST	608-10	BELLEVUE
052505-9072	VACANT LAND - W/ 123510-0025	8423 114TH AVE NE	608-10	KIRKLAND
123510-0025	KIRKLAND WAY STORAGE W/052505-9072	8423 114TH AVE NE	608-10	KIRKLAND
272605-9069	MONEY SAVER TOTEM LAKE SELF STORAGE & of	12707 141ST AVE NE	608-10	KIRKLAND
282605-9016	PUBLIC STORAGE	12249 NE 124TH ST	608-10	KIRKLAND
282605-9035	PUBLIC STORAGE MINI-STORAGE w/ -9016	12249 NE 124TH ST	608-10	KIRKLAND
282605-9082	PUBLIC STORAGE	11910 NE 116TH ST	608-10	KIRKLAND
282605-9109	PUBLIC STORAGE	12425 NE 124TH ST	608-10	KIRKLAND
292605-9102	TOTEM LAKE WEST SELF STORAGE	11330 NE 124TH ST	608-10	KIRKLAND
292605-9149	LINE RETAIL / TOTEM LAKE WEST SELF-STORA	11306 NE 124TH ST	608-10	KIRKLAND
388580-7500	CUBES SSTG LAND	600 7TH AVE	608-10	KIRKLAND
388580-7505	CUBES - SELF-STORAGE	610 6TH AVE	608-10	KIRKLAND
388580-7545	CUBES SSTG LAND	No Situs Address	608-10	KIRKLAND
388690-2185	PUBLIC STORAGE	724 8TH ST	608-10	KIRKLAND
788260-0100	MOSS BAY SELF-STG	333 5TH PL S	608-10	KIRKLAND
880725-0010	STORQUEST SELF STORAGE	7550 187TH PL NE	608-10	REDMOND
880725-0020	STORQUEST SELF STORAGE	No Situs Address	608-10	REDMOND
022505-9047	REDMOND MINI STORAGE	8705 WILLOWS RD NE	608-10	REDMOND
022505-9059	MINI-WAREHOUSE W/ 9047	14800 NE 90TH ST	608-10	REDMOND
022505-9218	PUBLIC STORAGE	15510 NE 90TH ST	608-10	REDMOND
072506-9111	RED WAY SELF-STORAGE	18014 REDMOND WAY	608-10	REDMOND
122505-9042	REDMOND SELF STORAGE	17285 NE 70TH ST	608-10	REDMOND
122505-9193	AMERICAN MINI-STORAGE	17520 NE 70TH ST	608-10	REDMOND
131830-0205	MARYMOOR SELF STORAGE	6065 EAST LAKE SAMMAMISH PKWY NE	608-10	REDMOND
202406-9111	PUBLIC STORAGE	1701 NW SAMMAMISH RD	608-10	ISSAQUAH
212406-9058	PUBLIC STORAGE	5806 221ST PL SE	608-10	ISSAQUAH
222406-9159	ISSAQUAH HIGHLANDS SELF STORAGE BUILDING	910 NE HIGH ST	608-10	ISSAQUAH
884430-0020	ISSAQUAH NEWPORT WAY STORAGE	795 NW JUNIPER ST	608-10	ISSAQUAH
162507-9055	TOLT MINI-STORAGE	TOLT AVE	608-10	CARNATION
212507-9004	CARNATION STORAGE CENTER	3916 TOLT AVE	608-10	CARNATION
212507-9030	CARNATION STORAGE CENTER	3941 TOLT AVE	608-10	CARNATION



King County

Department of Assessments

King Street Center
201 South Jackson Street, Room 708
Seattle, WA 98104
(206) 296-7300 FAX (206) 296-0595
Email: assessor.info@kingcounty.gov

John Wilson

Assessor

As we start preparations for the 2021 property assessments, it is helpful to remember that the mission and work of the Assessor's Office sets the foundation for efficient and effective government and is vital to ensure adequate funding for services in our communities. Maintaining the public's confidence in our property tax system requires that we build on a track record of fairness, equity, and uniformity in property assessments. Though we face ongoing economic challenges, I challenge each of us to seek out strategies for continuous improvement in our business processes.

Please follow these standards as you perform your tasks.

- Use all appropriate mass appraisal techniques as stated in Washington State Laws, Washington State Administrative Codes, Uniform Standards of Professional Appraisal Practice (USPAP), and accepted International Association of Assessing Officers (IAAO) standards and practices.
- Work with your supervisor on the development of the annual valuation plan and develop the scope of work for your portion of appraisal work assigned, including physical inspections and statistical updates of properties;
- Where applicable, validate correctness of physical characteristics and sales of all vacant and improved properties.
- Appraise land as if vacant and available for development to its highest and best use. The improvements are to be valued at their contribution to the total in compliance with applicable laws, codes and DOR guidelines. The Jurisdictional Exception is applied in cases where Federal, State or local laws or regulations preclude compliance with USPAP;
- Develop and validate valuation models as delineated by IAAO standards: Standard on Mass Appraisal of Real Property and Standard on Ratio Studies. Apply models uniformly to sold and unsold properties, so that ratio statistics can be accurately inferred to the entire population.
- Time adjust sales to January 1, 2021 in conformance with generally accepted appraisal practices.
- Prepare written reports in compliance with USPAP Standards 5 and 6 for Mass Appraisals. The intended users of your appraisals and the written reports include the public, Assessor, the Boards of Equalization and Tax Appeals, and potentially other governmental jurisdictions. The intended use of the appraisals and the written reports is the administration of ad valorem property taxation.

Thank you for your continued hard work on behalf of our office and the taxpayers of King County. Your dedication to accurate and fair assessments is why our office is one of the best in the nation.

John Wilson

Specialty Area 608

2021 Assessment Year



Department of Assessments