AFFORDABLE HOUSING COMMITTEE

Friday, November 15, 2019, 2:00 - 4:00 pm

INTRODUCTIONS

Name and organization

AGENDA

- 2:00 pm Introductions and Agenda Review
- 2:10 pm Meeting Minutes
- 2:15 pm Potential New Member
- 2:20 pm Applying Equity Concepts to the Countywide Planning Policies
- 3:05 pm House Bill 1406 Recommendation Update
- 3:10 pm 2020 Work Plan
- 3:40 pm Emerging Issues
- 3:55 pm Next Steps
- 3:00 pm Adjourn

INYOUR PACKET

- Section 1: Agenda
- Section 2: Meeting slides
- Section 3: Meeting minutes, September 20th, 2019
- Section 4: New member update
- Section 5: Overview for the Affordable Housing Task Force on the Countywide Planning Policies-2017
- Section 6: Work plan staff memo
- Section 7: Dashboard update staff memo

MEETING MINUTES

September 20th, 2019

AHC MEMBERSHIP

MEET CAIA CALDWELL

- Replacement for Patricia Akiyama, who resigned from the Master Builders Association of King and Snohomish County (MBAKS) and the AHC in September
- External Relations Manager for MBAKS
- Member of the Growth Management Planning Board and the King County Department of Natural Resources Parks Clean Water Plan Advisory Group
- Previously staffed MBAKS public outreach efforts related to housing, growth, development, and transportation
- Worked for a company that specialized in federal agency contracts including the U.S. Department of Housing and the U.S. Department of Labor



APPLYING EQUITY CONCEPTS

To the Countywide Planning Policies

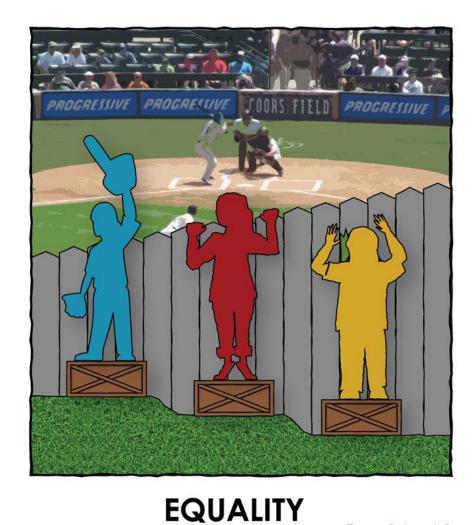
Christopher Bhang

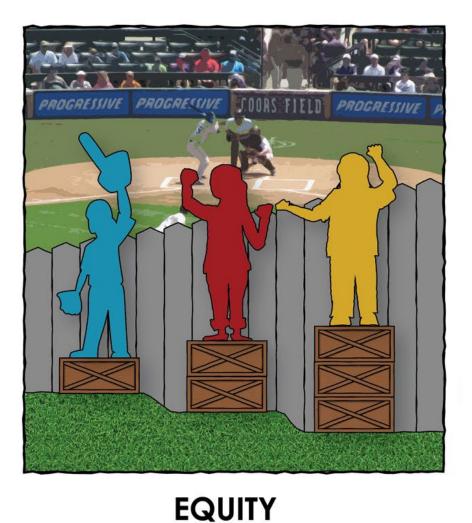
Civil Rights Program Manager, King County Office of Equity & Social Justice

Sunaree Marshall

Housing Policy & Special Projects Manager, King County Department of Community & Human Services

UNPACKING EQUITY





From <u>Cultural Organizing</u>, October 2016

UNPACKING EQUITY

Distributional Equity

• Fair access to community resources/benefits

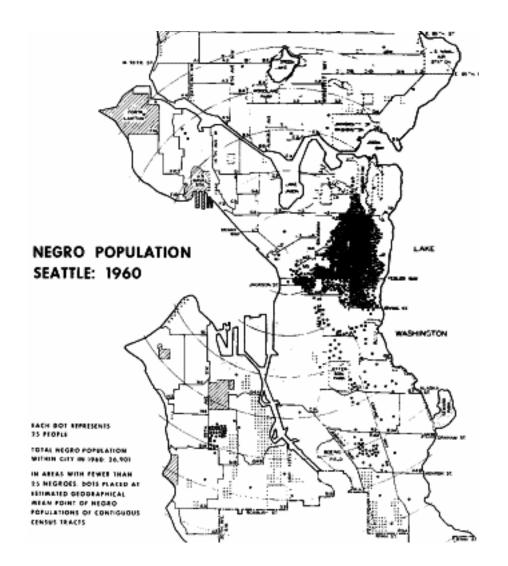
Process Equity

- Centers voice of those most affected, not just "mainstream" voices at the table
- Inclusiveness in decision-making process
- Accountable in execution and reporting

Cross-Generational Equity

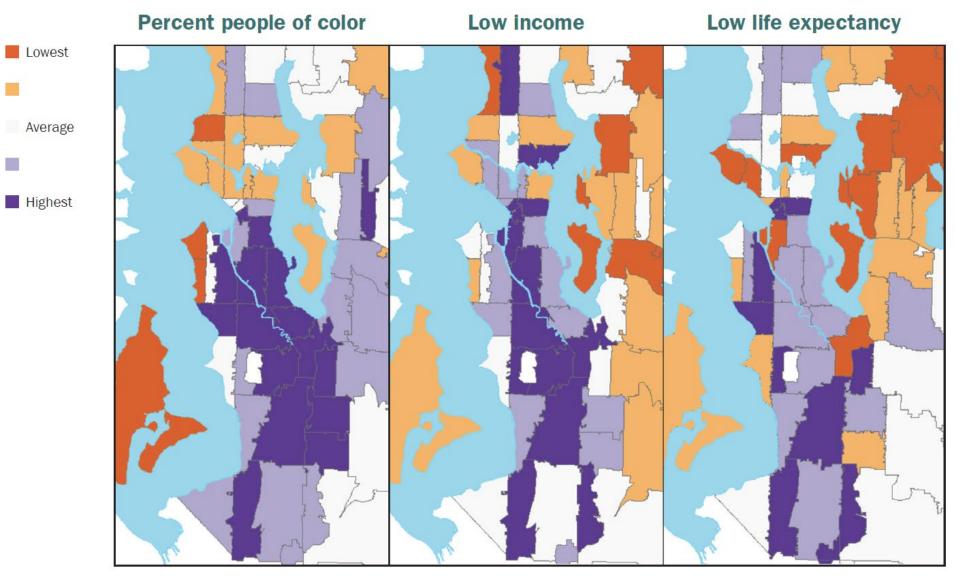
- Respect for past generations
- Future generations have access to community resources/benefits and do not inherit disadvantages

Creative



Seattle Public Library & University of Washington's Seattle Civil Rights & Labor History Project

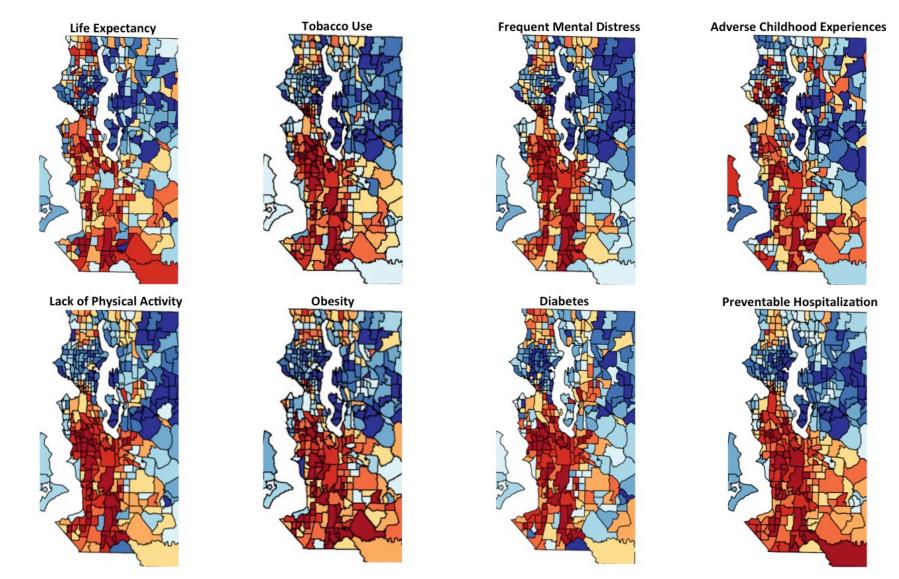
King County Office of Equity and Social Justice



Strong connection among place, race, income and health

King County Office of Equity and Social Justice

KING COUNTY HEALTH AND WELL-BEING MEASURES



To identify geographic areas of need, King County census tracts were rank-ordered from highest to lowest percent of adults by the areas noted above. The tracts were then divided into 10 groups. Dark reds show tracts with the highest rates; dark blues show tracts with lowest rates (note: the Life Expectancy map ranks shortest in dark red to longest in dark blue).

UNPACKING EQUITY | Hypo #1

- In your jurisdiction, there is a community of mostly East African immigrant and refugee families. Several blocks north there is a much more affluent, mostly white neighborhood.
- This year, you held a community engagement series to discuss public safety at a central location in the spring time, held at 6 pm after work. You provide translation services, food, and child care.
- No one from the East African community attends. Why?

UNPACKING EQUITY | Hypo #2

- There was a sharp increase in hate crimes reported in the Northwest, despite existing hate crime laws.
- In response, a local municipality passes an amending ordnance that enhances the definition and punitive measures for those convicted of such crimes.
- Community groups vehemently oppose the passage of the ordinance. Why?

UNPACKING EQUITY | Hypo #3

- One of the tools used by King County and many other municipalities to help prioritize services to the most vulnerable people who need access to housing is the Vulnerability Index Service Prioritization Decision Assistance Tool, VI-SPDAT.
- A study was recently published that, on average, the tool assigns statistically lower prioritization scores to black, indigenous and people of color clients than white clients. What are possible reasons for this disparity?

Now let's apply these concepts to AHC work

COUNTYWIDE PLANNING POLICIES

Why do they matter to the AHC?

- Included in AHC Charter
- Opportunity to accelerate implementation of the Regional Affordable Housing Task Force goals 3 and 6 through land use policies

COUNTYWIDE PLANNING POLICIES

What do they do?

- Address land use issues in King County
- Mandatory guidelines for:
 - County and municipal comprehensive plans
 - Local development regulations (e.g. zoning)
 - Capital budget decisions

1990

The Growth Management Act (GMA) was adopted to preserve natural lands and reduce sprawl

Growth Management Act (GMA) Washington State

Multicounty Planning Policies

Puget Sound Regional Council

Countywide Planning Policies

King County

Comprehensive Plans

Cities

Zoning Code

Cities



22

1992

Assessed new construction

Targets assigned to each city

- 16% new units at 50-80% AMI
- 20-24% new units at <50% AMI

Each jurisdiction has same targets based on current stock, growth targets and AMI

23

1992

2012

Assessed new construction

Total housing supply

Targets assigned to each city

- 16% new units at 50-80% AMI
- 20-24% new units at <50% AMI

"Countywide Need"

- 16% housing supply 0-30% AMI
- 12% housing supply 20-50% AMI
- 12% housing supply 50-80% AMI

Each jurisdiction has same targets based on current stock, growth targets and AMI

Jurisdictions to implement policies that match local needs, with annual monitoring

2012 CPPs PROVIDED A FRAMEWORK

These policies envision cities and the county following a four-step process:

Inventory & Analysis: Conduct an inventory and analysis of housing needs and conditions

Adjust

Respond to measurement with reassessment and adjustment of strategies

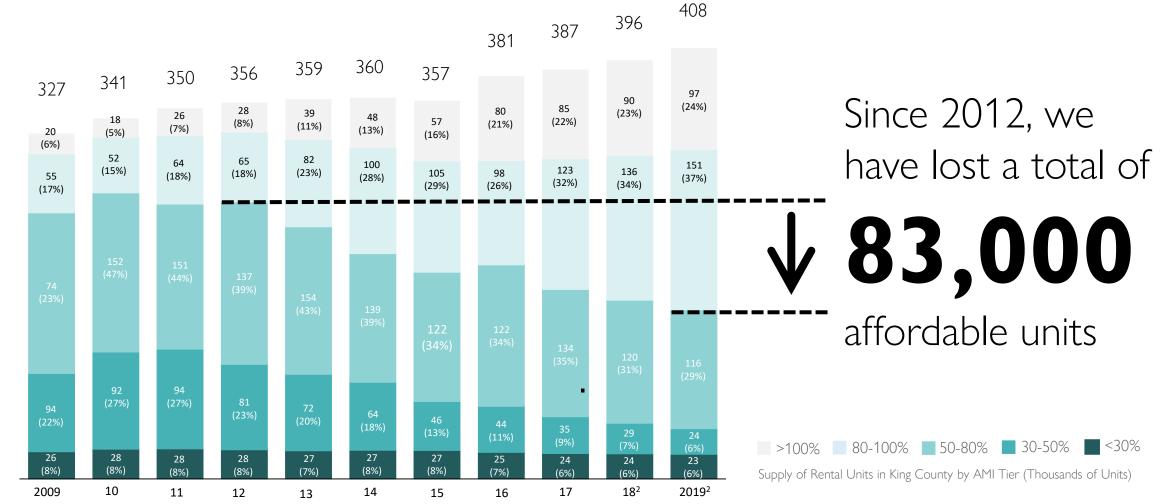
Policy Implementation

Implement policies and strategies to address unmet needs



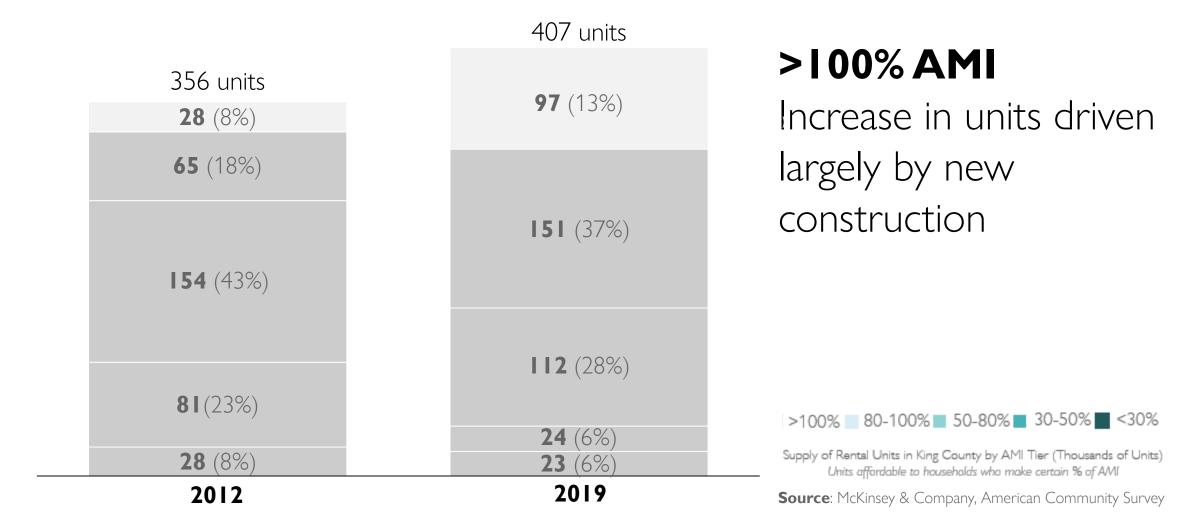
But accountability was lacking

CURRENT ENVIRONMENT | NET LOSS

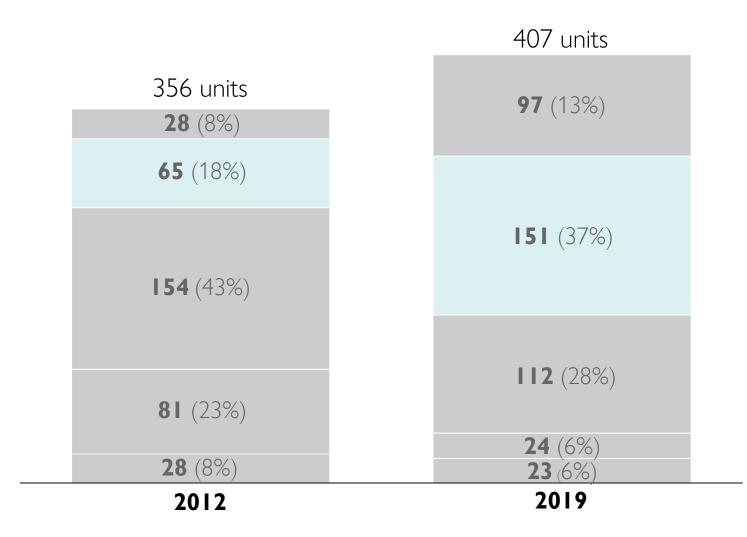


1. Includes units affordable at the high end of the range and unaffordable at the low end of the range 2. Projections 3. Assumed that >100% AMI rental stock will grow at same rate as households in that income category Source: McKinsey & Company, ACS

2012 vs. 2019



2012 vs. 2019



80-100% AMI

This is the fastest growing category, driven by rising rents for units which were previously affordable to 50-80% AMI and new construction

Supply of Rental Units in King County by AMI Tier (Thousands of Units) Units affordable to households who make certain % of AMI

>100% 80-100% 50-80% 30-50% <30%

Source: McKinsey & Company, American Community Survey

407 units 356 units **97** (13%) 28 (8%) **65** (18%) **151** (37%) **I 54** (43%) **112** (28%) **81** (23%) 24 (6%) **23** (6%) 28 (8%) 2019 2012

50-80% AMI

Additions driven by new LIHTC, MHA, and MFTE units and rising rents pushing units which were previously affordable to 30-50% AMI tier into 50-80% AMI tier don't offset losses from increasing rent >100% 80-100% 50-80% 30-50% <30%

Supply of Rental Units in King County by AMI Tier (Thousands of Units) Units affordable to households who make certain % of AMI

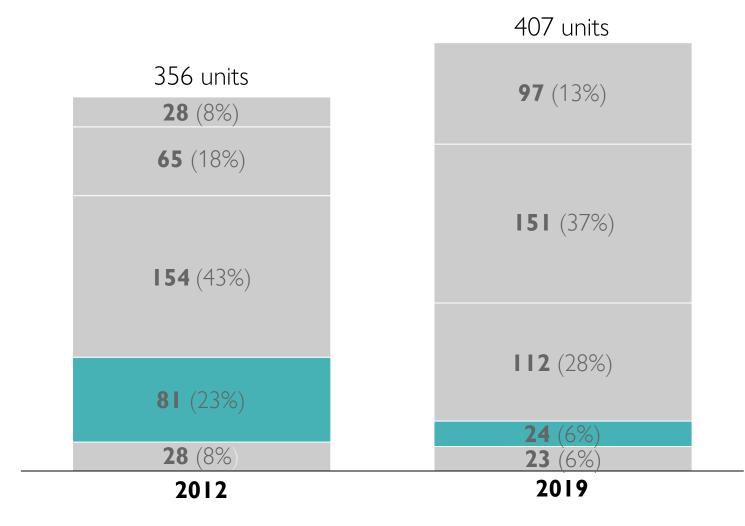
Source: McKinsey & Company, American Community Survey

2012 vs. 2019

2012 vs. 2019



30



30-50% AMI

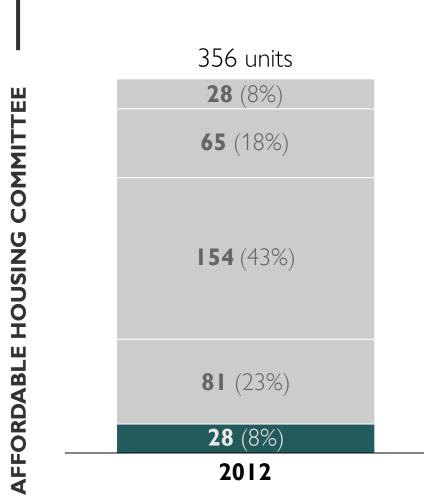
A majority of housing stock lost due to rising rents and insufficient new construction

>100% 80-100% 50-80% 30-50% <30%

Supply of Rental Units in King County by AMI Tier (Thousands of Units) Units affordable to households who make certain % of AMI

Source: McKinsey & Company, American Community Survey

2012 vs. 2019



	407 units
356 units	07 (129/)
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	I I 2 (28%)
81 (23%)	
28 (8%)	24 (6%) 23 (6%)
2012	2019

0-30% AMI

Few market rate units left, relatively low amounts of new construction due to need for heavy subsidies

>100% 80-100% 50-80% 30-50% <30%

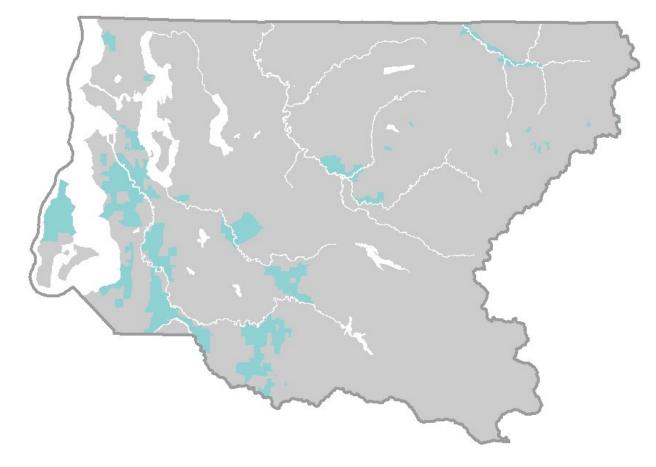
Supply of Rental Units in King County by AMI Tier (Thousands of Units) Units affordable to households who make certain % of AMI

Source: McKinsey & Company, American Community Survey

What does that look like for families ?

Picture Credit: William Wright Photography

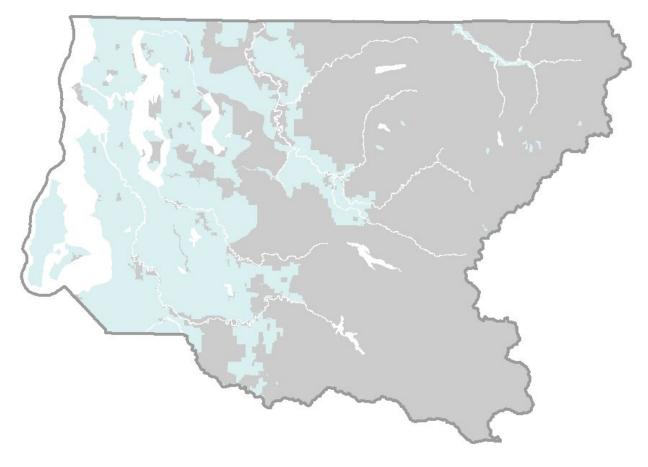
According to the 2013-2018 American Community Survey, this is where the median black family could afford to live...



40% AMI Median income: **\$42,280**

Source: ACS 2013-2017 5-Year Estimates, Median Contract Rent Costs per Census Tract

And this is where the median white family could live



83% AMI Median income: **\$90,208**

Source: ACS 2013-2017 5-Year Estimates, Median Contract Rent Costs per Census Tract

A low income family's options are even more limited, yet they are a significant part of our work force.



30% AMI Median income: **\$31,200**

REFRESH: UNPACKING EQUITY

Distributional Equity

• Fair access to community resources/benefits

Process Equity

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Cross-Generational Equity

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Creative

SMALL GROUP DISCUSSION



What were the impacts of the county's previous approaches to the CPPs for each of these types of equity?

What are some strategies this Committee could use to incorporate each framework into its CPP work?

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HOUSE BILL 1406 RECOMMENDATION

An update

HOUSE BILL 1406

- Approved, posted, and sent!
- Recommendation statement

can be found at **kingcounty.gov/ahc**



About the Affordable Housing Committee

The Affordable Housing Committee (AHC) of the Growth Management Planning Council (GMPC) serves as a regional advisory body to recommend action and assess progress toward implementing the Regional Affordable Housing Task Force (RAHTF) Five Year Action Plan. The Committee functions as a point in coordinating and owning accountability for affordable housing efforts across King County.

The Regional Affordable Housing Task Force wrapped up its work in 2018, releasing the *Five Year Action Plan* which strives to "eliminate to eliminate cost burden for households earning 80% Area Median Income and below, with a priority for serving households at or below 50% Area Median Income." The Action Plan contains seven goals to accomplish the overall goal, with supporting strategies and actions for each goal. Goal 1 is to "create and support an ongoing structure for regional collaboration." The Affordable Housing Committee implements Goal 1.

Housing Interjurisdictional Team (HIJT) is composed of staff from King County, the City of Seattle, other cities, transit agencies, and nonprofit and stakeholder groups which support the work of the AHC. The Regional Affordable Housing team in the Department of Community and Human Services (DCHS) supports and staffs this team.

Statements Issued by the Committee

HB 1406 Recommendation Statement

Committee Contact:

McCaela Daffern Department of Community and Human Services (206)263-3627 mdaffern@kingcounty.gov

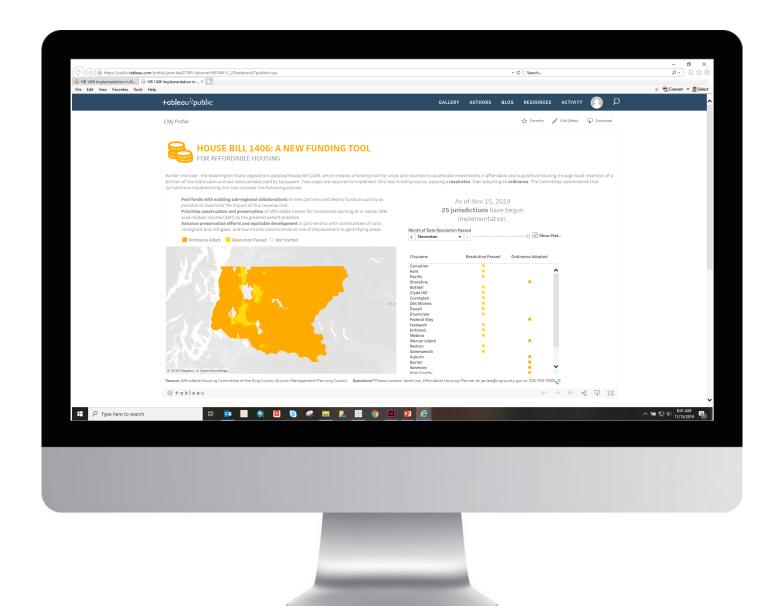
If you are using Internet Explorer, you may need to download the files in the links below in order to view them. To download a file, rightclick on a link and select "save target as". Files should open automatically in all other browsers.

Download the charter

HOUSE BILL 1406

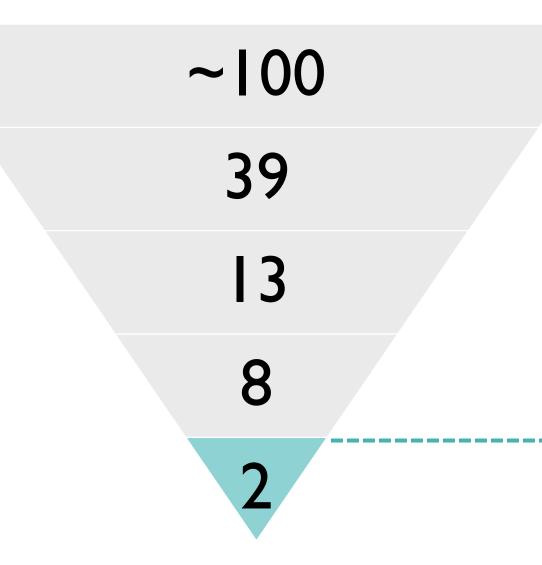


Are there any HB 1406 announcements/updates to share?



2020 WORK PLAN

ACTION PRIORITIZATION PROCESS



JULY - AUG

Staff reduced the original 100 actions to 39, filtering for status, urgency, equity potential, AHC member priority, etc.

SEPT 4

HIJT members prioritized 13 actions out of 39

SEPT 20

AHC members prioritized 8 actions out of 13

SEPT 30 – OCT 29

AHC members solicited constituent input, HIJT analyzed 8 actions and recommend 2

NOV 15

AHC members assess recommendation and vote on final 2 actions for work plan

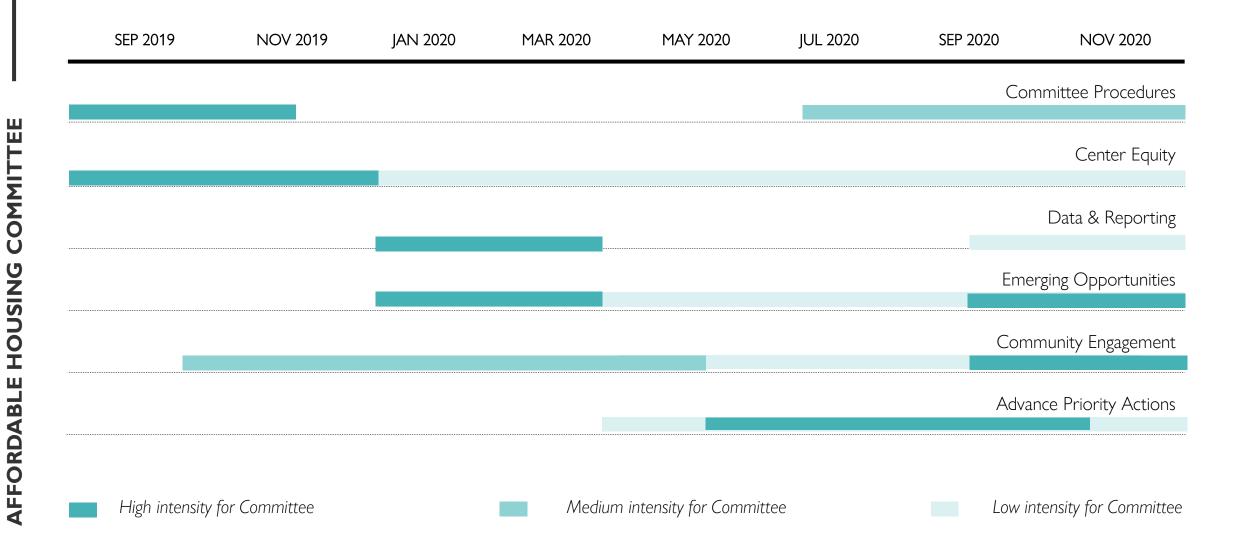
PROPOSED 2019-2020 WORK PLAN

Build Accountability

Take Action

1. To each other 4. Emerging opportunities Take advantage of timely opportunities to increase Establish procedures for Affordable Housing Committee regional collaboration 2. To the people we serve 5. Work with the community Center equity in the Committee's work To build support for affordable housing, develop a community engagement strategy 3. To achieving our goals 6. Advance Committee priority areas to produce more Develop the data dashboard and reporting systems homes • Analyze and identify unused and new revenue sources and help build the case for greater investment • Review and recommend zoning and land use actions to increase and diversify housing choices and maximize affordability, particularly near frequent transit

2020 WORK PLAN



HIJT RECOMMENDATION

The HIJT recommends two actions:

- 1. <u>Analyze and identify unused and new revenue sources</u> sufficient to support the countywide share of <u>funding</u> to build or preserve 44,000 affordable units within 5 years of implementation and <u>help build the public case</u> for greater investment in long-term affordable housing (see action #1 in Attachment C: Priority Actions Matrix).
- 2. <u>Review and recommend zoning and land use actions to increase and diversify</u> <u>housing choices and maximize affordability</u>, particularly in areas with current or planned high-capacity transit



2020 WORK PLAN



Are we ready to vote to adopt this 2020 work plan?

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EMERGING ISSUES

NEXT STEPS

GMPC Meeting

- Wednesday, November 20th from 4-6 pm at Puget Sound Regional Council
- HIJT is leading this housing-focused meeting

January 17th AHC Meeting Agenda Topics

- Countywide Planning Policies study session
- Dashboard update
- Equity stakeholder outreach update