

## **EXECUTIVE RECOMMENDED PLAN**

Policy I-207 Analysis of

**Proposed Amendments to Comprehensive Plan** 

## OVERVIEW

King County Comprehensive Plan policy I-207 requires an analysis of proposed changes to the Comprehensive Plan – this includes new policies, amendments to policies, and deletion of policies. Other substantive changes, such as major rewrites to text or major amendments to workplan items, are also analyzed. Policy I-207 reads as follows:

- I-207 Proposed amendments to the King County Comprehensive Plan, including the Land Use Map, shall be considered by the King County Council only once each calendar year in accordance with the State Growth Management Act and so that the cumulative effect of the proposals can be determined. All proposed Comprehensive Plan amendments should include the following analysis:
  - a. Rationale: a detailed statement of what is proposed to be changed and why;
  - b. Effect: a statement detailing the anticipated outcome of the change on the: geographic area affected, populations affected, and environment;
  - c. Compliance: a statement confirming compliance with the:
    - 1. Growth Management Act, including statutory references where applicable;
    - 2. Countywide Planning Policies, including policy references where applicable;
    - 3. King County Strategic Plan, including policy, objective or strategy references where applicable; and
  - d. Public Review: an indication that the proposed policy amendment was included in the executive's public review draft or a statement of the public review process used to solicit comments on the proposal.

This requirement is further codified in the King County Code and at 20.18.030.D, which states:

....The executive's recommendations for changes to policies, text and maps shall include the elements listed in Comprehensive Plan policy I-207 and analysis of their financial costs and public benefits, any of which may be included in environmental review documents....

The provisions of the Code expand the analysis to address the financial costs and public benefits. Given the high-level and long-term nature of the Comprehensive Plan policies, as well as the more detailed analysis conducted when policies are implemented through projects, programs or other enactments, the level of analysis is general. This analysis is shown in the "B. Effect" column of the subsequent table. Shown below and on the following pages is an analysis of the proposed changes to policies and other substantive amendments in the 2020 Executive Recommended Plan. Changes are listed by components of the plan. Changes to text typically include a page number for reference, and changes to policy typically show the policy number for reference. Note that the discussion of rationale and effect are complementary and should be read together as, combined, they best explain the amendments. Note that the exact formatting of the text in the table below is simplified for readability; the exact formatting is found in Attachment A to Proposed Ordinance 2019-XXXX, which shows the amendments to the Comprehensive Plan.

## **ANALYSIS**

Executive Proposed Policy Amendment	Rationale	Effect	Compliance	Review
All Chapters – Edits shown in Comprehensive Plan Amendments document				
Updates to maps.	Updates to maps for	Ensures consistency	Consistency is	Yes, in
	consistency with proposed	with proposed map	required.	Public
	land use, zoning, urban	amendments.		Review
	growth area boundary, district			Draft (PRD)
	boundary changes.			released for
				comment.
Updates to policy and section numbers.	Policy and section numbering	Non-substantive edits.	Yes.	Yes, in
	and renumbering to reflect			PRD.
	additions or deletions.			
Updates to data, dates and references.	Limited and technical, non-	As necessary, updates	Yes, updates as	Yes, in
	substantive updates for	for clarity.	appropriate in	PRD.
	consistency and clarity.		2020	
			discretionary	
			update.	
Text and grammatical fixes.	Minor updates to text for	Provides a higher quality	Yes.	Yes,
	clarity and grammar. Note	and clearer document for		primarily in
	that all substantive edits to	readers.		PRD. A
	text shown in full below.			few
				additional
				edits added
				in
				Executive
				Rec. Plan.

Executive Proposed Policy Amendment	Rationale	Effect	Compliance	Review
Cover Letter				
In the Cover Letter, on the second page, amend as follows:	Amendments to standardize	Changes for consistency	Yes, improves	Yes, in
Looking forward, the State, local jurisdictions, and regional	plan update terminology.	when referring to	internal	PRD.
partners will soon be reviewing the required timelines for		updates to the	consistency	
comprehensive plan updates and how that relates to timing of		Comprehensive Plan	which is	
growth forecasts, Buildable Lands Reports, updates to the		and amendments within	required.	
multicounty planning policies and growth allocations, and		the Comprehensive		
updates to countywide planning policies and growth targets. The		Plan, as follows:		
		* Text that refers to the		
County will be involved in this work and will determine how it		adoption of a document		
affects our own Comprehensive Plan ((update cycle)) updates to		uses the term "update".		
ensure alignment with the broader growth management		* Text that refers to a		
framework timelines. Review of the King County		change within the		
Comprehensive Plan ((update cycle)) process will also evaluate		document uses the term		
scheduling major updates in odd calendar years, in consideration		"amend" or		
of the County's biennial budget cycle.		"amendment".		
		* Text that refers to the		
		process may use the		
		term "schedule" or		
		"process" or "review",		
		because all have		
		different meanings within		
		the context of a process.		
		* The term "cycle" is		
		removed, except when		

Executive Proposed Policy Amendment	Rationale	Effect	Compliance	Review
		referring to the subarea		
		planning cycle.		
		* For the most part, the		
		term "major update" is		
		retained; in 2023 this will		
		likely be replaced with		
		"four-year midpoint		
		update" or "eight-year		
		update" depending on		
		the context.		
		* Text changes for		
		consistent capitalization,		
		and location of plan		
		year.		
Executive Summary				
In the Executive Summary, on page ES-6, amend as follows:	Updates to description of	Clarifies for the public	The King	Yes, in
Chapter 11	subarea plans to reflect their	the primary focus on	County Code	PRD.
Community Service Area Subarea Planning	focus on land use.	land use in subarea	directs these	
This chapter includes policies that recognize the unique <u>land use</u>		plans.	plans to focus	
characteristics of particular unincorporated communities,			on land use.	
provides significant historical context and describes the new				
subarea planning program.				
Chapter 12	Corrects title of chapter.	Improves internal	Internal	Yes, in
Implementation((-&)), Amendments & Evaluation		consistency.	consistency is	PRD.
This chapter describes how the policies should be implemented			required.	
and monitored, major actions that will occur to implement the				

Executi	ve Proposed Policy Amendment	Rationale	Effect	Compliance	Review
plan, the	procedure for amending the plan and the role of zoning				
in the pla	anning process.				
Chapter	1 Regional Growth Management Planning				
In Chap	ter 1 Regional Growth Management Planning, on	See Standardizes plan update	Same.	Same.	Same.
page 1-4	<mark>4, amend as follows:</mark>	terminology.			
RP-102	King County shall actively solicit public participation from a wide variety of sources in its planning processes, including the development, ((amendment)) update, and implementation of its plans.				
In Chap	ter 1 Regional Growth Management Planning, on	See Standardizes plan update	Same.	Same.	Same.
	5, amend as follows:	terminology.			
RP-106	((Except for Four-to-One proposals, )) King County shall not ((expand)) amend the Urban Growth Area prior to the Growth Management Planning Council taking action on the proposed ((expansion of)) amendment to the Urban Growth Area.				
RP-107	King County shall not forward to the Growth Management Planning Council for its recommendation any proposed ((expansion of)) amendment to the Urban Growth Area unless the proposal was: a. Included in the scoping motion for a King County Comprehensive Plan update;				

Executive P	roposed Policy Amendment	Rationale	Effect	Compliance	Review
b. c.	An area zoning study of the proposal was included in the public review draft of a proposed King County Comprehensive Plan update; or Subjected to the hearing examiner process for site specific map amendments as				
	contemplated by the King County Code.				
	Regional Growth Management Planning, on	See Subarea Plan Focus on land use.	Same.	Same.	Same.
	<del>lend as follows:</del> Service Area <u>Land Use</u> Subarea plans, as well as	land use.			
·	nity plans and basin plans, focus the policy				
	ne Comprehensive Plan to a smaller geographic				
area (See Cha	pter 11 Community Service Area Subarea				
0.	information on large-scale subarea land use plans urban unincorporated areas in King County).				
Smaller-scale	studies, known as area zoning and land use studies,				
per King Cou	nty Code, <sup>3</sup> are focused on adoption or amendment				
of land use an	d zoning maps on an area wide basis rather than				
the broad rang	ge of topics that are addressed in a full subarea				
plan. Exampl	es of subarea plans and area zoning studies include				
the Duwamis	h Coalition Project, White Center Action Plan, Fall				
City Subarea	Plan, the East Redmond Subarea Plan, and				
planning effor	rts within a watershed or basin. Development of				
subarea plans	are guided by the following policy as well as other				

Executive Proposed Policy Amendment	Rationale	Effect	Compliance	Review
applicable policies of the Comprehensive Plan and provisions in				
the King County Code. <sup>4</sup>				
In Chapter 1 Regional Growth Management Planning, on	See Standardizes plan update	Same.	Same.	Same.
page 1-11, amend as follows:	terminology.			
The Growth Management Act allows local comprehensive plan				
amendments to be considered once each year. In King County,				
those annual amendments allow limited changes only, except for				
once every eight years. Then, during the (("Eight-Year Cycle				
review process,")) eight-year update substantive changes to				
policies and amendments to the Urban Growth Area boundary				
can be proposed and adopted. A smaller-range of substantive				
changes to policies and amendments to the Urban Growth Area				
boundary may also be considered at the midpoint of the eight-				
year update cycle, but only if authorized by motion. These				
provisions are detailed in King County Code Title 20.18.				
Additional information and policies are found in Chapter 12,				
Implementation, Amendments and Evaluation.				

Executive Proposed Policy Amendment	Rationale	Effect	Compliance	Review
In Chapter 1 Regional Growth Management Planning, on	See Standardizes plan update	Same.	Same.	Same.
page 1-11, amend as follows:	terminology.			
<b>Docket Request Process:</b> Another key element of the				
Comprehensive Plan review and ((amendment)) update process				
is the Docket Request Process. As required by the Growth				
Management Act, King County maintains a docket for recording				
comments on the King County Comprehensive Plan and				
associated development regulations. The process and				
requirements are detailed in the King County Code at 20.18.140.				
The County reviews all requests, communicates with docket				
submitters, and makes recommendations to the County Council				
by the first day of December. The docket report includes an				
executive recommendation for each item.				
In Chapter 1 Regional Growth Management Planning, on	See Standardizes plan update	Same.	Same.	Same.
page 1-22, amend as follows:	terminology.			
Chapter 4: Housing and Human Services				
The availability of adequate and affordable housing has become				
one of the most pressing issues facing King County today.				
Similarly, partnering with other organizations and jurisdictions				
to deliver human services is a critical component for creating				
sustainable communities and supporting environmental justice.				
In the 2016 Comprehensive Plan update, policies on these topics				
are consolidated into a new chapter.				

Executive Proposed Policy Amendment	Rationale	Effect	Compliance	Review
In Chapter 1 Regional Growth Management Planning, starting	See Subarea Plan Focus on	Same.	Same.	Same.
on page 1-24, amend as follows:	land use.			
Chapter 11: Community Service Area Subarea Planning				
This chapter uses King County's seven Community Service				
Areas as the framework for its renewed <u>land use</u> subarea				
planning program that offers long-range planning services to				
unincorporated communities. The majority of King County's				
community plans are no longer in effect as separately adopted				
plans. <sup>7</sup> In many cases, however, the plans contain valuable				
historical information about King County's communities and				
often provide background for the land uses in effect today.				
Policies from the community plans were retained as part of the				
Comprehensive Plan to recognize the unique characteristics of				
each community and to provide historical context. This chapter				
will be updated, where appropriate, to reflect the new				
Community Service Area subarea plans as they are adopted.				
Chapter 12: Implementation, Amendments and Evaluation	See Standardizes plan update	Same.	Same.	Same.
The Comprehensive Plan policies, development regulations and	terminology.			
Countywide Planning Policy framework have been adopted to				
achieve the growth management objectives of King County and				
the region. This chapter describes the county's process for				
amending the Comprehensive Plan and outlines and				
distinguishes the annual ((eyele)), midpoint ((eyele)), and ((the))				
eight-year ((eycle amendments)) updates. The chapter identifies a				

Execut	ve Proposed Policy Amendment	Rationale	Effect	Compliance	Review
series of major Workplan actions that will be undertaken					
between	the ((major update cycles)) four-year midpoint and				
eight-ye	ar updates to implement or refine provisions within the				
Plan. Th	nis chapter further explains the relationship between				
	g and zoning.				
Chapte	r 2 Urban Communities				
In Chap	ter 2 Urban Communities, on page 2-19, amend as	Reflects State and Federal	Establishes County	Edit for	Yes, in
follows:		Decisions Related to Vapor	intent to regulate vapor	consistency with	PRD. Edits
U-143	Common facilities such as recreation space,	Products, and intent to	products, consistent with	state law.	from PRD
	internal walkways that provide convenient and	regulate to the extent allowed.	State law and Seattle-		to clarify
	safe inter- and intra-connectivity, roads, parking		King County Board of		which
	(including secure bicycle parking), and solid		Health guidelines.		arears in
	waste and recycling areas with appropriate levels				multifamily
	of landscaping should be included in multifamily				buildings
	developments. ((Common facilities should))				are subject
	Areas of multifamily buildings that are open to				to
	the public (such as common hallways and				regulations.
	elevators) shall be smoke-free and vapor-product				
	free to the extent allowed by state and local				
	regulations to avoid exposure to				
	((environmental)) secondhand tobacco smoke				
	and aerosol emissions from electronic vapor and				
	smoking device products.				
In Chap	ter 2 Urban Communities, starting on page 2-28,	See Standardizes plan update	Same.	Same.	Same.
amend	as follows:	terminology.			

Executive Proposed Policy Amendment	Rationale	Effect	Compliance	Review
Through the adoption of the 2000 King County Comprehensive				
Plan ((2000 Update)) update, King County reaffirmed its urban				
designation of the Bear Creek Urban Planned Development area.				
In addition to the reasons that led the county (and the region) to				
originally include this area within the county's Urban Growth				
Area, when the county adopted the 2000 update, it noted that:				
two sites within this area had been approved for urban				
development after the adoption of the original Growth				
Management Act Comprehensive Plan; significant infrastructure				
improvements had been made at these sites; and the ultimate				
development of these sites was proceeding in accordance with				
issued permit approvals. The existence of these urban				
improvements further supported a conclusion that this area is				
characterized by urban growth within the meaning of the				
Growth Management Act and was therefore appropriately				
included within the county's Urban Growth Area.				
In Chapter 2 Urban Communities, starting on page 2-32,	Implements recommendations	Minor technical	Program found	Yes, in
amend as follows:	from Review of the Four-to-	clarifications to text for	to be consistent	PRD.
While urban separators complement the regional open space	One Program.	clarity.	with state law;	
system by helping to define urban communities, the King	* Clarifies that the Four-to-		minor	
County Four-to-One Program provides an opportunity to add	One Program is one tool for		amendments	
land to the regional open space system through the dedication of	creating open space		will not change	
permanent open space. The Four-to-One Program has been	contiguous to the UGA.		that	
recognized as an innovative land use technique under the	* Clarifies the meaning of "main" UGA to mean the		consistency.	

Execut	ive Proposed Policy Amendment	Rationale	Effect	Compliance	Review
the programme the ((matter) its inception	Management Act <sup>3</sup> and for King County, the purpose of gram is to ((ereate)) contribute to the creation of a ous band of open space, running north and south along (ein)) original 1994 Urban Growth Area Boundary. Since otion in 1994, just over ((1,300)) 360 acres have been	original 1994 UGA, consistent with other citations and County practice since program creation. * Updates program numbers based on program review			
acres of the Urba Land U	to the Urban Growth Area while nearly ((4,500)) 1,400 permanent open space have been conserved. Changes to an Growth Area through this program are processed as see Amendments to the King County Comprehensive abject to the provisions in King County Code chapter	study.			
U-185	Through the Four-to-One Program, King County ((shall actively pursue)) may support dedication of open space along the original Urban Growth Area line adopted in the 1994 King County Comprehensive Plan. Through this program, one acre of Rural Area zoned land may be added to the Urban Growth Area for residential development in exchange for a dedication to King County of four acres of permanent open space. Land added to the Urban Growth Area for drainage facilities that are designed as mitigation to have a natural looking visual appearance in support of its development, does not require dedication of permanent open space. The total area added to the Urban Growth Area as a result of this policy shall not exceed 4,000 acres.	Implements recommendations from Review of the Four-to-One Program.  * Clarifies the discretionary nature of the program.  * Clarifies that new urban development only allows residential.  * Moves overall program acreage maximum from fifth policy to first policy.	Amendments do not change underlying intent.	Program found to be consistent with state law.	Yes, in PRD.

Execut	ive Prop	posed Policy Amendment	Rationale	Effect	Compliance	Review
U-186	King C	County shall evaluate Four-to-One	Implements recommendations	Criteria changes do not	Program found	Yes, in
	propos	sals for both quality of open space and	from Review of the Four-to-	change underlying	to be consistent	PRD.
	feasibi	ility of urban development. The	One Program.	intent, and will help to	with state law.	Minor
	_	st-quality proposals (( <del>shall</del> )) <u>may</u> be	* Clarifies the discretionary	better meet the goal to		grammatica
		mended for adoption as amendments to	nature of the program.	buffer the new urban		I edits from
		ban Growth Area. Lands preserved as	* Directs that the open space	development.		PRD.
	-	space shall primarily be on the site, shall	primarily be on the site; this	·		
		the adjacent Rural Area or Natural	addresses the lack of			
		rce Lands from the new urban	guidance on this in the			
		opment, ((retain their Rural Area nations)) and should generally be	existing program. The term			
	_	ured in such a way as to connect with open	"primarily" describes intent			
	•	on adjacent properties.	while still allowing flexibility in			
	ориоо	on adjacom proportion	this voluntary and			
			discretionary program.			
			* Relocates discussion of			
			future use designation to a			
			•			
			later policy.			
U-187	_	County shall use the following criteria for	Implements	Criteria changes do	Program found	Yes, in
		ating open space in Four-to-One proposals:	recommendations from	not change underlying	to be	PRD.
	a.	Quality of fish and wildlife habitat areas;	Review of the Four-to-One	intent. Will help to	consistent with	
	b.	Connections to regional open space	Program.	ensure the open	state law.	
	C.	systems; Protection of wetlands, stream corridors,	* Establishes two new	space is of benefit to		
	C.	ground water and water bodies;	evaluation criteria, based	the public.		
	d.	Unique natural, biological, cultural,	*	illo publio.		
	<b>4.</b>	historical, or archeological features;	on County experiences with past projects.			
			ρασι μισμοσιο.			

Execut	ive Prop	oosed Policy Amendment	Rationale	Effect	Compliance	Review
	e.	Size of proposed open space dedication	* Consolidates discussion			
		and connection to other open space	of future use designation to			
		(( <del>dedications</del> )) <u>lands</u> along the Urban	a later policy.			
		Growth Area line; (( <del>and</del> ))				
	f.	((The land proposed as open space shall				
		remain undeveloped, except for those				
		uses allowed in U-188)) Size and				
		configuration of open space and the				
		County's ability to efficiently manage the				
		property; and				
	<u>g.</u>	Potential for public access.				
U-188	_	ounty shall preserve the open space	Implements recommendations	Changes create greater	Program found	Yes, in
	acquire	ed through the Four-to-One Program	from Review of the Four-to-	consistency between the	to be consistent	PRD. Edits
	•	ily as natural areas, passive recreation	One Program.	uses of the land with the	with state law.	from PRD
		r (( <del>resource</del> )) lands for farming or forestry <u>.</u>	* Discussion of future use	designation.		to
		given a land use designation and zoning	expanded to ensure			Executive
		ication consistent at the time of Council	consistency between future			Rec. Plan.
		val with the intended use. King County	use of land with land use and			
	-	low the following additional uses only if	zoning			
		d on a small portion of the open space,	259			
	•	ed that these uses are found to be	Minor edits from PRD to			
	-	tible with the site's natural open space				
		and functions such as those listed in the	clarify Council approval			
	-	ling policy:	establishes the land use and			
	a.	Trails;	zoning. And, edits to clarify			
	b.	Compensatory mitigation of wetland	that the designation and			
		losses on the urban designated portion of	zoning could be for farming or			
		the project, consistent with the King				

Execut	ive Pro	posed Policy Amendment	Rationale	Effect	Compliance	Review
		County Comprehensive Plan and the	forestry, but not for all			
		Critical Area Ordinance; and	resource land categories.			
	C.	Active recreation uses not to exceed five				
		percent of the total open space area.				
		Support services and facilities for the				
		active recreation uses may locate within				
		the active recreation area only, and shall				
		not exceed five percent of the active				
		recreation area. An active recreation area				
		shall not be used to satisfy the active				
		recreation requirements for the urban				
		designated portion of the project as				
		required by King County Code Title 21A.				
U-189	Land	added to the Urban Growth Area under the	Implements recommendations	Minor technical	Program found	Yes, in
	Four-	to-One Program shall have a minimum	from Review of the Four-to-	clarifications to text for	to be consistent	PRD. Minor
	densi	ty of four (( <del>dwellings</del> )) <u>dwelling units</u> per	One Program.	clarity.	with state law.	grammatica
	acre a	and shall be physically contiguous to the	* Clarifies that the term			I edits from
	origin	al Urban Growth Area, unless there are	dwellings means housing.			PRD.
		tions due to the presence of critical areas,	* Clarifies that infrastructure			
		hall be able to be served by sewers and	includes roads.			
	other	efficient urban services and facilities;	* Moves overall program			
	•	ded that such sewer and other urban	acreage maximum from fifth			
		es and facilities shall be provided directly				
		the urban area and shall not cross the open	policy to first policy			
	space	or Rural Area or Natural Resource Lands.				
	••	nage)) Infrastructure, including roads and				
		age facilities to support the urban				
		opment, shall be located within the urban				
	portio	on of the development. In some cases,				

Executive Proposed Policy Amendment		Rationale	Effect	Compliance	Review
	lands must meet affordable housing requirements under this program. ((The total area added to the Urban Growth Area as a result of this policy shall not exceed 4,000 acres.))				
U-190	King County shall amend the Urban Growth Area to add Rural Area lands to the Urban Growth Area consistent with Policy U-185 during the annual Comprehensive Plan ((amendment)) update process. Proposals submitted by property owners shall be initiated through the Comprehensive Plan Docket process. Open space dedication shall occur at final formal plat recording. If the applicant decides not to pursue urban development or fails to record the final plat prior to expiration of preliminary plat approval, the urban properties shall be restored to a Rural Area land use designation and associated zoning during the next ((annual review)) midpoint or eight-year update of the King County Comprehensive Plan.	See Standardizes plan update terminology.  Also, implements recommendations from Review of the Four-to-One Program.  *Establishes the process for initiation of property-owner submitted Four-to-One proposals.  * Modifies the sunset provision – allows it but not does not require it in the next annual process.	Codifies existing practice on how Four-to-Ones are submitted, which is through the Docket process.  Provides more flexibility for sunsetting a Four-to-One, which has not typically occurred during annual reviews.	Creates greater consistency between processes.	Yes, in PRD. Edits from PRD to clarify that restoration of land use and zoning would happen during midpoint and eight- year reviews.
<u>U-190a</u>	For Four-to-One proposals adjacent to an incorporated area, approval of a Four-to-One proposal shall require:	Implements recommendation from Review of the Four-to-One Program.  * Establishes requirement for interlocal agreement to codify	Changes improve consistency between Four-to-One program, which creates new unincorporated urban	Supports goals to move unincorporated urban areas towards	Yes, in PRD. Minor clarification from PRD to clarify

Executive Pro	posed Policy Amendment	Rationale	Effect	Compliance	Review
a.	development shall only occur after the	any county conditions of	areas, and the	annexation,	need for
	site has been annexed to the adjacent	approval and site	annexation goals in	consistent with	interlocal at
	city or town; and	development. This could	planning statutes.	planning goals.	time of
<u>b.</u>	establishment of an interlocal agreement	include boundaries of urban			Council
	between King County and the adjacent	and rural areas, access,			action.
	jurisdiction that identifies conditions for	allowed uses, or other			
	site development that are consistent with the Four-to-One program requirements	conditions the County deems			
	and goals.	necessary.			
	and Magna	* For proposals near an			
		incorporated area, requires			
		that development occur only			
		after annexation.			
In Chapter 2 Ur	rban Communities, on page 2-36, amend as	See Updates to dates, data,	Same.	Same.	Same.
follows:		maps and references.			
Although it is th	ne policy of the county to support and promote				
annexation, its f	Formal ability to do so is extremely limited. State				
laws provide the	e cities, county residents and property owners				
with the authori	ty to initiate the annexation process. A				
successful annex	xation initiative depends on establishing a				
collaborative an	d ongoing dialogue between the three affected				
interest groups:	residents, the county, and the affected city.				
However, King	County has a successful history of engaging in				
annexation disc	ussions with urban unincorporated area				
residents. Most	recently, from 2008 to (( <del>2015</del> )) <u>2018</u> , there have				
been six major a	nnexations:				

<b>Executive Proposed Policy Amendment</b>	Rationale	Effect	Compliance	Review
Lea Hill and Auburn West Hill into Auburn;				
Benson Hill into Renton;				
North Highline Area X into Burien;				
Panther Lake into Kent;				
Juanita-Finn Hill-Kingsgate into Kirkland; and				
Klahanie into Sammamish.				
Chapter 3 Rural Areas and Natural Resource Lands				
In Chapter 3 Rural Areas and Natural Resource Lands, on	Implements recommendations	Edits add a new	TDR program is	Yes, in
page 3-20, amend as follows:	from the Review of Transfer of	component to address	consistent with	PRD.
In so doing, the Transfer of Development Rights Program: (1)	Development Rights (TDR)	open space needs in	all planning	
benefits Rural Area and Natural Resource Land property owners	Program.	underserved areas, and	statutes.	
by providing them financial compensation to not develop their	* Establishes new urban to	communities identified in		
land, (2) directs future Rural Area and Natural Resource Land	urban transfer option to	ordinance.		
development growth into urban areas, saving the County the cost	address the equity open			
of providing services to rural development and yielding climate	space component of program.			
change benefits through reduced household				
transportation-related greenhouse gas emissions, and (3)				
permanently preserves land through private market transactions.				
Transfer of Development Rights can also be used to permanently				
protect open space and parks in lower-income portions of the				
* * * *				
County while still focusing growth into other urban areas.				

Execut	ive Pro	pposed Policy Amendment	Rationale	Effect	Compliance	Review
In Chapter 3 Rural Areas and Natural Resource Lands,		See TDR program review	Same.	Same.	Same.	
starting	on pag	ge 3-21, amend as follows:	recommendations.			Minor
R-316	Eligik	ole sending sites shall be lands designated				grammatica
	on th	e King County Comprehensive Plan land				I fix from
	use n	nap as <u>:</u> Rural Area (with RA-2.5, RA-5, and				PRD. Edits
	RA-1	0 zoning), Agriculture (A), Forestry (F),				from PRD
	••	)) Urban Separator ((( <del>with</del> )) R-1(( <del>zoning</del> ))),				to clarify
	_	<u> Jrban Residential Medium (R-4, R-6, R-8, and </u>				that the
		in equity areas identified in King County				qualifying
		Chapter 26.12 that are approved for				urban lands
		servation Futures Tax funding. These sites				included
		provide permanent land protection to create				those in the
	a sigi	nificant public benefit. Priority sending sites				Urban
	a.	Lands in Rural Forest Focus Areas;				Residential
	b.	Lands adjacent to the Urban Growth				Medium
	ν.	Area boundary;				land use
	C.	Lands contributing to the protection of				designation
		endangered and threatened species;				
	d.	Lands that are suitable for inclusion in				
		and provide important links to the				
		regional open space system;				
	e.	Agricultural and Forest Production				
		District lands;				
	f.	Intact shorelines of Puget Sound; ((er))				
	g.	Lands identified as important according				
		to the Washington State Department of				
		Ecology's Watershed Characterization				
		analyses <u>; or</u>				

Execut	ive Prop	osed Policy Amendment	Rationale	Effect	Compliance	Review
	h.	Lands contributing to equitable access				
		to open space in unincorporated urban				
		<u>areas</u> .				
R-317	For Tra	ansfer of Development Rights purposes	Fixes typographical error.	Same.	Same.	Same.
	only, q	ualified sending sites are allocated				Edits from
	develo	pment rights as follows:	See TDR program review			PRD to
	a.	Sending sites in the Rural Area zoned	recommendations.			clarify that
		RA-2.5 shall be allocated one	*Additionally, recognizes new			the
		Transferrable Development Right for	community engagement			qualifying
		every two and one-half acres of gross	portion of program.			urban lands
		land area(( <del>;</del> )) <u>;</u>	portion of programs			included
	b.	Sending sites in the Rural Area zoned				those in the
		RA-5 or RA-10 or Agricultural zoning				Urban
		shall be allocated one Transferrable				
		Development Right for every five acres				Residential
		of gross land area;				Medium
	C.	Sending sites with Forest zoning shall be				land use
		allocated one Transferrable Development				designation
		Right for every eighty acres of gross				
		land area;				
	d.	Sending sites with Urban Separator land				
		use designation shall be allocated four				
		Transferrable Development Rights for				
	_	every one acre of gross land area;				
	e.	Sending sites with an Urban Medium				
		Residential land use designation that				
		meet the equity area criteria in policy R-				
		316 shall be allocated Transferrable				
		Development Rights equivalent to their				

<b>Executive Prop</b>	osed Policy Amendment	Rationale	Effect	Compliance	Review
<u>f.</u>	zoned base density for every one acre of gross land area; _If a sending site has an existing dwelling or retains one or more development rights for future use, the gross acreage shall be reduced in accordance with the site's zoning base density for the purposes of Transferrable Development Right allocation; and				
((f.)) <u>g.</u>	King County shall provide bonus Transferrable Development Rights to sending sites in the Rural Area as follows:  1. The sending site is a vacant RA				
	<ol> <li>The sending site is a vacant RA zoned property and is no larger than one-half the size requirement of the base density for the zone; and</li> <li>The sending site is a RA zoned property and is located on a shoreline of the state and has a shoreline designation of conservancy or natural.</li> </ol>				

In Chapter 3 Rural Areas and Natural Resource Lands, on page 3-35, amend as follows:

## D. Non-Resource Industrial Uses and Development Standards in the Rural Area

There are three existing industrial areas in the Rural Area containing multiple industrial uses on several <u>industrially-zoned</u> sites. One is located within the southwest portion of the Town o Vashon. The second is a designated industrial area adjacent to the Rural Neighborhood Commercial Center of Preston. The Preston Industrial Area recognizes an existing concentration of industrial uses that contributes to the economic diversity of the Rural Area, but expansion of this industrial area beyond the identified boundaries is not permitted (see Policy CP-547). The third industrial area is located along State Route 169 on lands that have been and continue to be used as for industrial purposes and have a designation as a King County Historic Site.

R-512 The creation of new Industrial-zoned lands in the Rural Area shall be limited to ((those that have long been used for industrial purposes, do not have potential for conversion to residential use due to a historic designation and that may be accessed directly from State Route 169)) existing sites in order to reduce pressure for growth, limit impacts on nearby natural resources and

n	Amendments to clarify the	Technical clarifications	Industrial zoning	Yes, in
	meaning, purpose, and intent	between uses, areas,	in the Rural	PRD.
	of the Non-Resource	boundaries, and more,	Area geography	Edited from
	Industrial Uses and	that do not change	is allowed under	version in
	Development Standards	underlying intent of	these statutes.	PRD
	policies.	policies.		
1				
of	Text amendment to clarify that	Edits from PRD focus		
	the discussion is of sites with	policy more clearly on		
	industrial zoning.	the industrial zoned		
		lands, rather than		
	Policy amendment to clarify,	specific sites.		
	that consistent with existing			
	policies, industrial sites are			
•	limited to existing locations.			
es				
е				
<u>g</u>				
it				

<b>Executive Proposed Polic</b>	cy Amendment	Rationale	Effect	Compliance	Review
functions, and av	void the need for infrastructure				
extensions.					
	astructure Maintenance	Amendment to remove	Same.	Same.	Same.
· · ·	griculture and forestry product	incorrect information. New			
	uld be allowed in the Rural Area.	industrial uses are allowed on			
	ustrial uses in the Rural Area	industrial zoned parcels, even			
•	ed only in Rural Towns and in the	if they are not in the two			
	strial area adjacent to the Rural	mentioned areas.			
	commercial Center of Preston.))				
In order to preserve rural ch	aracter and protect sensitive natural	See Non-Resource industrial	Grammatical fix.	Same.	Same. Edit
features, ((new)) rural industrial	trial development in the Rural Area	uses policies.			from PRD.
needs to be of a scale and na	ature that is distinct from urban	* Grammatical fix to recognize	Better captures intent to		
industrial development. The	e scale and intensity and many of the	that the sentence intends to	ensure that any rural		
_	strial development are not appropriate	compare urban areas to rural	industrial development		
	development. The following policy	areas.	be rural in character.		
applies to all new industrial	development in the Rural Area.	Edit from PRD to remove			
		word "new" given existing			
		sites that should also have a			
		rural scale. Second edit for			
		consistency in terminology			
		between urban and rural			
		industrial development, as			
		compared to areas.			

Executive Proposed Policy Amendment	Rationale	Effect	Compliance	Review
In Chapter 3 Rural Areas and Natural Resource Lands, on	See Non-Resource industrial	Same.	Same.	Same. Edit
page 3-36, amend as follows:	uses policies.			from PRD.
	* Clarifies that numerous			
The intent of ((this policy)) these policies is to preclude	policies have the intent of			
expansion of the industrial area beyond ((the identified	precluding expansion.			
boundaries and)) their existing locations. They are also intended	* Clarifies that "uses" and			
to ensure that new development and uses $((\frac{1}{2}))$ not previously	development legally established and vested must			
((constructed)) legally established or vested (()) in ((the)) rural	meet rural character			
industrial areas meet((s)) rural character standards. Site design,	standards per the previous			
landscaping, design and construction of internal and access roads	' '			
and building scale should reinforce the ((set boundaries and))	* Clarifies when the language			
rural nature of the industrial area to further discourage future	is referring to uses,			
	development, boundaries, and			
industrial expansion beyond the ((industrial boundary)) existing	areas.			
areas.				
	Edit from PRD to focus first			
	policy on locations, and			
	second on development and			
	uses.			
There are also existing ((, isolated)) industrial uses on sites in the	See Non-Resource industrial	Same.	Same.	Same. Edit
Rural Area that <u>not zoned industrial</u> . These sites are recognized,	uses policies.			from PRD.
but the sites are not appropriate for expansion((new industrial	* Clarifies that both the "use"			
uses)). Further expansion of these ((isolated)) industrial uses is	and the "site" is recognized.			
not encouraged, and therefore ((they)) these sites are not zoned	* Reverts back to original			
Industrial.	language related to "not			

Executive Proposed Policy Amendment	Rationale	Effect	Compliance	Review
R-515 Existing industrial uses in the Rural Area on sites that are not zoned Industrial ((outside of Rural Towns, the industrial area on the King Countydesignated historic site along State Route 169 or the designated industrial area adjacent to the Rural Neighborhood Commercial Center of Preston shall be zoned rural residential)) shall not be zoned Industrial but may continue if they qualify as permitted uses or as legal, nonconforming uses.	encouraged" rather than "limited" as proposed in PRD, based on public comment.  Amendment from PRD to clarify that text refers to sites that are not zoned industrial.  See Non-Resource industrial uses policies. * Clarifies the reference to "uses" and "sites" and that sites are to retain their Rural Area zoning. * Consolidates list of industrial areas into one policy, as noted previously.  Amendment from PRD to clarify that text refers to sites that are not zoned industrial.	Same. Clarification between uses and sites, and how they relate to zoning.	Same.	Same. Edit from PRD.
In Chapter 3 Rural Areas and Natural Resource Lands, starting on page 3-38, amend as follows:  King County's Natural Resource Lands contribute to the economic prosperity of the region. They are the lands with long-term commercial significance for farming, forestry, and	Amendments to Address Impacts and Regulation of fossil fuel facilities.  * Terminology clarifications to distinguish between different	Language changes to improve internal consistency in the plan, consistency with materials definitions.	Improves consistency with Growth Management Act requirements,	Yes, in PRD. Minor edit to fix grammatica I error.

Executive Proposed Policy Amendment	Rationale	Effect	Compliance	Review
((minerals)) mineral extraction. Businesses that rely on resource	types of minerals and non-		per RCW	
lands provide jobs and products, such as food, wood, and gravel.	minerals.		36.70A.170	
They also are an important part of the cultural heritage.	* Terminology clarifications		which defines	
Conservation and responsible stewardship of working farm and	consistent with GMA, and		"mineral	
forest lands also produces multiple environmental benefits, such	updates to types of materials		resource	
as:	in King County mines		landsthat have	
us.	* Text changes for		long-term	
<ul> <li>Stream and salmon protection;</li> </ul>	consistency with maps and		commercial	
Clean air and water;	tables that come at the end of		significance for	
Cican an and water,	Chapter 3 Rural Areas and		the extraction of	
Wildlife habitat;	Natural Resource Lands.		minerals."	
Flood risk reduction;				
Groundwater recharge and protection; and				
Carbon sequestration and reduced greenhouse gas				
emissions.				
For ((mining)) mineral extraction, responsible stormwater				
management, erosion and sediment control, and site remediation				
can help to mitigate many of the impacts ((of mining)) while				
providing local sources of materials such as sand and gravel.				
<del>-</del>				
King County has taken major steps to conserve and manage				
agricultural soils and activities, forestry and ((mining)) mineral				
extraction opportunities. Resource Lands and the industries they				
support are conserved by encouraging development to occur				

Executive Proposed Policy Amendment	Rationale	Effect	Compliance	Review
primarily in the Urban Growth Area as directed by the Growth				
Management Act. Under this Comprehensive Plan, Resource				
Lands, including designated Agricultural Production Districts,				
the Forest Production District and sites of long-term commercial				
significance for resource uses, will have minimal new residential				
and commercial development. New development that does				
occur will be designed to be compatible with active				
resource-based uses.				
This chapter contains King County's strategy for conservation of				
these valuable Resource Lands and for encouraging their				
productive and sustainable management. The strategy consists				
of policies to guide planning, incentives, education, regulation				
and purchase or transfer of development rights.				
Forest, ((farm)) agriculture, and mineral resource lands are not				
King County's only natural resources. Many other				
resource-based industries, such as the fisheries industry, are				
influenced by King County's land use and planning policies.				
Policies for the protection and enhancement of fisheries, as well				
as air, water, vegetation, wildlife and other natural resources, can				
be found in Chapter 5, Environment.				

Executive Proposed Policy Amendment	Rationale	Effect	Compliance	Review
In Chapter 3 Rural Areas and Natural Resource Lands,	See Amendments regarding	Same. Also, clarifies	Same.	Same.
starting on page 3-40, amend as follows:	Impacts and regulation of	that coal is not a mineral		
The Growth Management Act also requires designation of mineral resource lands <u>primarily devoted to the extraction of minerals or</u> that have <u>known or potential</u> long-term significance for the extraction of minerals. <u>Minerals include but are not limited to gravel, sand, and valuable metallic substances. Coal is not considered a mineral resource in King County.</u> Such lands are shown as Designated Mineral Resource Sites on the Mineral Resources Map in this chapter. The role of the Forest Production District in the conservation of mineral resources is also explained below.	fossil fuel facilities.  * Terminology clarifications consistent with GMA.  * References materials in King County mines, consistent with tables at the end of Chapter.  * Removes coal from list of mineral resources.	substance, which supports different regulations.		
In Chapter 3 Rural Areas and Natural Resource Lands, starting on page 3-43, amend as follows:  Resource management strategies that protect the environment are necessary to maintain the long-term productivity of the resource. Chapter 5, Environment, describes the value of using an integrated, ecosystem-based approach to natural resource and environmental planning and management. This approach, along with sound operational practices by resource-based industries, may be able to prevent or minimize environmental impacts associated with common agricultural and forest practices and ((mining)) mineral extraction while maximizing co-benefits.	See Amendments regarding Impacts and regulation of fossil fuel facilities.	Same.	Same.	Same.

Executive	Proposed Policy Amendment	Rationale	Effect	Compliance	Review
lai pr re <u>m</u> pe	ne Forest Production District shall remain in rge blocks of contiguous forest lands where the rimary land use is commercial forestry. Other esource industry uses, such as ((mining)) ineral extraction and agriculture, should be ermitted within the Forest Production District hen managed to be compatible with forestry.	See Amendments regarding impacts and regulation of fossil fuel facilities.	Same.	Same.	Same.
In Chapter starting on The 2012 Con R-650 that of watershed production the Snoqual the County projects, to interests of	23 Rural Areas and Natural Resource Lands, page 3-56, amend as follows: Comprehensive Plan ((Update)) update added policy directed the County to convene a collaborative planning process within each of the Agricultural Districts. The County choose to start the process in Imie Valley Agricultural Production District, where has undertaken a number of habitat restoration develop an approach to improving and balancing the agricultural production, ecological function and lity for salmon, and flood risk reduction and	See Standardizes plan update terminology.	Same.	Same.	Same.
Di Di ca th Fa re	ne Snoqualmie Valley Agricultural Production istrict is the first Agricultural Production istrict to undergo a watershed planning effort alled for in R-650. King County shall implement be recommendations of the Snoqualmie Fish, arm and Flood Advisory Committee. The ecommendations of the task forces and other ections identified in the final Advisory Committee	See Standardizes plan update terminology.	Same.	Same.	Same.

Executive Proposed Policy Amendment	Rationale	Effect	Compliance	Review
Report and Recommendations will form the ba	sis			
for a watershed planning approach to balance				
fish, farm and flood interests across the				
<b>Snoqualmie Valley Agricultural Production</b>				
District and an agreement on protecting a defin	ned			
number of acres of agricultural land. The				
Advisory Committee, or a successor committe	e,			
will monitor progress of the task forces and wi	ill			
reconvene to evaluate the watershed planning				
approach to balancing interests prior to the ne	ext			
Comprehensive Plan ((Update)) update. The				
policy issues and recommendations outlined in	n			
the Snoqualmie Fish, Farm, Flood Advisory				
<b>Committee Report and Recommendations are</b>				
largely specific to the Snoqualmie Valley and a	are			
not intended to be applied broadly in other				
Agricultural Production Districts. Future Fish,				
Farm, Flood efforts focused in other Agricultur	ral			
Production Districts will need to go through th	eir			
own processes to identify barriers to success	for			
all stakeholders in these geographic areas. R-				
649 continues to apply to the Snoqualmie Valle	<b>э</b> у			
Agricultural Production District until the				
watershed planning effort outlined in the Fish,				
Farm and Flood recommendations is complete	<b>.</b> .			
A policy reflecting the outcome of this effort sl	hall			
be included in the next eight-year (( <del>cycle</del> )) <u>upd</u>	ate			
of the Comprehensive Plan (( <del>Update</del> )).				

Execut	ive Proposed Policy Amendment	Rationale	Effect	Compliance	Review
R-652	King County commits to preserve Agricultural	Amends policy related to	Clarification to identify	Technical	Yes, in
	Production District parcels in or near the Urban	Agricultural Production	that facilities and	correction,	PRD.
	Growth Area because of their high production	Districts (APDs) Off-Site	infrastructure have	consistent with	Minor
	capabilities, their proximity to markets, and their	Mitigation for Infrastructure	impacts on farms as well	farm statutes.	grammatica
	value as open space. King County should work with cities adjacent to or near Agricultural	Impacts to clarify definitions.	as farmland.		I edit from
	Production Districts to minimize the operational				PRD to remove
	and environmental impacts of urban development and public facilities and				redundant
	infrastructure on farming and farmland, and to				reference
	promote activities ((and infrastructure)), such as				to infrastructur
	Farmers Markets and agriculture processing businesses, that benefit both the cities and the				e.
	farms by improving access to locally grown agricultural products.				

In Cha	pter 3	Rural Areas and Natural Resource Lands,	See APD Off-Site Mitigation.	Ensures that, where	Strengthens	Same.
on pag	on page 3-60, amend as follows:		* Requires King County	public infrastructure is	policies,	
- 1		,	agreement prior to	built, agreements must	consistent with	
R-655	Publi	c services and utilities within and adjacent	construction, and the	follow criteria	farm statutes.	
	to Ag	ricultural Production Districts shall be	establishment of agreements	established in policy.		
	desig	ned to support agriculture and minimize	to minimize impacts.			
	signif	ficant adverse impacts on agriculture and to	* Limits option to public			
	maint	tain total farmland acreage and the area's	facilities to impact Agricultural			
	histo	ric agricultural character:	Production Districts.			
	a.	Whenever feasible, water lines, sewer				
		lines and other public facilities should				
		avoid crossing Agricultural Production				
		Districts. Installation should be timed to				
		minimize negative impacts on seasonal				
		agricultural practices;				
	b.	Road projects planned for the				
		Agricultural Production Districts,				
		including additional roads or the				

widening of roads, should be limited to

Districts. Roads that cross Agricultural Production Districts should be aligned, designed, signed and maintained to

agriculture, and to support farm traffic;

minimize negative impacts on

and

those that are needed for safety or infrastructure preservation and that benefit agricultural uses. Where possible, arterials should be routed around the Agricultural Production

Executive Pro	posed Policy Amendment	Rationale	Effect	Compliance	Review
C.	In cases when King County concludes				
	that public ((or privately owned))				
	facilities meeting regional needs cannot				
	be located outside of, and must intrude				
	into, Agricultural Production Districts,				
	the County shall ensure that the				
	infrastructure ((they should)) be built and				
	located to minimize disruption of				
	agricultural activity, and will establish				
	agreements with the relevant				
	jurisdictions or agencies. If public				
	infrastructure reduces total acreage in				
	the Agricultural Production District,				
	these agreements shall follow the criteria				
	established in policy R-656.				

R-656	((Lands can)) King County may allow lands to
	be removed from the Agricultural Production
	Districts only when it can be demonstrated
	that:
	a. Removal of the land will not

- a. Removal of the land will not diminish the productivity of prime agricultural soils or the effectiveness of farming within the local Agricultural Production District boundaries;
- b. The land is determined to be no longer suitable for agricultural purposes; ((and))
   or
- c. The land is needed for public infrastructure or facilities as described in policy R-655.
- Removal of ((the)) land from the Agricultural Production District ((may)) shall occur only if it is mitigated through the addition of agricultural land abutting the same Agricultural Production District that is, at a minimum, comparable in size, soil quality and agricultural value.
  - a. The County may allow comparable land to be added to another Agricultural

COOTH D OH ONO Mingation.
* Establishes King County as
the primary party in the
decision.

See APD Off-Site Mitigation

- \* Establishes that the County would have already agreed that the need exists, per previous policies.
- \* Allows land to be added adjacent to other Agricultural Production Districts, but at a rate of 1.5 acres added compared to 1 acre lost.
- \* Allows funding to be paid to the County for farmland restoration, but at an amount double the financial value of the land removed.
- \* Edit from PRD to match directive language in sub policies.

Options to provide greater clarity and to add flexibility, while also seeking to avoid speculation by identifying a ratio for mitigation.

Strengthens policies, consistent with farm statutes.

Substantive edits from PRD to Executive Rec. Plan. Policy split into two policies, separating demonstrati on of need from mitigation of impacts. Edit from PRD.

Same.

Executive Proposed Policy Amendment	Rationale	Effect	Compliance	Review
Production District if it determines that				
no comparable land is available adjacent				
to the impacted Agricultural Production				
District. To avoid the loss of farmland in				
any of the districts, a minimum of one				
and a half acres must be added for every				
acre removed.				
b. If the County determines that no land				
abutting an Agricultural Production				
District is comparable and available, the				
County may mitigate the loss of acreage				
by accepting funding for existing County				
programs that restore lands that are				
farmable but unfarmed within an existing				
Agricultural Production District in order				
to return them to active agricultural				
production. To help avoid the loss of				
total farm productivity, the funding shall				
be a minimum of double the financial				
value of the land removed by the				
infrastructure project.				
In Chapter 3 Rural Areas and Natural Resource Lands,	Amendments to Address the	Edits for consistency	Edits create	Yes, in
starting on page 3-68, amend as follows:	Impacts from, and Regulation	between text and maps	more	PRD.
E. Mineral Resources	of, fossil fuel facilities.	that come later in	consistency with	
L. Miller at Mesources	* Text edits to clarify	chapter.	state law and	
King County contains many valuable mineral resources,	distinction between mining		definitions.	
including deposits of ((eoal,)) sand, rock, gravel, silica, clay,	and mineral extraction under			
metallic ores and potentially recoverable gas and oil. ((Mining))	state law.			

Executive Proposed Policy Amendment	Rationale	Effect	Compliance	Review
Mineral extraction and processing these deposits is an important				
part of King County's economy, currently providing hundreds of				
jobs and producing materials used locally, regionally, and			Same.	Same.
nationally. ((Mining)) Mineral extraction also has historic	See Updates to dates, data,	Same.		- w
significance, in that it provided the impetus for past development	maps and references.			Edits from PRD to fix
in many parts of King County, including Black Diamond and the				grammatica
Newcastle area.				l issues.
King County is required by the Growth Management Act to				
designate and conserve mineral resource lands and plan				
appropriately to protect them. In doing so the county must				
assure that land uses adjacent to mineral resource lands do not				
interfere with the continued use of mineral resource lands in their				
accustomed manner and in accordance with best management				
practices. The policies in this section explain the steps taken to				
designate and conserve mineral resource lands and provide				
direction on the comprehensive review needed before additional				
sites are designated for mineral resource extraction.				
Four main steps are necessary to support and maintain ((and				
enhance commercial)) local availability of mineral resources				
((industries)). First, mineral resource sites should be conserved				
through designation and zoning. Second, land use conflicts				
between ((mining)) mineral extraction, processing and related				

<b>Executive Proposed Policy Amendment</b>	Rationale	Effect	Compliance	Review
operations and adjacent land uses should be prevented or				
minimized through policies and assessment and mitigation of				
environmental impacts. Third, operational practices should				
protect environmental quality, fisheries and wildlife, in balance				
with the needs of the industry. Finally, mining areas need to be				
reclaimed in a timely and appropriate manner.				
The Mineral Resources Map identifies ((four)) three different				
types of Mineral Resource Sites <u>– Designated Mineral Resource</u>				
Sites, Potential Surface Mineral Resources, and Nonconforming				
Mineral Resource Sites and Existing Mineral Resource Sites in				
the Forest Production District. The sites were identified in the				
1994 King County Comprehensive Plan or in subsequent annual				
updates. Following the Mineral Resources Map is a spreadsheet				
that contains information on each Mineral Resource Site parcel.				
The Designated Mineral Resources Sites on the Mineral				
Resources Map satisfy King County's responsibility to designate				
and conserve mineral resources consistent with requirements of				
the Growth Management Act. All Designated Mineral				
Resources Sites have Mineral zoning. Most of the Designated				
Mineral Resources Sites shown on the map contain sand and/or				
gravel; however, a few contain other mineral resources such as				
silica, rock, stone, shale, and clay. The criteria used in the 1994				

<b>Executive Proposed Policy Amendment</b>	Rationale	Effect	Compliance	Review
King County Comprehensive Plan called for designation of				
properties that at the time were either zoned outright for mining				
or those operating under an approved Unclassified Use Permit.				
In addition to the designated Mineral Resources Sites, the Forest				
Production District and Forest (F) zone preserves the				
opportunity for mineral extraction. ((Mining)) Mineral				
extraction is a permitted or conditional use in the F zone.				
Because forestry does not preclude future mineral extraction,				
King County considers the Forest Production District as part of				
its strategy to conserve mineral resources.				
The Mineral Resources Map also shows Potential Surface				
Mineral Resource Sites. These are sites where King County				
((expects)) may allow some future surface mining to occur or				
where the owner or operator indicates an interest in future				
mining. ((Most of the)) The Potential Surface Mineral Resources				
Sites shown on the map ((contain sand and/or gravel; however,				
a few contain other mineral resources such as quarry rock and				
eoal)) do not indicate the material. Because of the geology of				
King County, most valuable metallic mineral resources are				
located in the Forest Production District, and are therefore				
already protected from urban development. Identification of				
Potential Surface Mineral Resources Sites satisfies the Growth				
Management Act requirements to not knowingly preclude				

Executive Proposed Policy Amendment	Rationale	Effect	Compliance	Review
opportunities for future mining and to inform nearby property				
owners of the potential for future mining use of these areas in				
order to prevent or minimize conflicts.				
The Mineral Resources Map also shows ((Non-Conforming))				
Nonconforming Mineral Resources Sites. These are sites on				
which some mining operations predated King County zoning				
regulations without appropriate zoning or other land use				
approval. Mining for these sites has not been authorized through				
a Land Use Map or zoning designation. These sites are shown				
for informational purposes only. Mining can occur on an				
identified site only if mining has been approved as a				
nonconforming use by the Department of Local Services -				
Permitting <u>Division</u> ((and Environmental Review)), and mining				
activities have received all other necessary permit approvals.				
Because the sites have not undergone formal review to be				
designated on the Land Use Map or zoned for mining, the sites				
do not have long-term commercial significance. However, they				
can continue to serve mineral supply needs.				
((The Mineral Resources Map also shows Owner Identified	See Amendments regarding	* Removes discussion of	Same.	Same.
Potential Coal Mining Sites that contain subsurface coal	impacts and regulation of	coal mines, as they are		
resources. These sites could be mined by either underground or	fossil fuel facilities.	removed from the		
surface mining techniques. Because of continued uncertainties		discussion of mineral		
involving the economics of energy and related market		resources, a term		

Execut	ive Pr	roposed Policy Amendment	Rationale	Effect	Compliance	Review
conditio	ns, it	is not always possible to determine the timing or		consistent with state law,		
likeliho	<del>od of c</del>	coal resources extraction in potential coal mining		which does not include		
areas. J	Jnder	ground and surface coal mining is subject to		organic materials.		
permitti	<del>ng an</del>	d enforcement by the federal government. King				
County	regula	ntes land use decisions governing surface facilities.				
Because	of the	e difficulty in precisely locating these facilities prior				
to an ac	tual p	roposal, King County determined to not apply				
Potentia	al M z	oning to owner-identified coal resources sites.))				
R-679	((mi Resc resc land mail indu	County shall identify existing and potential ning)) mineral extraction sites on the Mineral ources Map in order to conserve mineral ources, promote compatibility with nearby luses, protect environmental quality, ntain and enhance mineral resource estries and serve to notify property owners of potential for ((mining)) mineral extraction wities. The county shall identify:  Sites with existing Mineral zoning as  Designated Mineral Resource Sites;  Sites where the landowner or operator has indicated an interest in mining, sites that as of the date of adoption of the 1994  Comprehensive Plan had potential	See Amendments regarding impacts and regulation of fossil fuel facilities.  * Language consistency changes to reflect that coal is an organic substance, not a mineral substance.	Removes coal mines from list of County Mineral Resource sites.	Same.	Same.
		Quarrying/Mining zoning, or sites that the county determines might support future ((mining)) mineral extraction as Potential Surface Mineral Resource Sites; and				

Executive Proposed Policy Amendment	R	Rationale	Effect	Compliance	Review
c. Sites where mining operations zoning regulations but withou other land use approvals as ((Non-Conforming)) Nonconforming (Resource Sites((; and d. Owner-Identified Potential Sul Coal Sites)).  R-680 King County shall designate as ((mi	t zoning or  rming Mineral  -Surface	See Amendments regarding	Terminology	Same.	Same.
R-680 King County shall designate as ((minor on the Comprehensive Plan Land Usites that had Potential Mineral (M) to the date of adoption of the 1994 Comprehensive Plan and those site Mineral zoning as of the date of the the 2000 King County Comprehensi Update)) update.  A mining designation on the Land Unot create a presumption that Mine be approved for sites with Potentia zoning. Potential Mineral zoning shapplied to additional sites.	se Map those for sthat had adoption of ve Plan ((2000)  Jse Map shall ral zoning will I Mineral	mpacts and regulation of ossil fuel facilities.  Also, see "Standardize Plan Update Terminology."	clarifications consistent with state law.  Same.	Same.	Same.
In Chapter 3 Rural Areas and Natural Resource starting on page 3-70, amend as follows:  ((Mining)) Mineral extraction is an intense operation continue for many years. ((Mining)) Mineral extraction operations can significantly change the land being have impacts on the environment and on nearby	im for action g mined and	Gee Amendments regarding mpacts and regulation of cossil fuel facilities.  Removes discussion of mpacts from coal mines, and deneralizes discussion of	Terminology clarifications consistent with state law.	Same.	Same.

Execut	ive Proposed Policy Amendment	Rationale	Effect	Compliance	Review
Beyond direct impacts to the mine site and nearby properties,		mineral extraction and			
((the mi	ning, transport, and end use of coal in production of	processing.			
electrici	ty releases carbon that contributes)) mineral extraction				
and pro	cessing can contribute to greenhouse gas emissions. In				
2014, th	e county and cities updated the Countywide Planning				
Policies	to set a goal to reduce greenhouse gas emissions 80% by				
2050 at	the county scale.				
The cou	inty's 2015 Strategic Climate Action Plan includes the				
same ov	rerarching goal. King County requires comprehensive				
review,	including environmental analysis, prior to approving a				
Land U	se Map and zoning change. Site-specific environmental				
review	will also be required for a grading permit or any other				
permit t	hat is necessary for a mining operation. Therefore, a				
compre	hensive site-specific study is required prior to any such				
approva	1.				
R-681	King County may designate additional sites on	See Amendments regarding	* Terminology	Same.	Same.
	the Comprehensive Plan Land Use Map as Mining	impacts and regulation of	clarifications consistent		
	only following a site-specific rezone to Mineral	fossil fuel facilities.	with state law.		
	zoning. Upon approval of a rezone to Mineral	* Removes reference to coal			
	zoning, the Comprehensive Plan Land Use Map	mines in discussion of			
	shall be amended to designate the site as	potential future mineral			
	((mining)) Mining during the next Comprehensive	extraction and processing.			
	Plan ((amendment cycle)) update. King County				
	should approve applications for site-specific rezones to Mineral zoning and applications for			Same.	Same.
	10201103 to minicial Zolling and applications for				

Executive I	Proposed Policy Amendment	Rationale	Effect	Compliance	Review
pe	rmits that would authorize mineral extraction	Also, see "Standardize Plan	Same.		
an	d processing only following site-specific	Update Terminology."			
en	vironmental study, early and continuous public				
no	tice and comment opportunities, when:				
a.	The proposed site contains rock, sand,				
	gravel, (( <del>coal,</del> )) oil, gas or other mineral				
	resources;				
b.	The proposed site is large enough to				
	confine or mitigate all operational				
	impacts;				
C.	The proposal will allow operation with				
	limited conflicts with adjacent land uses				
	when mitigating measures are applied;				
d.	The proposal has been evaluated under				
	the State Environmental Policy Act so				
	that the county may approve, condition				
	or deny applications consistent with the county's substantive State				
	Environmental Policy Act authority, and				
	in order to mitigate significant adverse				
	environmental impacts.				
e.	Roads or rail facilities serving or				
	proposed to serve the site can safely and				
	adequately handle transport of products				
	and are in close proximity to the site.				
If King Cou	nty denies an application for a site-specific ((mining))	See Amendments regarding	* Terminology	Same.	Same.
Mineral rezo	one it should remove the Mining land use	impacts and regulation of	clarifications consistent		
designation	from the Land Use map, and the associated	fossil fuel facilities.	with state law.		

Executive Proposed Policy Amendment	Rationale	Effect	Compliance	Review
Potential Surface Resource Mineral ((zoning for the)) site	* Technical fix to incorrect			
designation from the ((county's Land Use maps)) Mineral	map references, and			
Resources map. If the county denies a permit that would	grammatical fix to			
authorize mineral extraction and/or processing on a Designated	capitalization.			
Mineral Resources Site, the county should consider new				
information generated during the permit review process to				
determine whether the site is not properly designated as mineral				
resource land of long-term commercial significance, the				
designation for the site on the Mineral Resources Map should be				
changed from Designated Mineral Resources Site to Potential				
((surface)) Surface Mineral Resource Site. In addition, the				
Mining land use designation and the Mineral zoning				
classification for the site should be amended to be compatible				
with the surrounding properties.				
R-682 King County should remove the Mining land use	See Standardize plan update	Same.	Same.	Same.
designation on the Comprehensive Plan Land	terminology.			
Use Map and associated Potential Mineral zone				
or Mineral zoning for any sites that have been	See Amendments regarding	Amendment to clarify	Creates greater	Same.
denied a rezone to Mineral.	impacts and regulation of	that sites that are not	consistency to	
	fossil fuel facilities.	determined to be of long-	evaluate for	
If a grading or other permit necessary for the extraction of mineral resources is denied on a		term commercial	future	
Designated Mineral Resource Site, the county		significance, are no	designation.	
shall evaluate whether such mineral resource		longer designated to		
designation is appropriate. The re-evaluation		"potential" sites. Rather		
process may occur during the annual				

Execut	ive Proposed Policy Amendment	Rationale	Effect	Compliance	Review
LAGOUI	Comprehensive Plan ((amendment cycle)) update and information produced during the permit review process shall be used to evaluate the appropriateness of changing the existing designation. If the county determines that the site should not be designated as mineral resource land of long-term commercial significance as defined in the Growth Management Act, the County shall evaluate whether the site shall ((be redesignated to a Potential Surface)) remain as a Mineral Resource Site on the Mineral Resources Map and to a land use designation and zoning		they are evaluated for designation.	Compilative	IZGAIGAA
	classification compatible with the surrounding properties.				
R-683	King County may ((update)) amend the Mineral Resources Map to identify additional Potential Surface Mineral Resource Sites only during the eight-year Comprehensive Plan ((amendment eyele)) update or as part of a four-year midpoint update.	See Amendments regarding impacts and regulation of fossil fuel facilities.  See Standardize plan update	Terminology clarifications to address update processes, and for consistency with maps at the end of the chapter.	Changes for consistency.	Same.
		terminology.	Same.	Carro.	Same.
R-684	The preferred adjacent land uses to sites designated as Mining on the Land Use Map are mining, industrial, open space or forestry uses. Sites for newly proposed Mineral zones shall not be adjacent to or within Agricultural Production Districts. Agricultural lands and operations	See Amendments regarding impacts and regulation of fossil fuel facilities.	Terminology clarifications consistent with state law.	Same.	Same.

Execut	ive Proposed Policy Amendment	Rationale	Effect	Compliance	Review
	should be protected from significant impacts				
	associated with nearby (( <del>mine</del> )) mineral				
	extraction operations.				
R-685	((Mining)) Mineral extraction activities are	See Amendments regarding	Terminology	Same.	Same.
	permitted within the Forest Production District,	impacts and regulation of	clarifications consistent		
	consistent with <u>policy</u> R-620. However, a	fossil fuel facilities.	with state law.		
	conditional use permit shall be required for				
	((mining)) mineral extraction activities in the				
	Forest Production District located within				
	one-quarter mile of established residences or for				
	proposals seeking to use local access streets				
	where abutting lots are developed for residential				
	use.				
R-686	In order to comprehensively assess the	See Amendments regarding	Terminology	Same.	Same.
	environmental impacts associated with a zoning	impacts and regulation of	clarifications consistent		
	change, conditional use or operating approval for	fossil fuel facilities.	with state law.		
	a ((mining)) mineral extraction proposal, the				
	range of environmental impacts, including				
	short-term and long-term effects arising or				
	existing over the lifetime of the proposal, shall be				
	assessed at the earliest possible stage. This				
	should include the potential for future proposals				
	for structures and operations related to ((mining))				
	mineral extraction, such as asphalt and concrete				
	batch plants.				
R-687	King County should prevent or minimize conflicts	See Amendments regarding	Terminology	Same.	Same.
	with (( <del>mining</del> )) mineral extraction when planning	impacts and regulation of	clarifications for		
	land uses adjacent to Designated and Potential	fossil fuel facilities.			
ı	<b>Surface</b> Mineral Resource Sites. Subarea studies				

Execut	ive Proposed Policy Amendment	Rationale	Effect	Compliance	Review
	may indicate areas where ((mining)) Mining is an		consistency with rest of		
	inappropriate land use <u>designation</u> . Designated		the chapter.		
	and Potential Surface Mineral Resource Sites and				
	((nonconforming sites)) Nonconforming Mineral				
	Resource Sites should be shown on the Mineral				
	Resources Map and subarea study maps in order				
	to notify nearby property owners and residents of				
	existing and prospective ((mining)) mineral				
	extraction activities.				
R-688	The periodic review process for mineral	See Amendments regarding	Terminology	Same.	Same.
	((extractive)) extraction and processing	impacts and regulation of	clarifications consistent		
	operations shall include sufficient public notice	fossil fuel facilities.	with state law.		
	and comment opportunities. The purpose of the				
	periodic review process is to provide				
	opportunities for public review and comment on				
	the mineral resource facility's fulfillment of state				
	and county regulations and implementation of				
	industry-standard best management practices,				
	and for King County to modify, add or remove				
	conditions to address new circumstances and/or				
	unanticipated project-generated impacts. The				
	periodic review process is not intended to				
	re-examine the appropriateness of the mineral				
	resource use, or to consider expansion of				
	operations beyond the scope of existing				
	permitted operations since that review would be				
	accomplished through the county's permitting				
	process. The periodic review is intended to be a				
	part of King County's ongoing enforcement and				

Execut	Executive Proposed Policy Amendment		Rationale	Effect	Compliance	Review
	inspe	ctions of mineral resource sites, and not to				
	be a p	part of the county's permitting process.				
R-689	Cond	itions and mitigations for significant	See Amendments regarding	Terminology	Same.	Same.
	adver	se environmental impacts associated with	impacts and regulation of	clarifications consistent		
	minin	g operations and their associated	fossil fuel facilities. Removes	with state law.		
	structures or facilities should be required,		reference to coal mines,			
	espec	cially in the following areas:	generalized requirements to			
	a.	Air quality;	all mineral extractions.			
	b.	Environmentally sensitive and critical	di minorai extractione.			
		areas, such as surface and groundwater				
		quality and quantity, wetlands, fisheries				
		and wildlife habitats, and aquatic				
		habitats;				
	C.	Noise levels;				
	d.	Vibration;				
	e.	Light and glare;				
	f.	Vehicular access and safety;				
	g.	Land and shoreline uses;				
	h.	Traffic impacts;				
	i.	Visual impacts;				
	j.	Cultural and historic features and				
		resources;				
	k.	Site security;				
	I.	Climate change impacts from (( <del>coal</del>				
		mined)) minerals extracted for energy				
		production; and				
	m.	Others unique to specific sites and				
		proposals.				

Execu	tive Prop	osed Policy Amendment			Rationale	Effect	Compliance	Review
R-690	Where	mineral extraction or minir	ng are sul	bject to	See Amendments regarding	Terminology	Same.	Same.
	state o	<u>r federal regulations,</u> King	County s	hould	impacts and regulation of	clarifications consistent		
	work w	rith the state and federal go	vernmen	ts to	fossil fuel facilities.	with state law.		
	ensure	that proposals ((for under	<del>ground m</del>	<del>nining,</del>	* Removes reference to coal			
	<del>oil and</del>	gas extraction, and surfac	<del>e coal mi</del>	ning))	mines.			
	are rev	iewed with consideration of	of local la	nd use	* Clarifies when County works			
		vironmental requirements,	_		with federal and state			
	•	s from transport and asses			regulators.			
		e change impacts from end	• • •	<del>oil, gas</del>	rogulators.			
	and co	al)) minerals and mined ma	<u>terials</u> .					
In Cha	<mark>pter 3 Ru</mark>	<mark>ral Areas and Natural Resou</mark> l	<mark>rce Lands</mark>	•	See Amendments regarding	Terminology	Same.	Same.
starting	g on page	3-74, amend as follows:			impacts and regulation of	clarifications for		
Minera	al Resour	ces Property Information fo	or the Min	neral	fossil fuel facilities.	consistency with rest of		
	rces Map				* Change to table headings to	the chapter.		
					distinguish that materials are			
DESI	GNATED	MINERAL RESOURCE SITI	ES		in the ground whereas the			
Man	Sectio			Total	product is what is created			
Map			(( <del>Pro</del>	Site	from the material.			
#	n-	Site Name and/or	duct))	Acre	* Removes reference to coal			
Sec	Towns	Owner/Operator	<u>Mater</u>	age	mines.			
tion	hip-	o mion, o por ato.		_				
-	Range		<u>ial</u> *	(app				
				rox.)				
	25-21-	Cadman S & G/Flintston	00	7.5				
1	06	S&G	SG	75				
2	11-20-	Plum Creek Timber						
	07	Company	SG	476				

Executive Proposed Policy Amendment				
	21-20-			
	07			
3	21-22-	Ideal Cement Co/King	SG	39
	03	County		
		Kangley Pit/Meridian		
		Aggregates Co. (398		
5	27-22-	acres) and	SG	608
	07	Stoneway Concrete Gravel		
		Pit/Gary Merlino Construction		
	28-23-	Cedar Grove Pit/Queen		
6	26-23-	City Farms	SG	315
	33-23-	Lake Francis Pit/Plumb		
7	06	Creek Timber Co	SG	143
	33-23-	Cedar grove Pit		
8	06	/ANMARCO	SG	35
	20-23-	Cedar Mountain Pit/ Rivera		
9	06	& Green	SG	57
10	20-22-	Black River Quarry	SG	374
10	06	DIACK RIVEL QUALTY	36	3/4
	08-28-			
12	07	Cherry Pit/Thompson	SG	13
14	17-26-	Charry i la mompoon	55	10
	07			

Execu	itive Prop	oosed Policy Amendment		
13	19-24- 08 20-24- 08	Snoqualmie/Weyerhaeuser Co. and S. Parsons et. al.	SG	665
15	06-23- 06	Squak Mountain Quarry/M. Palmer	RS	16
16	22-24- 07	Raging River/Cadman	RS	46
17	33-20- 07	Highway 410 Quarry/J. Laramie	RS	34
18	28-26- 11 27-26- 11	Meridian Aggregates	R	38
((19	11-21- 06 12-21- 06	John Henry Coal Mine/Palmer Coking Coal	G	<del>375</del> ))
20	01-21- 06 36-22- 06	Reserve Silica Corporation Plum Creek Timber Co. and Silica Sand Mine	S	
23	32-24- 06	State of Washington	CL	

Execu	itive Prop	oosed Policy Amendment		
25	32-24- 06	Interpace Harris Mine/ R.Thompson and Eltra. Corp.	SG	
26	35-22- 06	Meridian Minerals Co.	SG	
27	29-23- 06	Pinnacle Exploration	SG	
28	29-23- 06 32-23- 06	ANMARCO and G. Newell	SG	
29	29-23- 06	Plum Creek Timber Co	SG	
30	27-24- 06	Issaquah/King Co.	SG	
31	05-23- 06	King County	SG	
32	33-23- 06	Lake Francis Plum Creek Timber Co	SG	
96	30-21- 07	Franklin Pit/Morris	SG	158

Execu	tive Prop	osed Policy Amendment		Rationale	Effect	Compliance	Review
		URFACE MINERAL RESC	OURCE SITES	See Amendments regarding impacts and regulation of	Terminology clarifications for	Same.	Same.
Map # Sec tion	Sectio n- Towns hip- Range	Site Name and/or Owner/Operator	Total Site Acreage (approx.)	fossil fuel facilities.	consistency with rest of the chapter.		
35	35-22- 05	T. Scarsella	11				
36	07-25- 06	Cadman/King Co.	24				
37	33-23- 06	Merlino Property/ANMARCO	32				
39	20-23- 06	Rivera and Green	21				
40	22-26- 06	T. Alberg	40				
41	31-26- 07	T. Alberg	160				
42	08-26- 07 17-26- 07	R. and A. Thompson	11				

Execu	utive Prop	osed Policy Amendment		Rationale	Effect	Com
43	32-23- 09	R. and A. Thompson	145			
44	11-21- 05	B & M Investments	174			
45	25-22- 02	Doane Family Ltd.	60			
46	08-25- 06	W. Nelson	86			
47	18-21- 07	Palmer Coking Coal	79			
48	30-21- 07	Palmer Coking Coal	275			
50	36-21- 06	Palmer Coking Coal	116			
51	06-23- 06	Palmers	39			
52	12-23- 05	R. and R. Schroeder and Pacific Company Constructors	30			
53	02-20- 06	State of Washington	36			
54	03-91- 33	Weyerhaeuser Co.	36			

Exec	utive Prop	osed Policy Amendment		Rationale	Effect	Compliance	
74		Weyerhaeuser Co	3655				
		Weyerhaeuser Co., United		-			
75		States, U.S. Corps of	4214				
		Engineers					
70		Weyerhaeuser Real	1705	-			
76		Estate Co.	1765				
77		Weyerhaeuser Co. and	705	-			
77		State of Washington	705				
70		Weyerhaeuser Co., Riley,	1926	-			
78		Everett, Hamerly	1926				
70		E. Seliger, Weyerhaeuser	1167	-			
79		Co,	1107				
80		Weyerhaeuser Co.	113	-			
81		Metro	599	-			
		Cadman Black		-			
82		Diamond/Weyerhaeuser	434				
		Co.					
83		Weyerhaeuser Co.	925	-			
	02-20-			-			
55	07	Weyerhaeuser Co., State	634				
<b>3</b> 3	12-20-	of Washington, Metro	U3 <del>4</del>				
	07						
56	10-20-	Weyerhaeuser Co.	80	-			
90	07	weyemaeuser co.	OU				

Exec	utive Prop	osed Policy Amendment		Rationale	Effect
57	15-26- 07	State of Washington	320		
58	16-21- 05	State of Washington	38		
	17-23- 07				
59	18-23- 07 State of Washington 19-23-	640			
	07 20-23- 07				
60	26-21- 06	M & K Company	18		
61	27-24- 06	State of Washington	40	•	
62	30-20- 08	Weyerhaeuser Co.	141		
63	30-21- 07	State of Washington and Palmer Coking Coal	60		
64	30-21- 08	State of Washington	168		
65	34-24- 06	State of Washington	32		

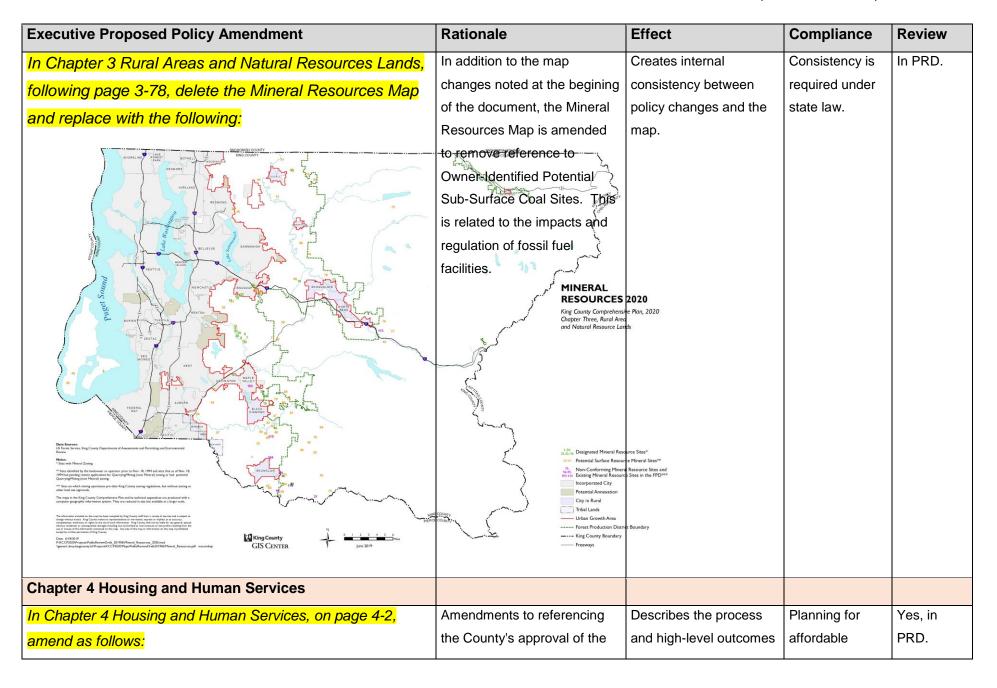
Exec	ecutive Proposed Policy Amendment			Rationale	Effect	Compliance	Review
66	35-24- 06	State of Washington	20				
67	36-20- 06	State of Washington	79				
68	36-20- 06	State of Washington	40				
69	36-21- 06	State of Washington	152				
70	36-21- 07	State of Washington	640				
71	36-23- 06	State of Washington	115				
72	04-21- 07	Weyerhaeuser Co.	173				
73	03-25- 09 04-25- 09 05-25- 09 10-25- 09 33-25- 09	Weyerhaeuser Co.	3079				

Exec	ecutive Proposed Policy Amendment			Rationale	Effect	Compliance
	34-26-					
	09					
	28-20-			_		
	07					
84	32-20-	Weyerhaeuser Co.	669			
07 33	07	Weyernacuser co.				
	33-20-					
	07					
	04-19-					
	07					
85	05-19-	Weyerhaeuser Co.	1572			
	07	-				
	32-20-					
	07			_		
86	34-25-	L.A. Welcome	24			
	07			_		
87	36-21-	Sparling/King Co.	41			
	05			_		
88	21-24- 07	Raging River/King Co.	40			
	32-22-			_		
89	32-22- 07	Lake Retreat/King Co	82			
	35-22-			_		
90	33-22-	Sprowls/King Co.	40			

Execu	tive Prop	osed Policy Amendment			Rationale	Effect	Compliance	Review
91								
92	23-26- 07	Swan Quarry/King Co.	76					
93	31-23- 07	Route 18 Fill Project/Plumb Creek Timber Co.	40					
LEGA	AL (( <del>NON-</del>	CONFORMING)) NONCOM	NFORMING	<u>3</u>	See Amendments regarding	*Change to table	Same.	Same.
RESC	OURCE SI	OURCE SITES AND EXIS <sup>®</sup> ITES IN THE (( <del>FPD</del> )) FORE DISTRICT		ERAL	impacts and regulation of fossil fuel facilities.	headings to distinguish that materials are in the ground whereas the		
PRUI	DUCTION	DISTRICT		Tatal		product is what is		
Map # Sec	Sectio n- Towns	Site Name and/or Owner/Operator	(( <del>Prod</del> <del>uct</del> )) <u>Materi</u>	Total Site Acre age		created from the material.		
tion hip- - Rang	hip- Range	ознологродио.	<u>al</u> *	(app rox.)				
21	01-19- 07	Hardie/Weyerhaeuser	S	625				
94	29-20- 07	Jensen Sand & Gravel/Jensen	SG	13				
95	29-20- 07	Corliss/Weyerhaeuser	SG	60				

Execu	tive Prop	osed Policy Amendment			Rationale	Effect	Compliance	Review
103	34-22- 06	Summit/King County	SG	176				
104	13-20- 06	Enumclaw Quarry/Pierotti	RS	14				
110	31-21- 07	Hyde Pit/Palmer Coking Coal Co	SG	20				
113	19-23- 09 20-23- 09 29-23- 09	Cadman North Bend/Weyerhaeuser	SG	300				
114	33-20- 07	White River/Weyerhaeuser	RS	175				
		*_KEY FOR ALL SITES			See Amendments regarding	*Change to table	Same.	Same.
SG	=	Sand & Gravel			impacts and regulation of	headings to distinguish		
RS	=	Rock & Stone			fossil fuel facilities.	that materials are in the ground whereas the		
R	=	Rock				product is what is		
(( <del>C</del>		<del>Coal</del> ))				created from the		
ShC	=	Shale & Clay				material.  * Text from map added		
CI	=	Clay				to table for internal		
S	=	Silica				consistency and clarity.		

Executive Proposed Policy Amendment	Rationale	Effect	Compliance	Review
NOTE:				
■ Each map number corresponds to one or more parcel				
number(s), and in some cases different owners and				
operators. The acreage listed represents the sum acreage				
of all the parcels of the site. Please refer to the technical				
appendix for the parcel-specific version of this table.				
<ul> <li>Designated Mineral Resource Sites: Sites with Mineral</li> </ul>				
Zoning.				
• Potential Surface Resource Mineral Sites: Sites identified				
by the landowner or operator prior to Nov.18, 1994 and				
sites as of Nov. 18, 1994 that had pending rezone				
applications for Quarrying/Mining (now Mineral) zoning or				
had potential Quarrying/Mining (now Mineral) zoning.				
<ul> <li>Nonconforming Mineral Resource Sites and Existing</li> </ul>				
Mineral Resource Sites in the Forest Production District:				
Sites on which mining operations pre-date King County				
zoning regulations, but without zoning or other land use				
approvals.				



Rationale	Effect	Compliance	Review
Regional Affordable Housing	of the Regional	housing is a	
Plan.	Affordable Housing	requirement	
	work, and lists the goals	under state law.	
2	making.		
1			
1			
	Regional Affordable Housing	Regional Affordable Housing Plan.  Regional Affordable Housing work, and lists the goals that are intended to guide future decision- making.	Regional Affordable Housing Plan.  Regional Affordable Housing work, and lists the goals that are intended to guide future decision- making.

Execu	tive Proposed Policy Amendment	Rationale	Effect	Compliance	Review
4.	Preserve access to affordable homes for renters by				
	supporting tenant protections to increase housing				
	stability and reduce risk of homelessness;				
5.	Protect existing communities of color and low-income				
	communities from displacement in gentrifying				
	communities;				
6.	Promote greater housing growth and diversity to achieve				
	a variety of housing types at a range of affordability and				
	improve jobs/housing connections throughout King				
	County; and				
7.	Better engage local communities and other partners in				
	addressing the urgent need for and benefits of affordable				
	housing.				
The K	ing County Department of Community and Human				
Service	es is managing the County's role in implementing the Five-				
Year A	action Plan, in collaboration with other internal parties				
such a	s King County the Metro Transit Department, the King				
Count	y Facilities Management Division, the Department of				
Natura	al Resources and Parks, and the Department of Local				
Service	es. The King County Growth Management Planning				
Counc	il created a new Affordable Housing Committee to serve				
as a re	gional advisory body with the goal of recommending				
actions	s and assessing progress toward implementation of the				

Executive Proposed Policy Amendment	Rationale	Effect	Compliance	Review
Five-Year Action Plan. The Committee is intended to function				
as a point of coordination and accountability for affordable				
housing efforts across King County.				

In Chapter 4 Housing and Human Services, on page 4-
20, amend as follows:

- H-201 In coordination with local jurisdictions, funding partners and community partners, King County will seek to build and sustain coordinated regional health and human services and behavioral health systems to provide services, supports, safety and opportunity to those most in need. In carrying out its role in such systems, King County government will:
  - a. Work with other jurisdictions and organizations to define a regional health and human services and behavioral health systems and strengthen financing, access and overall effectiveness of services;
  - Collaborate with other funders to assure coordination in how funds are used, and continue to explore improvements to system design, contracting, data collection and analysis;
  - c. Retain responsibility for the development and implementation of mandated, through law or adopted county policy, countywide specialty systems for behavioral health (including mental health and substance use disorder treatment), physical, emotional and cognitive health, public health, drug and alcohol abuse and dependency, veterans, older adults, children, vulnerable

Amendments to update the	Updates the description	Jurisdictions are	Yes, in
description of County's	of the County's regional	allowed to plan	PRD.
Human Services roles	human services roles,	for human	
	reflecting changes since	services under	
	the 2016	state law.	
	Comprehensive Plan		
	was adopted.		
	•	i	i

<b>Executive P</b>	Proposed Policy Amendment	Rationale	Effect	Compliance	Review
d. e.	adults, and people with developmental disabilities;  Define its regional role in other human service and prevention-oriented systems, including systems that address homelessness, older adults' needs, domestic violence, sexual assault, crisis diversion and re-entry, early intervention and prevention and youth and family services;  Assess and measure the health and needs of King County's residents on an ongoing basis and modify strategies to respond to changing needs, outcomes, and new research; and Review the effectiveness and appropriateness of this policy framework periodically and revise if needed.				
Chapter 5 E	nvironment				
In Chapter 5	5 Environment, on page 5-5, amend as follows:	See Standardize plan update	Same.	Same.	Same.
As part of the	e <u>2004</u> Comprehensive Plan (( <del>Update in 2004</del> ))	terminology.			
update, King	County updated its critical areas, stormwater				
runoff manag	gement, and clearing and grading regulations				
consistent wi	th Growth Management Act requirements to				
include best a	available science. These regulations are functionally				
interrelated, v	with the standards for protection of wetlands,				
	s, and wildlife areas also working in tandem with				

Executive Proposed Policy Amendment	Rationale	Effect	Compliance	Review
landscape-level standards for stormwater management, water				
quality, and clearing and grading.				
In Chapter 5 Environment, on page 5-12, amend as follows:	See Updates to dates, data,	Same.	Same.	Same.
The Puget Sound Partnership was created by the Washington	maps and references.			
State Legislature and Governor in July 2007 to achieve the				
recovery of the Puget Sound ecosystem by the year 2020. Its goal				
is to consolidate and significantly strengthen the federal, state,				
local, and private efforts undertaken to date to protect and				
restore the health of Puget Sound and its watersheds. The Puget				
Sound Partnership also serves as an umbrella group for salmon				
recovery efforts in Puget Sound, including implementation of				
salmon recovery plans prepared for Chinook salmon. King				
County, through its land use decisions, management of				
stormwater and wastewater discharges, development of recycled				
water supplies, cooperative habitat protection and restoration				
projects, work in flood risk reduction, salmon recovery, support				
for agricultural and natural land protection, actions to address				
climate change and ongoing environmental monitoring, is				
actively involved in the conservation and recovery of Puget				
Sound. King County has the opportunity, and responsibility, to				
make significant contributions to protecting and restoring Puget				
Sound. The Puget Sound Partnership's 2020 Action Agenda was				
revised in 2012, 2014 and 2016 focusing on three Strategic				
Initiatives: protecting and restoring habitat, preventing pollution				

Executive Proposed Policy Amendment	Rationale	Effect	Compliance	Review
from stormwater, and recovering shellfish beds. The Partnership				
((anticipates updating)) updated the Action Agenda again in				
2018.				
In Chapter 5 Environment, starting on page 5-20, amend as	See "Amendments to Address	Reflects that the County	Same.	Same.
follows:	Sea Level Rise Impacts on	is adopting new policies		
Climate change impacts are here and now; in the last century,	Coastal Areas."	and development		
sea level in Seattle has risen by eight inches and average annual		regulations to help to		
temperatures in the Pacific Northwest have increased 1.5 degrees		prepare and mitigate for		
Fahrenheit. While greenhouse gas emissions must be reduced to		future impacts from sea level rise.		
avoid the worst impacts of climate change, impacts are projected		leverrise.		
even if global and local greenhouse gas emissions are drastically				
cut. The County is integrating climate change preparedness into:				
Operations and maintenance of infrastructure, programs				
and natural resources;				
<ul> <li>Provision of public services;</li> </ul>				
Policies and regulations; and				
Partnerships with other local governments, community				
groups and businesses.				

Executive Proposed Policy Amendment	Rationale	Effect	Compliance	Review
In Chapter 5 Environment, on page 5-20, after policy E-	See Amendments to address	Sets policy foundation	Same.	Same.
215b, insert the following, and renumber the remaining	sea level rise impacts.	for the associated		
policies consecutively and correct any internal		proposed development		
		regulations to help to		
references accordingly:		prepare and mitigate for		
E-215c King County shall implement land use		future impacts from sea		
regulations that increase resident and business		level rise.		
resiliency to the anticipated impacts of climate				
change based on best available science, such as		Establishes a schedule		
sea level rise, changes in rainfall patterns,		to update the information		
changes in flood volumes and frequencies, and		before eight-year		
changes in average and extreme temperatures.		updates to the		
		Comprehensive Plan.		
E-215d King County shall assess the best available sea				
level rise projections two years prior to each				
eight-year Comprehensive Plan update, and shall				
incorporate the projections into the amendments where appropriate.				
where appropriate.				
E-440 King County should regularly review the	See Standardize plan update	Same.	Same.	Same.
Washington Department of Fish and Wildlife's list		Jame.	Same.	Same.
of Priority Species and other scientific	terminology.			
information on species of local importance, and	Five arementical emission			
evaluate whether any species should be added to	Fixes grammatical omission.			
or deleted from the lists in policies E-435 and				
E-437. Any additions or deletions should be				
made through ((the)) an annual ((amendment				
process for)) update to the comprehensive plan.				

Executive Proposed Policy Amendment	Rationale	Effect	Compliance	Review
In Chapter 5 Environment, on page 5-42, after policy E-	Amendments to discuss	Text describes the	King County is	Yes, in
441, insert the following:	consistency with new state	County's compliance	participating in	PRD.
In accordance with new statutory requirements, as described in	water law related to rural	with new state water law,	state led	
Chapter 9, Services, Facilities and Utilities, the Department of	water availability and permit-	and participation in	planning	
Ecology has established a Watershed Restoration and	exempt wells.	current and future	processes,	
Enhancement Committee in all five Watershed Resource		planning efforts.	state law.	
Inventory Areas located either entirely or partially within King				
County. King County is participating in the Ecology process of				
developing a flow restoration strategy for each of the Watershed				
Resource Inventory Areas to mitigate the consumptive use of				
new permit-exempt wells drilled in the next 20 years. The flow				
restoration strategies are anticipated to be recommended by				
<u>2021.</u>				
Chapter 6 Shorelines				
In Chapter 6 Shorelines, starting on page 6-76, amend	See Amendments to address	* Technical correction to	Same.	Same.
as follows:	sea level rise impacts.	remove inaccurate and		
S-785 King County should encourage replaced	Technical clarification to	unnecessary statement.		
structural shoreline stabilization located on	reflect existing intent and			
Vashon-Maury Island to be relocated outside of	consistency with other existing			
the coastal high hazard area (also known as the	regulations for marine flood			
100-year floodplain) whenever possible. ((The	areas on Vashon-Maury			
edge of the 100-year floodplain is consistent with	Island.			
a two-foot sea-level rise.))				
Chapter 7 Parks, Open Space and Cultural Resources				

<b>Executive Proposed Policy Amer</b>	ndment	Rationale	Effect	Compliance	Review
In Chapter 7 Parks, Open Space Resources, on page 7-12, after following: P-128c King County shall suppoparks that advance publications and avoid	e and Cultural  policy P-128b, insert the  ort activities at County lic health, provide clean d exposure to harmful acco and vaping products,	Reflects State and Federal Decisions Related to Vapor Products.	Describes County approach to management of parks in relationship to public health, including vaping products.	Consistent with earlier policy, the County will regulate as consistent with law authority granted to jurisdictions.	Yes, in PRD.
family and community c					
Chapter 8 Transportation					
CHAPTER 8 TRANSPORTATION		maps and references.			
important to King County and the surrounding region and has profound effects on quality of life and the vitality of the economy. Transportation provides access to jobs, education,	King County Metro also operates streetcar services within the City of Seattle ((South Lake Union streetcar)). The King County International Airport/Boeing Field is owned, operated and maintained by the county.				

<b>Executive Proposed Policy Ar</b>	nendment	Rationale	Effect	Compliance	Review
plays a central role in the	King County's Marine				
regional transportation	Division operates				
sector, supporting a variety	passenger-only ferry service				
of motorized, nonmotorized,	from downtown Seattle to				
air and marine transportation	Vashon Island and West				
needs and providing services	Seattle.				
and facilities ranging from					
local to international.	The county also provides				
	requested road-related				
The county has direct	services to over two dozen				
responsibility for the	cities or other agencies				
unincorporated area road	through contractual				
network. It provides transit	agreements where there is				
services and facilities	mutual benefit to the				
throughout the county,	county and its customer				
including within cities, and	cities and agencies.				
also performs many of Sound					
Transit's services under					
contract.					
n Chapter 8 Transportation, on	page 8-3, amend as follows:	See Updates to dates, data,	Same.	Same.	Same.
The current and projected econor	nic climate, however, places	maps and references.			
evere constraints on the county's	ability to meet these important				
goals. The strategic plans for the <u>l</u>	Road Services Division, Metro				
Transit <u>Department, and the</u> Mar	ine (( <del>, and Road Services</del>				

Executive Proposed Policy Amendment	Rationale	Effect	Compliance	Review
Divisions)) Division identify priorities, analyze available funding				
and constraints, and set targets to help reach these goals.				
In Chapter 8 Transportation, on page 8-5, amend as follows:	See Updates to dates, data,	Same.	Same.	Same.
Public transportation is vitally important to the Puget Sound	maps and references.			
region. It provides connections to jobs, schools, and other				
destinations, and enables those with limited mobility options to				
travel. Public transportation enhances regional economic vitality				
by freeing up roadway capacity and improving the mobility of				
people, goods, and services. It saves the region time and money.				
It helps accommodate regional growth by making better use of				
the region's existing infrastructure and benefiting the				
environment. Public transportation improves the quality of life				
and health for residents and visitors to the Puget Sound region.				
King County provides public transportation services through the				
Metro Transit ((Division)) Department, as well as passenger				
ferry service through the Marine Division.				
Metro Transit (( <del>Division</del> )) <u>Department</u>				
The King County ((Department of Transportation's)) Metro				
Transit ((Division)) Department (Metro) is the designated public				
transit provider for King County. Metro's mission is to provide				
the best possible public transportation services and improve				
regional mobility and quality of life in King County. Metro				
provides more than 120 million fixed-route transit rides per year.				

Executive Proposed Policy Amendment	Rationale	Effect	Compliance	Review
Its fixed route system includes a network of all-day, two-way bus				
routes between residential, business and other transit activity				
centers; peak-period commuter service to major destinations				
from many neighborhoods and from a network of park-and-ride				
lots; and local bus services that connect people to the larger				
transportation system. In addition to bus service, Metro provides				
alternative services, such as commuter vanpools, Access				
paratransit service, Commute Trip Reduction programs, and				
Rideshare Online, as well as community programs such as In				
Motion and car-sharing.				
In Chapter 8 Transportation, starting on page 8-6, amend as	See Updates to dates, data,	Same.	Same.	Same.
follows:	maps and references.			
Water Taxis: King County's Marine Division				
((On January 1, 2015, the King County Ferry District was				
assumed by King County. The Marine Division continues to				
operate passenger only ferry service routes from downtown				
Seattle to West Seattle and Vashon Island. State legislation				
passed during the 2014 legislative session allowed King County				
to take this action. King County gained many administrative				
efficiencies as the Marine Division will no longer be maintaining				
two separate budgets, transferring funds between multiple				
agencies and accounts, and providing reports to two				
governments.))				

Executive Proposed Policy Amendment	Rationale	Effect	Compliance	Review
The Marine Division, which is a part of the Metro Transit				
Department, provides service from downtown Seattle to West				
Seattle and Vashon-Maury Island. The Marine Division is				
guided by the King County Ferry District 2014 Strategic Plan,				
which was developed while under the King County Ferry				
District's governance. The plan expresses the vision and goals for				
passenger-only ferry service in King County for the next three to				
five years. The strategies are the broad initiatives to pursue the				
vision and goals, with specific actions listed under each strategy.				
The plan's vision is to be a leader in regional mobility benefiting				
the community and economic development needs of King				
County through providing water taxi service that is safe, reliable,				
and a great customer experience while being responsive and				
accountable to the public. The goals are to: 1) provide reliable				
and safe service; 2) deliver financially sustainable water taxi				
service; and 3) to integrate water taxi service with the broader				
regional transportation system and economy. The strategies to				
achieve these goals include: 1) build on strengths and grow				
ridership; 2) achieve financial stability; 3) coordinate with				
regional planning and emergency management efforts; and 4)				
explore growth and partnership opportunities.				

Executive Proposed Policy Amendment	Rationale	Effect	Compliance	Review
In Chapter 8 Transportation, starting on page 8-7,	See Updates to dates, data,	Same.	Same.	Same.
amend as follows:	maps and references.			
The Strategic Plan for Road Services defines the vision and				
mission for the King County Department of ((Transportation's				
Road)) Local Services – Road Services Division. The Strategic				
Plan for Road Services provides detailed direction for the				
response to the many complex challenges, including two trends				
that have had significant impacts on the county's road services.				
One is that annexations, consistent with the goals of the Growth				
Management Act, have reduced the urban unincorporated area				
and therefore the tax base that supports the unincorporated road				
system has shrunk significantly. By 2023, when the next major				
Comprehensive Plan update is completed, Road Services				
Division's responsibilities will likely focus almost entirely on the				
Rural Area and Natural Resource Lands. A second trend is the				
decline in County road funding, described in greater detail in				
Section IV. The Strategic Plan for Road Services guides the Road				
Services Division as it is faced with the consequences of a				
smaller service area and reduced funding and seeks to manage				
the unincorporated King County road system through focused				
investment of available resources to facilitate the movement of				
people, goods and services, and respond to emergencies.				

Execut	tive Proposed Policy Amendment	Rationale	Effect	Compliance	Review
In Cha	pter 8 Transportation, on page 8-9, amend as	See Updates to dates, data,	Same.	Same.	Same.
follows	<mark>s:</mark>	maps and references.			
T-104	The Strategic Plan for Public Transportation 2011-2021, King County Metro Service Guidelines and the King County Metro Long Range Plan for Public Transportation, or successor plans, shall guide the planning, development and implementation of the public transportation system and services operated by the King County Metro Transit ((Division)) Department.				
In Cha	pter 8 Transportation, on page 8-10, amend as	See Updates to dates, data, maps and references.	Same.	Same.	Same.
T-107	The King County International Airport Strategic Plan, or successor plans, shall guide the planning, development and implementation of airport facilities and services managed by the King County International Airport ((Division)).				

Execut	ive Proposed Policy Amendment	Rationale	Effect	Compliance	Review
In Cha	pter 8 Transportation, on page 8-15, amend as	Grammatical fix for spelling	Proper labeling of	Improved	Yes, in
follows	<mark>5:</mark>	error.	airports.	consistency.	PRD.
T-213	King County should use its authority including zoning, permitting and development standards to protect the public use airports of ((Banderra))  Bandera near the town of North Bend and Skykomish airport in King County from encroachment of non-compatible land uses.  Compatible airport land uses are those that comply with generally accepted Federal Aviation Administration guidance on location, height, and activity that provide for safe aircraft movement, airport operations, including expansion, and community safety.				
In Cha <sub>l</sub>	oter 8 Transportation, on page 8-18, amend as follows:	Amendment to reflect the	More accurately reflects	Tools such as	Yes, in
review of includir mitigation proport	the Environmental Policy Act establishes environmental of project impacts on all elements of the environment ing transportation. ((In addition, the county has a son payment system whereby developments are charged ionate shares for transportation projects and services as a result of the related growth.))	County's cessation of the Mitigation Payment System.	that this tool was already removed from the King County Code.	the Mitigation Payment System are optional.	PRD.

Executive Proposed Policy Amendment	Rationale	Effect	Compliance	Review
In Chapter 8 Transportation, on page 8-19, amend as follows, and renumber the remaining policies consecutively and correct any internal references accordingly:  ((T-229 King County shall implement a system that establishes fees needed to mitigate the growth-related transportation impacts of new development. The fees will be used to pay a development's proportionate share of	See Amendment to reflect the County's cessation of the Mitigation Payment System.	Same.	Same.	Same.
transportation capital projects needed to support growth including, but not limited to, road, transit, and nonmotorized facilities. Such fees are in addition to any requirements established for transportation services and facilities needed solely as a result of the development.))  In Chapter 8 Transportation, on page 8-20, amend as follows:	Update Regarding Provision	Clarifies public	In certain	Yes, in
In unincorporated King County, the Road Services Division is responsible for nonmotorized facilities such as bicycle lanes, sidewalks, or shoulders on county roads. The division also provides crosswalks and specialized signals or signage that help facilitate safer nonmotorized travel. The King County Road Design and Construction Standards include accommodation for nonmotorized uses and specify bicycle lane, sidewalk, or road shoulder criteria for unincorporated urban and rural roads.  Sidewalks are allowed in Rural Towns and, under certain	of Sidewalks/Pathways in Unincorporated Areas  Edits from PRD to clarify allowance for sidewalks in Rural Towns.	understanding of the circumstances under which sidewalks and pathways are allowed.	circumstances, urban facilities such as sidewalks are allowed in rural areas under state law, and County statutes.	PRD. Edits from PRD for clarity.

Executive Proposed Policy Amendment	Rationale	Effect	Compliance	Review
circumstances, sidewalks are allowed in the Rural Area as a spot				
improvement to address an existing safety or high use issue when				
other walkway alternatives would not be as effective.			Same.	
Road-related nonmotorized capital needs in the unincorporated	Also, See Updates to dates,			
area are included in the Transportation Needs Report and are	data, maps and references.	Same.		Same.
programmed in the six-year Roads Capital Improvement				
Program as funding allows. The HealthScape Transportation				
Programming Tool, along with other criteria, is used in				
evaluating nonmotorized projects in the Transportation Needs				
Report.				
King County also plays a countywide role in nonmotorized				
transportation through its Regional Trails System and transit				
services. The regional trail network, discussed in Chapter 7,				
Parks, Open Space and Cultural Resources, is an integral				
component of the county's transportation system. It includes				
facilities located both in cities and the unincorporated area. The				
trail network functions as the spine of the county's nonmotorized				
system in many areas. Transit and walking or biking are highly				
synergistic; transit use tends to be highest in locations where				
walking and biking are prevalent, and vice versa. The Metro				
Transit ((Division)) Department supports nonmotorized				
transportation programs such as bicycle racks on transit buses				

Rationale	Effect	Compliance	Review
See Amendment to reflect the	Same.	Same.	Same.
County's cessation of the			
Mitigation Payment System.			
See Updates to dates, data,	Same.	Same.	Same.
maps and references.			
See Updates to dates, data,	Same.	Same.	Same.
maps and references.			
	See Amendment to reflect the County's cessation of the Mitigation Payment System.  See Updates to dates, data, maps and references.	See Amendment to reflect the County's cessation of the Mitigation Payment System.  See Updates to dates, data, maps and references.  See Updates to dates, data, Same.	See Amendment to reflect the County's cessation of the Mitigation Payment System.  See Updates to dates, data, maps and references.  Same.  Same.  Same.  Same.  Same.

Executive Proposed Policy Amendment	Rationale	Effect	Compliance	Review
This linkage was refined in the County's 2012 Strategic Climate Action Plan, with an entire chapter focused on the operational and service targets related to transportation and land use. The Strategic Climate Action Plan identifies clear performance targets (how much change is the County attempting to achieve) and strategies and priority activities that reduce greenhouse gas emissions. It allows for the reporting of strategies, program activities, and performance measures related to climate change in one location.				
In Chapter 8 Transportation, starting on page 8-35, amend as follows:  ((King County Marine Division  The Marine Division provides passenger only ferry service between downtown Seattle, Vashon Island, and West Seattle.  In 2015, as part of the adopted 2015-2016 County Budget, the Council instructed the Marine Division to develop a report on the potential for expansion of passenger ferry service in King County. This report was completed in 2015 and could be used to inform potential expansion of County passenger ferry service and associated future property tax levies.))	See Updates to dates, data, maps and references. Updates description of division's services for improved consistency and clarity.	Same.	Same.	Same.
In Chapter 8 Transportation, on page 8-36, amend as follows:  T-401 Financial investments in transportation should support a sustainable, transportation system,	See Updates to dates, data, maps and references.	Same.	Same.	Same.

Executive Pr	roposed Policy Amendment	Rationale	Effect	Compliance	Review
King	sistent with the priorities established in the g County Strategic Plan and each <u>department</u> _division's strategic plan <u>s</u> or other functional as.				
follows:  T-404 When when expensive with proving applications.	en funding transportation projects in areas ere annexations or incorporations are ected, the ((Department of Transportation)) of County should seek interlocal agreements in the affected cities and other service widers to provide opportunities for joint grant lications and cooperative funding of rovements.	See Updates to dates, data, maps and references.	Same.	Same.	Same.
Chapter 9 Se	ervices, Facilities and Utilities				
15, before the the following consecutive accordingly:  1. Legal In January 20 Engrossed Sulchapters 19.27	P Services, Facilities and Utilities, on page 9- the section on potable water systems, insert of and renumber the remaining sections ely and correct any internal references  I Water Availability and New State Laws 18, the Washington State Legislature approved bestitute Senate Bill (ESSB) 6091, now codified in 17, 58.17, 90.03, and 90.94 Revised Code of The adopted statutes clarify the steps building	Amendments to discuss consistency with new state water law related to rural water availability and permit- exempt wells.  Edit from PRD to recognize new watershed planning processes.	Text describes the County's compliance with new state water law.	The County's water provisions are consistent with state law.	Yes, in PRD. Edit from PRD.

Executive Proposed Policy Amendment	Rationale	Effect	Compliance	Review
permit and subdivision applicants must take to establish that				
water is "legally available" when proposing to obtain water from				
a new permit-exempt well.				
In King County, the new water law requirements most directly				
affect development in the Rural Area and on Natural Resource				
Lands where new development may not be served by public				
water systems and applicants are proposing to use permit-exempt				
wells for a source of water supply. King County has had a long-				
standing preference for limiting new permit-exempt wells and				
requiring new development to be connected to larger public				
water systems, known as Group A water systems. Consistent				
with the new water law requirements, King County permitting				
processes ensure that the hierarchy of water service is fully				
implemented with the Comprehensive Plan policies and the King				
County Code. Additionally, consistent with new water law,				
King County will participate in the Washington State				
Department's Watershed Restoration and Enhancement				
Committee process, which may lead to the identification of new				
water planning provisions in future Comprehensive Plan				
updates.				
In Chapter 9 Services, Facilities and Utilities, starting on page	See Updates to dates, data,	Same.	Same.	Same.
9-18, amend as follows:	maps and references.			

Executive Proposed Policy Amendment	Rationale	Effect	Compliance	Review
Under King County Code chapter 9.14, the Department of				
Natural Resources and Parks is to act as lead agency in	Amendments to discuss	Text describes the		
coordinating the activities of the Department of Local Services -	consistency with new state	County's compliance	The County's	Yes, in
Permitting <u>Division</u> ((and Environmental Review)) and Public	water law related to rural	with new state water law.	water provisions	PRD.
Health – Seattle & King County in order to ensure that	water availability and permit-		are consistent	
groundwater quality and quantity are protected, and facilitate	exempt wells.		with state law.	
implementation of the plans that have been developed to protect	Updated from PRD to clarify			
groundwater in five groundwater management areas within King	that the hierarchy is			
County. In accordance with new water law requirements, King	implemented as consistent			
County has an established a hierarchy of water service that	with state law and instream			
restricts the creation of new permit-exempt wells in closed	flow rules.			
basins, except in very limited circumstances, and as consistent				
with state law and the instream flow rules applicable to permit-				
exempt wells.				
In Chapter 9 Services, Facilities and Utilities, on page 9-36,	See Updates to dates, data,	Same.	Same.	Same.
amend as follows:	maps and references.			
Implementation of the 2006 King County Flood Hazard				
Management Plan has played a significant role in protecting				
King County's economic base. The 2006 Flood Hazard				
Management Plan ((is now being)) was updated in 2013.				
In Chapter 9 Services, Facilities and Utilities, starting on page	See Amendments regarding	Text amendments to	Same.	Same.
9-37, amend as follows:	impacts and regulation of	more fully describe the		
King County's economy and quality of life depend on readily	fossil fuel facilities.	ways in which the		
available, affordable and clean energy and telecommunications		County seeks to manage		

Executive Proposed Policy Amendment	Rationale	Effect	Compliance	Review
resources. Energy and electronic communications systems	* More fully describes	the energy system and		
provide important public services and their implementation must	potential impacts of energy	its impacts.		
be coordinated with land use planning. The sustainable development and efficient use of energy resources can ensure their continued availability while minimizing long-term costs, risks and impacts to ((the individual, society, and the shared environment)) public health and safety, air and water quality, and essential public infrastructure and services.	systems to health, safety and natural resources.  * Technical update to reflect a more recent plan.  * Reframes discussion from just impacts to the costeffectiveness of focusing on County operations.	its impacts.		
human energy use, King County is planning its energy uses in ways that will manage its procurement, production, use, policies, and planning in order to improve energy efficiency; increase production and use of renewable energy; reduce risk to public health, safety, critical services, and the environment; and reduce the release of greenhouse gases and emissions. This includes rigorous and transparent review and regulation of fossil fuel facilities.				
Toward ((that goal, King County implemented the 2010 King County Energy Plan and)) these goals, the 2015 Strategic Climate Action Plan ((, which)) includes the following objectives for reducing energy use and greenhouse gas emissions in King County:				

Rationale	Effect	Compliance	Review
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<b>Executive Proposed Policy Amendment</b>	Rationale	Effect	Compliance	Review
Some divisions may exceed the targets, while others may not				
meet them in given years – but all divisions will use the Strategic				
Climate Action Plan as the basis for strategic energy planning				
and direction.				
King County divisions are taking steps to translate countywide				
energy targets into agency specific plans and action. Agency				
specific plans are important steps that support progress towards				
countywide targets.				
The Strategic Climate Action Plan sets the county's long term				
goal of reducing its greenhouse gas emissions from government				
operations, compared to a 2007 baseline, by at least at least $80\%$				
by 2050. In order to accomplish this goal, the county is dedicated				
to reducing its energy use, which ((most heavily contributes to				
its)) is the most cost effective approach to reducing greenhouse				
gas emissions. Energy reduction goals are included in the				
Strategic Climate Action Plan. In its government operations, the				
county set buildings and facilities normalized energy use				
reduction goals of five percent reduction by 2020 and 10% by				
2025, as measured against a 2014 baseline. In its vehicle				
operations, the county set a reduction goal of at least 10% of its				
normalized net energy use by 2020, again measured against a				
2014 baseline.				

Executive Proposed Policy Amendment	Rationale	Effect	Compliance	Review
In Chapter 9 Services, Facilities and Utilities, on page 9-	Grammar fix to add a missing	Improves consistency of	Consistency is	Yes, in
40, amend as follows:	period.	document.	required by	PRD.
F-307 King County should foster the development and			state law.	
increased use of clean, renewable and alternative				
fuel and energy technologies <u>.</u>				
In Chapter 9 Services, Facilities and Utilities, on page 9-	Amendments regarding	Text amendments to	Changes to	Yes, in
49, prior to section 5: Hazardous Liquid and Gas	impacts and regulation of	describe county interests	Plan are	PRD.
Transmission Pipeline, amend as follows:	fossil fuel facilities.	in regulating these	consistent with	Minor edits
5. Fossil Fuels and Fossil Fuel Facilities	* Establishes a new section in	facilities. Text lays	authorities	for
Fossil fuels include coal, petroleum products (such as crude oil	Chapter 9 devoted to Fossil	foundation for	granted to	consistency
	Fuels Facilities. This includes	Comprehensive Plan	jurisdictions	
and gasoline), and gaseous fuels (such as natural gas and	introductory text which	policies and King County	under state law	
propane). Fossil fuels do not include non-fuel products;	describes the system, its	code. These will impact	to regulate	
denatured fuel additives, renewable fuels such as biodiesel, or	impacts, and issues of	the regulation of different	natural resource	
fuels generated from waste management processes, such as	concern to the County.	types of mines, and	lands, and land	
wastewater treatment, anaerobic digesters, landfill waste	* Following this, new policies	other energy sources.	use.	
management, livestock manure, and composting processes.	are established, as described			
	on subsequent pages.			
The transport of fossil fuels has grown substantially. Between				
2012 and 2017, movement of fossil fuel products through	Edits from PRD for			
Washington state by rail grew from zero to 54 million barrels of	consistency with Code, and			
	clarify that 30,000 gallon is for			
oil, and the movement of oil through the State has increased by	an individual facility, with			
27 percent since 2006.	60,000 is a cumulative total			
	per the definition.			

Rationale	Effect	Compliance	Review
2			
5			
<u>r</u>	rationale  re  re  re  re  re  re  re  re  re		

Executive Proposed Policy Amendment	Rationale	Effect	Compliance	Review
addition, given that the siting of these facilities are often in				
lower-income areas, the impacts can demographically				
disproportionate.				
The County also identified that fossil fuel facilities may pose a				
threat to King County's ecology through extensive land				
disturbing activities that cause adverse impacts to natural				
ecosystems, contamination of surface water and groundwater,				
risks from impacts in areas with seismic and geological				
instability, and destruction of critical habitat for wildlife. The				
study observed that new and expanded major fossil fuel facilities				
may create congestion at vehicle/train crossings, increase noise				
levels through additional vehicle trips, and generate dust, debris,				
and odor. The study also noted that on numerous occasions				
across the United States and Canada, spills of crude oil from				
train derailments and tanker ships and natural gas pipeline				
explosions have caused numerous fatalities and illnesses,				
substantial loss of property, and significant environmental				
damage.				
Fossil fuel mining, infrastructure, associated transport, and end				
use as a fuel are a significant source of carbon dioxide, heavy				
metals, nitrogen oxide, and sulfur dioxide; these contribute to				
climate change and environmental pollution. According to the				

Executive Proposed Policy Amendment	Rationale	Effect	Compliance	Review
International Panel on Climate Change, the combustion of fossil				
fuels is by far the largest human source of global greenhouse gas				
emissions, and it recognizes that most fossil fuel reserves will				
need to be left in the ground if global warming is to be kept to				
levels that avoid the most dangerous climate change impacts.				
Additionally, studies from the State of Washington, the				
University of Washington's Climate Impacts Group, and others				
find that the State of Washington and King County are				
threatened by impacts resulting from climate change, including				
warming temperatures, sea level rise on coastal communities,				
diminishing snowpack and water availability, ocean				
acidification, and forest decline, as well as public safety and				
public health impacts resulting from climate change.				
Local regulations can address these impacts by ensuring				
comprehensive environmental review and permitting				
requirements, particularly for end-point facilities such as				
terminals, storage facilities, and refining and handling facilities.				
Federal and State statutes also regulate components of the fossil				
fuel system, such as the location, construction, and operational				
conditions for pipelines and railroad lines.				
F-330a King County land use policies, development	See Amendments regarding	Same.	Same.	Same.
regulations, and permitting and environmental	impacts and regulation of			
review processes related to fossil fuel facilities	fossil fuel facilities.			
shall be designed to: protect public health,				

Executi	ve Proposed Policy Amendment	Rationale	Effect	Compliance	Review
	safety, and welfare; mitigate and prepare for	* Establishes the purpose for			
	disasters; protect and preserve natural systems;	having policies and			
	manage impacts on public services and	regulations that address the			
	infrastructure; and reduce impacts on climate	impacts of fossil fuel facilities.			
	change. Permitting and review processes shall	* Establishes that regulations			
	be tailored for different scales of fossil fuel	are to be tailored to different			
	<u>facilities.</u>	scales of facilities.			
F-330b	King County shall thoroughly review the full	See Amendments regarding	Same.		
	scope of potential impacts on proposals for new,	impacts and regulation of			
	modified, or expanded fossil fuel facilities. Fossil	fossil fuel facilities.			
	fuel facilities, as defined in the King County Code,	* Directs a full review of			
	include commercial facilities used primarily to	impacts, consistent with			
	receive, store, transfer, wholesale trade, or	Ordinance 18866, which			
	transport fossil fuels, such as but not limited to	imposed a six month			
	bulk terminals, bulk storage facilities, bulk	moratorium on the			
	refining, and bulk handling facilities.	establishment of new or			
		expansion of existing major			
		fossil fuel facilities.			
		* Provides a general			
		description of fossil fuel			
		facilities with the full definition			
		in the King County Code.			
		* Directs that modified fossil			
		fuel facilities shall follow the			
		required permitting process.			
		roquired politikung process.			

Executi	ve Prop	posed Policy Amendment	Rationale	Effect	Compliance	Review
			Edits from the PRD to clarify			
			distinctions between			
			modifications and expansions.			
F-330c	When	reviewing proposals for new, modified or	See Amendments regarding	Same.	Same.	Same.
	expand	ded fossil fuel facilities, King County shall	impacts and regulation of			
	<u>require</u>	e comprehensive environmental	fossil fuel facilities.			
	assess	sment, and early and continuous public	* Requires a comprehensive			
	<u>notice</u>	and comment opportunities. King County	assessment of new fossil fuel			
	shall a	pprove new facilities only when:	facilities. The assessment is			
	<u>a.</u>	The proposed facility can confine or	to address numerous items,			
		mitigate all operational impacts;	as noted in the policy,			
	<u>b.</u>	The facility can adequately mitigate	demonstrate compliance with			
		conflicts with adjacent land uses:	applicable requirements, and			
	<u>C.</u>	The full scope of environmental impacts,	ensure public consultation.			
		including life cycle greenhouse gas	ensure public consultation.			
		emissions and public health, have been				
		evaluated and appropriately conditioned	Edits from the PRD to clarify			
		or mitigated as necessary, consistent	distinctions between			
		with the County's substantive State	modifications and expansions.			
		Environmental Policy Act authority;				
	<u>d.</u>	The applicant must comply with				
		applicable federal and state regulations,				
		including the Clean Water Act, Clean Air				
	•	Act, and Endangered Species Act;				
	<u>e.</u>	The applicant has demonstrated early, meaningful, and robust consultation with				
		the public, surrounding property owners,				
		and with Indian Tribes to assess impacts				
		and with indian tribes to assess impacts				

Executive Proposed Policy Amendment	Rationale	Effect	Compliance	Review
to Treaty-protected cultural and fisheries resources; and f. Risks to public health and public safety can be mitigated.				
Review Tool shall be used as an important consideration to identify and mitigate impacts in the siting of new, modified, or expanded fossil fuel facilities.	See Amendments regarding impacts and regulation of fossil fuel facilities.  * Requires the use of the County's equity impact review tool; this is to be implemented through State Environmental Policy Review procedures that, per Washington Administrative Code section 197-11-444, require assessment of potential adverse environmental impacts on topics such as air quality, water quality, environmental health risks, land and shoreline use, housing, transportation impacts, public services and more.	Sets a foundation for one part of the review of these facilities, related to ESJ.	Same.	Same.

Executive Proposed Policy Amendment	Rationale	Effect	Compliance	Review
	Edits from the PRD to clarify			
	distinctions between			
	modifications and expansions.			
F-330e King County shall establish a periodic revi	See Amendments regarding	New process will allow	Same.	Same.
process for fossil fuel facilities. The period	impacts and regulation of	for ongoing review and		
review process should provide opportuniti	es for fossil fuel facilities.	monitoring of facilities.		
public review and comment. The periodic	review * Directs that King County			
process should evaluate whether the facility	establish a periodic review			
compliance with current federal and state	process for fossil fuel facilities,			
regulations and implementation of	and describes the purpose			
industry-standard best management practi	Ces.			
The process should ensure compliance with	<u>:n</u>			
County regulations. The periodic review p	Edita franc DDD to aloniferra			
should allow King County to modify, add o	<u>-</u>			
remove permit conditions to address new	of terms should and shall.			
circumstances and/or unanticipated				
facility-generated impacts. The periodic re				
process shall not be used to re-examine the	<u>e</u>			
appropriateness of the use, or to consider				
expansion of operations beyond the scope				
existing permitted operations. The periodi				
review shall be a part of King County's ong	<u>loing</u>			
enforcement and inspections of fossil fuel				
facilities, and to assure compliance with				
applicable conditions, mitigations, and the				
up-to-date safety and public health standar	<u>'ds.</u>			

Execut	ive Proposed Policy Amendment	Rationale	Effect	Compliance	Review
F-330f	King County shall prohibit the exploration for or	See Amendments regarding	Will limit coal mining	Same.	Same.
	establishment of new coal mines and the	impacts and regulation of	operations.		
	expansion of existing coal mines.	fossil fuel facilities. Directs			
		that King County will prohibit			
		exploration and establishment			
		of new coal mines, and			
		expansion of existing coal			
		mines.			

Executive Proposed Policy Amendment	Rationale	Effect	Compliance	Review
In Chapter 9 Services, Facilities and Utilities, on page 9-	See Amendments regarding	Establishes that	Same.	Same.
49, amend as follows and renumber the remaining	impacts and regulation of	hazardous liquid and gas		
sections consecutively and correct any internal	fossil fuel facilities.	transmission pipelines		
references accordingly:		are part of the fossil		
	* Also, amendment to another	fuels systems		
6. Hazardous Liquid and Gas Transmission	section of Plan to clarify			
Pipelines	relationship to fossil fuel			
Part of the fossil fuel system is the movement of these fuels by	facility regulations.			
transmission pipelines. Hazardous liquid and gas transmission				
pipelines, as defined by Revised Code of Washington 81.88.040				
and Washington Administrative Code 480-93-005,				
consecutively, provide a vital service of transporting hazardous				
materials from one location to another. Long-distance				
transmission pipelines move a variety of hazardous materials,				
including crude oil, petroleum products, natural gas and				
hazardous liquids, such as anhydrous ammonia. Pipeline				
rupture or failure can result in release of these materials, which				
are highly flammable, explosive or toxic. The policies in this				
chapter identify public values and goals to assure that the				
transmission of hazardous materials by pipeline address public				
health and safety.				

Execut	ive Proposed Policy Amendment	Rationale	Effect	Compliance	Review
	mend as follows:  King County recognizes that federal and state regulatory programs govern the design, construction, and operation of hazardous liquid and gas transmission pipelines. ((To preserve the safety and reliability of the hazardous liquid and gas transmission pipeline system,)) King County shall develop land use, zoning and regulations ((shall be consistent with state and federal requirements)) focused on increasing safety and reducing environmental impacts of transmission pipelines regulated by the federal and state government. King County shall actively engage in federal and state review processes to identify local impacts and risks and advocate for safety and environmental protections.	See Amendments regarding impacts and regulation of fossil fuel facilities.  Also, directs that modifications and maintenance activities be clearly distinguished from expansions.	Clarifies the issues of concern for King County related to hazardous liquid and gas transmission pipelines. States that there a King County role in state and federal review process.	Same.	Same.
F-332	Any new, modified, or expanded hazardous liquid and gas transmission pipelines proposed for construction in King County shall meet the county's development regulations, including but not limited to, King County's zoning code, building code, grading code, and shoreline management code. Proposals for modifications, such as regular maintenance or changes required to address hazards or comply with federal or state safety requirements, shall be	See Amendments regarding impacts and regulation of fossil fuel facilities.  Also, directs that modifications and maintenance activities be	Clarifies the issues of concern for King County related to hazardous liquid and gas transmission pipelines. States that there a King County role in state and federal review process.	Same.	Same.

Executive Proposed Policy Amendment	Rationale	Effect	Compliance	Review
expand facility capacity or uses.	clearly distinguished from expansions.  See Amendments regarding	Establishes that crude oil	Samo	Same.
In Chapter 9 Services, Facilities and Utilities, on page 9-52, amend as follows:  ((7)) 8. Crude Oil Transport by Rail and Vessel  Part of the fossil fuel system is the transport of crude oil by rail and vessel such as trucks and ships. King County and local governments across the United States are facing rapid and significant increases in train traffic carrying crude oil. According to the Washington State Department of Ecology's 2014 Marine and Rail Oil Transportation Study, the volume of crude oil transported by rail across the US increased 42-fold from 2008 to 2013.	impacts and regulation of fossil fuel facilities.  * Also, amendment to another section of Plan to clarify relationship to fossil fuel facility regulations.  Edits from PRD to clarify that term vessel is intended to include trucks and ships.	transport by rail and vessel are part of the fossil fuels systems	Jane.	Jame.

Executiv	ve Proposed Policy Amendment	Rationale	Effect	Compliance	Review
In Chap	oter 9 Services, Facilities and Utilities, on page 9-	See Amendments regarding	Same.	Same.	Same.
53, ame	<mark>end as follows:</mark>	impacts and regulation of			
F-344a	King County Office of Emergency Management	fossil fuel facilities.			
	shall convene local emergency managers, first	Establishes that Office of			
	responders, railroads and others to prepare for	Emergency Management			
	and mitigate the increasing risk of oil spills, fire	should consider potential risk			
	and explosions posed by oil ((-by-rail)) transport	from fossil fuel facilities.			
	by rail and vessel. This work should consider				
	potential risks from fossil fuel facilities.				
F-344b	King County should advocate for environmental	See Amendments regarding	Same.	Same.	Same.
	reviews of proposed oil terminals, and other	impacts and regulation of			
	fossil fuel facilities, in Washington State to	fossil fuel facilities.			
	assess and mitigate for area-wide, cumulative	Establishes King County			
	risks and impacts to public safety, infrastructure,	interest in environmental			
	traffic, health, water supplies and aquatic	review of these facilities.			
	resources from increased oil ((train traffic)) transport by rail and vessels.				
Chanton					
-	10 Economic Development				
•	ter 10 Economic Development, starting on page 10-6,	See Updates to dates, data,	Same.	Same.	Same.
amend a	<mark>as follows:</mark>	maps and references.			
Working	Collaboratively in the Region				
Central I	Puget Sound Economic Development District (serving				
King, Ki	itsap, Pierce, and Snohomish Counties) adopted a				
"Regiona	al Economic Strategy for the Central Puget Sound				
Region"	in 2005, ((and)) updated it in 2012, and then adopted an				
updated	version entitled "Amazing Place" in 2017. The 2017				

Executive Proposed Policy Amendment	Rationale	Effect	Compliance	Review
Regional Economic Strategy was developed by the Puget Sound				
Regional Council (('s Prosperity Partnership a coalition of				
more than 200 government, business, labor, nonprofit and				
community leaders from the four counties—)) to ensure				
long-term regional prosperity.				
In order to accomplish this, the Regional Economic Strategy				
identifies ((ten)) 14 industrial clusters that, based on regional				
economic analysis, offer the best opportunities for business				
growth and job creation in the Central Puget Sound region for				
the next several years.				
Clusters are concentrations of industries that export goods and				
services that drive job creation and import wealth into the region.				
An industry cluster differs from the classic definition of an				
industry sector because it represents the entire horizontal and				
vertical value-added linkages from suppliers to end producers,				
including support services, specialized infrastructure, regional				
universities' research and development, and other resources.				
Clusters are supported by the economic foundations such as				
workforce training, infrastructure, quality education, a stable and				
progressive business climate, and more. The clusters are				
Aerospace, Architecture and Engineering, Business Services,				
Clean Technology, Food and Beverages, Information and				

Executive Proposed Policy Amendment	Rationale	Effect	Compliance	Review
Communication Technology, Life Sciences and Global Health, Maritime, Materials Manufacturing, Military and Defense, ((Philanthropies))Recreational Gear, Tourism ((and Visitors, and)), Transportation and Logistics, and Wood Products. The Regional Economic Strategy identifies specific strategies and actions to help support the growth of each cluster.				
In Chapter 10 Economic Development, on page 10-18, amend as follows:  ED-604 King County will continue to partner with organizations that support programs and strategies that strengthen the interdependence and linkage between the rural, resource and urban economies ((, such as the Regional Food Policy Council and Puget Sound Fresh)).	See Updates to dates, data, maps and references.	Same. Also, neither of these organizations are active. Puget Sound Fresh is now the Tilth Alliance.	Same.	Same.
Chapter 11 Community Service Area Subarea Planning				
In Chapter 11 Community Service Area Subarea Planning, on page 11-1, amend as follows:  CHAPTER 11  COMMUNITY SERVICE AREA  SUBAREA PLANNING	See Updates to dates, data, maps and references.	Same.	Same.	Same.
King County had a robust After nearly two decades of community planning aging plans and significant program that occurred in growth, King County two distinct periods—1973 leadership renewed its				

Executive Proposed Policy	Amendment	Rationale	Effect	Compliance	Review
through 1984 to implement	interest in more detailed				
the 1964 Comprehensive	long-range planning for				
Plan, and 1985 through	unincorporated rural and				
1994 to implement the	urban communities in 2014				
1984 Comprehensive Plan.	by providing funding (( <del>for</del>				
Since then, there have only	the Department of Permitting				
been minor updates to	and Environmental Review))				
community plans that were	to re-initiate a subarea				
processed through updates	planning program. The				
to the Comprehensive	policies in this chapter are				
Plan.	based on these historical				
	adopted Community Plans				
	and will be updated as part of				
	the community planning				
	process in coming years.				
In Chapter 11 Community Ser	vice Area Subarea Planning,	Updates to description of	Clarifies for the public	The King	Yes, in
starting on page 11-2, amend	as follows:	subarea plans to reflect their	the primary focus on	County Code	PRD.
A. Planning Framewo	rk and Geography	focus on land use.	land use in subarea	directs these	
•	rehensive Plan the geographical		plans.	plans to focus on land use.	
boundaries of the County's seven Community Service Areas will				on land use.	
be used as the framework for subarea plans created and amended					
from that point forward. Subarea plans will be developed for the					
	six rural Community Service Areas, and for the five remaining				
SIA TUTAI COMMUNITY SCIVICE A.	icas, and for the five femaning				

Executive Proposed Policy Amendment	Rationale	Effect	Compliance	Review
large urban unincorporated potential annexation areas. The				
primary focus of subarea plans will be on land use issues in these				
subarea geographies.				
In Chapter 11 Community Service Area Subarea Planning,	See Standardize plan update	Same.	Same.	Same.
starting on page 11-3, amend as follows:	terminology.			
B. Planning Schedule				
Below is the schedule for subarea planning using the Community				
Service Area geography. Reviewing all six rural Community				
Service Area subareas and five large urban Potential Annexation				
Areas over the course of an approximately thirteen year period				
(while pausing the subarea planning process during the ((Eight-				
<del>Year</del> )) <u>eight-year</u> update of the Comprehensive Plan) at both the				
broad, policy level and at the local, community level with				
detailed planning will facilitate a more equitable planning				
process. The plan sequencing was determined by subarea plans				
already underway, the ability to partner with other jurisdictions,				
anticipated land use changes within a Community Service Area,				
and striving for a countywide geographic balance in alternating				
years. The anticipated duration of each subarea planning process				
will be two years, which includes time for community				
engagement, plan development, and Council review and				
adoption.				

Executive Proposed Policy Amendment	Rationale	Effect	Compliance	Review
In Chapter 11 Community Service Area Subarea Planning,	See Standardize plan update	Same.	Same.	Same.
starting on page 11-5, amend as follows:	terminology.			
In consideration of the restructure of the subarea planning				
program adopted in 2018, the County will evaluate initiating a				
performance audit of the program once the restructure has been				
implemented, by adding a requirement to the King County				
Auditor's work plan during the 2021-2022 biennium.				
Additionally, following the completion of the first thirteen-year				
subarea planning cycle, the subarea planning schedule for				
developing and adopting updates to the subarea plans moving				
forward will be reviewed as part of the 2031 (( <del>major</del> ))				
Comprehensive Plan update. This review will include evaluation				
of whether the subarea plan update schedule and process can be				
condensed from its current thirteen-year planning cycle.				
In Chapter 11 Community Service Area Subarea Planning,	See Updates to dates, data,	Same.	Same.	Same.
starting on page 11-6, amend as follows:	maps and references.			
The Bear Creek/Sammamish Community Service Area consists				
of portions of the following former Community Planning Areas:				
Bear Creek, Northshore and East Sammamish. Large sections of				
this area have been annexed into the cities of Bothell and				
Redmond and have incorporated into the cities of Kenmore,				
Sammamish and Woodinville. The Urban Planned				
Developments east of the City of Redmond ((are)) were				
controlled through (( <del>detailed</del> )) development agreements (( <del>and</del>				

Executive Proposed Policy Amendment	Rationale	Effect	Compliance	Review
built-out for all practical purposes)); however, those agreements				
were expiring and, in 2020, King County established land use				
and zoning for these areas. King County will not permit				
additional similar urban-scale development outside the Urban				
Growth Area. The policies listed below pertain to areas within				
the Community Service Area that are still within unincorporated				
King County.				

Yes.

In Chapter 11 Community Service Area Subarea
Planning, starting on page 11-40, amend as follows:

## D. ((<del>West Hill —</del> ))Skyway<u>-West Hill</u> Potential Annexation Area

((The West Hill Plan was adopted by King County in 1993, and as such was prepared in conformance with the Growth Management Act and incorporated as part of the 1994 King County Comprehensive Plan.

In 2014, the County adopted Motion 14221, which called for a comprehensive update to the West Hill Community Plan.

Around this same time, the County was also providing technical assistance to a community led effort to update some elements of the Community Plan. This community led effort resulted in the development of a local Action Plan, which was proposed to be an addendum to the existing Community Plan. Since then, the County reinitiated its Subarea Planning Program—and, as a result, the County now has resources available to comprehensively review the Community Plan, consistent with Motion 14221. The County will work with the community to review the proposed Action Plan and to update the Community Plan within the context of the new Subarea Planning Program. A process to update to the Community Plan will be initiated in

Updates to chapter to match
"Vashon-Maury Island
Subareas Plan" description
that was added in 2017 to
Chapter 11.

Provides consistent
information for each
subarea plan. The
ordinance in 2017
identified that this was
the appropriate level of
detail for the
Comprehensive Plan for
each subarea plan.

Executive
Recommen
ded Plan,
after these
component
s were
finalized
through
public
comment.

Added in

Executive Proposed Policy Amendment	Rationale	Effect	Compliance	Review
approximately July 2018, with adoption anticipated in June				
<del>2020.</del> ))				
<u>Plan History</u>				
In June 2020, the County adopted the Skyway-West Hill Land				
Use Subarea Plan following two years of engagement with a				
broad set of community stakeholders. The Skyway-West Hill				
Land Use Subarea Plan sets the stage for the next 20 years of				
land use in the urban unincorporated community of Skyway-				
West Hill and replaces the 1994 West Hill Community Plan that				
had guided land use in this portion of the West King County				
Community Service Area for the previous 25 years.				
Vision & Guiding Principles				
Community Vision				
Skyway-West Hill's residential neighborhoods and commercial				
centers are vibrant and walkable places where people from				
diverse backgrounds can live, work, play, and thrive.				
Plan Purpose				
Reflect the community's desire for equitable development and				
economic growth that enriches its cultural diversity.				

Executive Proposed Policy Amendment	Rationale	Effect	Compliance	Review
Guiding Principles				
<ul> <li>The Community Vision and Plan Purpose are achieved by the following the Plan's guiding principles:         <ul> <li>King County will encourage equitable development by promoting access to a variety of housing choices, incentivizing the creation of public amenities, addressing displacement risk, encouraging economic opportunity, and cultivating neighborhood character.</li> <li>The community will inform how the County develops land use regulations and will ensure that the Skyway-West Hill</li> </ul> </li> </ul>				
Land Use Plan and its associated Land Use and Zoning Map Amendments incorporate equity values.  The character of the community's residential neighborhoods will be respected.				
New residential development will be encouraged along major corridors, on transit routes, and near commercial centers.				
<ul> <li>The development of community-desired amenities will be promoted, and the community's diverse physical and cultural assets will be enriched.</li> </ul>				
<ul> <li>Existing affordable housing will be protected and the creation of new affordable housing will be encouraged.</li> </ul>				
<ul> <li>Commercial areas will be sustainable, vibrant, walkable, and provide opportunities for local businesses to succeed.</li> </ul>				
(note: a map of subarea is added into the Comprehensive Plan)				
Chapter 12 Implementation, Amendments and Evaluation				

<b>Executive Proposed Policy A</b>	mendment	Rationale	Effect	Compliance	Review
In Chapter 12 Implementation,	Amendments and Evaluation,	See Standardize plan update	Same.	Same.	Same.
starting on page 12-1, amend a	as follows:	terminology.			
CHAPTER 12 IMPLEMENTATION, AMENDM	MENTS AND EVALUATION				
- INT ELIVIENTATION, AMENDIO	ILITIO AND EVALUATION				
The Comprehensive Plan	The chapter explains the				
policies, development	relationship between				
regulations and countywide	planning and zoning, lists				
policy framework have been	the incentives programs,				
adopted to achieve the	identifies actions that will				
county and region's growth	be undertaken between				
management objectives.	major updates to implement				
This chapter describes the	or refine provisions within				
tools, processes and	the Comprehensive Plan,				
procedures used to	and outlines and				
implement, review and	distinguishes between				
amend ((and review)) the	annual updates ((eycles)),				
Comprehensive Plan.	midpoint updates, and				
	eight-year (( <del>cycle</del> ))				
	amendments.				
In Chapter 12 Implementation,	Amendments and Evaluation,	See Standardize plan update	Same.	Same.	Same.
starting on page 12-4, amend a	as follows:	terminology.			
The Comprehensive Plan amend	lment process includes an				
annual (( <del>cycle</del> )), a midpoint (( <del>cycle</del> )	ele)), and an eight-year ((eycle))				

Executive Proposed Policy Amendment	Rationale	Effect	Compliance	Review
update. The annual ((eycle)) update generally is limited to those				
amendments that propose technical changes and adoption of				
CSA subarea plans. The eight-year ((eyele)) update is designed				
to address amendments that propose substantive changes. The				
midpoint update is an optional process that allows for				
consideration of a smaller range of substantive changes, but only				
if initiated by motion. This ((amendment)) update process ((,				
based on a defined cycle,)) provides the measure of certainty and				
predictability necessary to allow for new land use initiatives to				
work. By allowing annual ((update)) and midpoint updates				
((amendments)), the process provides sufficient flexibility to				
account for technical adjustments or changed circumstances.				
The process requires early and continuous public involvement				
and necessitates meaningful public dialogue.				
In Chapter 12 Implementation, Amendments and	See Standardize plan update	Same.	Same.	Same.
Evaluation, starting on page 12-4, amend as follows:	terminology.			
I-202 Through the amendment process, King County				
Comprehensive Plan policies and supporting				
development regulations shall be subject to				
review, evaluation, and amendment according to				
an annual (( <del>cycle</del> )), midpoint (( <del>cycle</del> )), and an				
eight-year (( <del>cycle</del> )) <u>update schedule</u> in accordance with RCW 36.70A.130 (1) and (2).				
I-203 Except as otherwise provided in this policy, the	See Standardize plan update	Same.	Same.	Same.
annual (( <del>cycle</del> )) <u>update</u> shall not consider	terminology.			

Executive P	roposed Policy Amendment	Rationale	Effect	Compliance	Review
pro	posed amendments to the King County				
Con	nprehensive Plan that require substantive				
cha	nges to Comprehensive Plan policies and				
dev	elopment regulations or that alter the Urban				
Gro	wth Area Boundary. Substantive				
ame	endments may be considered in the annual				
(( <del>a</del> n	nendment cycle)) update only if to consider				
the	following:				
a.	A proposal for a Four-to-One project that				
	changes the Urban Growth Area				
	Boundary;				
b.	An amendment regarding the provision				
	of wastewater services to a Rural Town.				
	Such amendments shall be limited to				
	policy amendments and adjustments to				
	the boundaries of the Rural Town as				
	needed to implement a preferred option				
	identified in a Rural Town wastewater				
	treatment study;				
C.	Amendments necessary for the				
	protection and recovery of threatened				
	and endangered species;				
d.	Adoption of Community Service Area				
	subarea plans;				
e.	Amendments to the workplan, only as				
	part of the 2018 subarea planning				
	restructure; or				
f.	Amendments to update the				
	Comprehensive Plan schedule to				

Execu	tive Proposed Policy Amendment	Rationale	Effect	Compliance	Review
	respond to adopted ordinances to improve alignment with the Growth Management Act, multicounty and countywide planning activities.				
I-204	The eight-year ((eycle)) update shall consider proposed amendments that could be considered in the annual ((eycle)) update and also those outside the scope of the annual ((eycle)) update, proposed amendments relating to substantive changes to Comprehensive Plan policies and development regulations, and proposals to alter the Urban Growth Area Boundary in accordance with applicable provisions of Countywide Planning Policies. A smaller-range of substantive changes to policies and amendments to the Urban Growth Area boundary may also be considered at the midpoint of the eight-year update ((eycle)), but only if authorized by motion.	See Standardize plan update terminology.	Same.	Same.	Same.
I-205	In accordance with RCW 36.70A.140 and the State Environmental Policy Act, as applicable, King County shall ensure public participation in the ((amendment)) update process for Comprehensive Plan policies and development regulations. King County shall disseminate information regarding public involvement in the Comprehensive Plan ((amendment)) update process, including, but not limited to, the following: description of procedures and schedules for proposing amendments to	See Standardize plan update terminology.	Same.	Same.	Same.

<b>Executive Proposed Poli</b>	cy Amendment	Rationale	Effect	Compliance	Review
regulations; guid docket process; comments from provision of pub dissemination of Comprehensive	Plan policies and development delines for participating in the public meetings to obtain the public or other agencies; lic review documents; and information relating to the Plan ((amendment)) update internet or through other				
In Chapter 12 Implementation	tion, Amendments and Evaluation,	Grammatical fix of omissions.	Clarity for public on the	Consistency	Yes, in
starting on page 12-9, ame	end as follows:		terminology for the	required under	PRD.
Comprehensive Plan Land (( <del>Uses</del> )) <u>Use</u> Designations	Zoning <u>Classifications</u> *		columns, and consistency with reference in County	state law.	
Unincorporated Activity Center: White Center	R-12, R-18, R-24, R-48, NB, CB, O, I		code		
Community Business Center	NB, CB, O				
Neighborhood Business Center	NB, O				
Commercial Outside of Centers	NB, CB, RB, O, I - this is the range of existing zoning in place when the Comprehensive Plan was adopted				
Urban Planned Development	R-1, R-4, R-6, R-8, R-12, R-18, R-24, R-48, NB, CB, RB, O, I				
Urban Residential, High	R-18, R-24, R-48				
Urban Residential, Medium	R-4, R-6, R-8, R-12				
Urban Residential, Low	R-1				

<b>Executive Proposed Police</b>	cy Amendment	Rationale	Effect	Compliance	Review
Urban Growth Areas for Cities in Rural Area	UR The following two zones were in place in the North Bend Urban Growth Area when the comprehensive plan was adopted in 1994: I, RB				
Rural Town	R-1, R-4, R-6, R-8, R-12, R-18, R-24, R-48, NB, CB, RB, O, I				
Rural Neighborhood Commercial Center	NB				
Rural Area	RA-2.5, RA-5, RA-10, RA-20				
Industrial	I				
Forestry	F, M				
Agriculture	A <u>-10, A-35</u>				
Mining	M				
Greenbelt/Urban Separator	R-1				
King County Open Space System	All zones				
Other Parks/Wilderness	All zones				
each comprehensive plan la comprehensive plan and su on a specific property is det zoning process or through a	aing that may be allowed within and use designations subject to barea plan policies. Actual zoning termined through the area-wide a quasi-judicial rezone application.				
	ons)) Classifications				
	35 acre minimum lot area)				
F Forest (80 acre minimum) M Mineral	inium fot area)				
	re, 5-acre, 10-acre or 20-acre				
UR Urban Reserve					
	(base density in dwelling units per				

Executive Proposed Policy Amendment	Rationale	Effect	Compliance	Review
NB Neighborhood Business				
CB Community Business  RB Regional Business				
RB Regional Business O Office				
I Industrial				
In Chapter 12 Implementation, Amendments and Evaluation,	See Standardize plan	Same.	Same.	Same.
starting on page 12-11, amend as follows:	update terminology.			
A new feature of the 2016 Comprehensive Plan is this Workplan				
section. While Workplan tasks have accompanied the				
Comprehensive Plan as part of the adoption process by the				
County Council, these tasks were historically included with the				
Ordinance rather than inside of the Comprehensive Plan. In the				
2016 Comprehensive Plan, these tasks will be included in the				
body of the document. Workplan tasks work in conjunction with				
the other tools discussed in this chapter, such as regulations,				
incentive programs, and other core regional planning and				
implementation activities. Each Workplan item includes a				
summary description, general timeline and anticipated				
outcomes. In the 2018 update to the 2016 King County				
Comprehensive Plan, as part of the restructure adopted in				
Ordinance 18810 (Proposed Ordinance 2018-0153) and Motion				
15142, the County modified the structure of the King County				
Comprehensive Plan <u>process</u> (( <del>review cycle,</del> )) to include a				
comprehensive update every eight years, as well as potential				
annual and midpoint updates. As part of this review, Workplan				

Rationale	Effect	Compliance	Review
	Rationale	Rationale Effect	Rationale Effect Compliance

In Chapter 12 Implementation, Amendments and Evaluation,	See Updates to dates,	Same.	Same.	Same.
on page 12-11, amend as follows:	data, maps and references.			
Action 1: Implementation of the Community Service Area				
Subarea Planning Program. Under the direction of the				
Department of <u>Local Services - Permitting Division</u> (( <del>Permitting</del>				
and Environmental Review)), King County has launched a new				
regular subarea planning program. While this is described in				
greater detail in Chapter 11: Community Service Area Subarea				
Planning, launching and implementing this effort will be a major				
activity following the adoption of the Comprehensive Plan.				
Timeline: Ongoing; the Executive will propose a subarea				
plan for each area approximately once every thirteen				
years based on planning schedule in Chapter 11.				
Outcomes: A proposed subarea plan for each Community				
Service Area for Council consideration and possible				
adoption. Each subarea plan shall be transmitted by the				
Executive to the Council in the form of an ordinance that				
adopts the subarea plan, at a time consistent with King				
County Code Chapter 20.18. A Public Review Draft of				
each subarea plan shall be made available to the public				
and the Council for comment prior to finalizing the plan				
for transmittal.				
Lead: Department of <u>Local Services - Permitting Division</u>				
((Permitting and Environmental Review)), in				

Executive Proposed Policy Amendment	Rationale	Effect	Compliance	Review
coordination and collaboration with the Office of				
Performance Strategy and Budget. Executive staff,				
including the Department of Local Services - Permitting				
Division ((Permitting and Environmental Review)), the				
Office of Performance, Strategy and Budget, or other				
appropriate agencies, shall update and coordinate with				
the Councilmember office(s) representing the applicable				
study area throughout the community planning process.				
Action 2: Develop a Performance Measures Program for the	See Standardize plan	Same.	Same.	Same.
Comprehensive Plan. The purpose of the program is to develop	update terminology.			
longer-term indicators to provide insight into whether the goals				
of the Comprehensive Plan are being achieved or if revisions are				
needed. Given the longer-term nature of the issues addressed in				
the Comprehensive Plan, this program will be implemented on				
an eight-year ((eyele)) schedule. Reports are to be released in the				
year prior to the initiation of the eight-year update in order to				
guide the scoping process for the update. Additionally, to the				
extent practicable for each dataset, indicators will be reported at				
the level most consistent with the major geographies in the				
Growth Management Act and Comprehensive Plan –				
incorporated cities, unincorporated urban areas, Rural Areas,				
and Natural Resource Lands.				

Executive Proposed Policy Amendment	Rationale	Effect	Compliance	Review
• <i>Timeline:</i> The motion adopting the program framework				
shall be transmitted by June 1, 2017. A 2021				
Comprehensive Plan Performance Measures Report				
released by March 1, 2021, will inform the 2021 Scope of				
Work for the 2023 Comprehensive Plan update.				
Outcomes: The 2017 framework for the program shall be				
transmitted by the Executive to the Council by June 1,				
2017, in the form of a motion that adopts the framework.				
The 2021 Comprehensive Plan Performance Measures				
Report shall be completed as directed by the 2017				
framework motion adopted by the Council. The				
Executive shall file with the Council the 2021				
Comprehensive Plan Performance Measures Report.				
The 2021 Scope of Work for the 2023 Comprehensive				
Plan (( <del>Update</del> )) <u>update</u> shall be informed by the 2021				
Performance Measures Report. The Executive's				
transmitted 2023 Comprehensive Plan shall include				
updated references to the new Performance Measures				
Program.				
• Lead: Office of Performance Strategy and Budget.				
Executive staff shall work with the Council's				
Comprehensive Plan lead staff in development of the				
2017 framework for the program.				

Executive Proposed Policy Amendment	Rationale	Effect	Compliance	Review
In Chapter 12 Implementation, Amendments and Evaluation,	See Standardize plan	Same.	Same.	Same.
starting on page 12-14, amend as follows:	update terminology.			
Action 5: Review 2016 King County Comprehensive Plan				
Implementation Needs. The 2016 Comprehensive Plan includes				
new policy direction that may need updates in the King County				
Code in order to be implemented before the 2023				
Comprehensive Plan update. The County will utilize an				
interbranch team to review the 2016 Comprehensive Plan and				
any necessary code updates. This analysis will result in a report				
that identifies the areas of the code in need of updating and				
subsequent legislation to address the areas of inconsistencies.				
The legislation will also include code changes to K.C.C.				
16.82.150 and 16.82.152, and associated references, to reflect				
court rulings and current case law.				
Timeline: An Implementation Report shall be filed with the				
Council by July 31, 2017. The Report will inform a code				
update ordinance(s), which shall be transmitted to the				
Council no later than December 31, 2019.				
Outcomes: The interbranch team shall prepare, and the				
Executive shall file with the Council, the 2016				
Comprehensive Plan Implementation Report and the code				
update ordinance(s).				

Executive Proposed Policy Amendment	Rationale	Effect	Compliance	Review
Leads: Interbranch team comprised of staff from at least				
the: King County Council, Office of Performance Strategy				
and Budget, Department of Local Services – Permitting				
Division ((Permitting and Environmental Review)), and				
Prosecuting Attorney's Office.				
Action 6: Alternative Housing Demonstration Project. There	See Updates to dates,	Same.	Same.	Same.
is considerable interest to explore temporary and permanent	data, maps and references.			
alternative housing models to address the issues of homelessness				
and affordable housing in the Puget Sound region. King County				
is currently exploring microhousing pilot projects across the				
region that can inform a larger demonstration project under King				
County Code on alternative housing models in unincorporated				
King County. Based on what the County learns from the				
experience of pilots across the region, the County should pursue				
a larger demonstration project that looks at a broader range of				
temporary and permanent alternative housing models under its				
land use authority.				
This work plan item will utilize an interbranch team to analyze				
the potential for a demonstration project under K.C.C. chapter				
21A.55 for one or more temporary or permanent alternative				
housing projects, such as single and/or multi-family				
microhousing (i.e., very small units clustered around a shared				

Executive Proposed Policy Amendment	Rationale	Effect	Compliance	Review
kitchen and other similar models) or tiny houses, modular				
construction, live/work units, and co-housing projects. A				
demonstration project will allow the County to test development				
regulations and other regulatory barriers related to alternative				
housing models before adopting or amending permanent				
regulations. Such regulations could include amendments to or				
establishment of regulations related to permitted uses or				
temporary uses, building and fire codes, water and sewer supply				
requirements, setbacks, landscaping screening, location				
requirements, light and glare requirements, public notice, and				
mitigation of impacts to the surrounding area. This work plan				
item should also analyze potential funding sources and funding				
barriers for projects that may or may not require public funding,	Also, updates timeframe for	Improves usefulness	Jurisdictions	Yes, in
including funds managed by the King County Housing and	transmittal of deliverable to	of reporting, since it	have	PRD.
Community Development Division of the Department of	reflect existing project	will be after the project	discretion on	
Community and Human Services.	schedule.	is completed, rather	reporting	
• <i>Timeline:</i> Two phases. Phase One – Issuance of a request		than on date that	timelines.	
for proposals to identify a project or projects in		might not reflect		
		construction timelines		
unincorporated King County that will participate in an				
Alternative Housing Demonstration Project. While a				
project or projects are being chosen, a Demonstration				
Project ordinance package that pilots necessary regulatory				
flexibilities will be developed for approval by the Council.				
Such a Demonstration Project shall be transmitted to				

Executive Proposed Policy Amendment	Rationale	Effect	Compliance	Review
Council by June 28, 2019. Phase II – An Alternative				
Housing Demonstration Project Report, including				
proposed regulations and/or amendments to implement				
the recommendations of the report shall be transmitted to				
the Council for consideration by December 31, 2021.				
Outcomes: The interbranch team shall prepare, and the				
Executive shall file with the Council, the Alternative				
Housing Demonstration Project Report, which shall				
include analysis of the issues learned in the Demonstration				
Project(s), and identification of recommended amendments				
to the Comprehensive Plan and King County Code. The				
Executive shall also file with the Council an ordinance				
adopting updates to the Comprehensive Plan and/or King				
County Code as recommended in the Report.				
Leads: The King County Council will convene an				
interbranch team comprised of staff from at least: King				
County Council, Department of Community and Human				
Services, Department of Local Services - Permitting				
<u>Division</u> ((Permitting and Environmental Review)), Public				
Health, and Office of Performance Strategy and Budget.				
Action 7: Agricultural Related Uses Zoning Code Updates. As	See Updates to dates,	Same.	Same.	Same.
part of the transmitted 2016 Comprehensive Plan, the Executive	data, maps and references.			
included recommended code changes related to agricultural uses				

Executive Proposed Policy Amendment	Rationale	Effect	Compliance	Review
in unincorporated King County. In order to give the Council				
additional time to consider these proposed changes and to				
address the identified policy issues, the transmitted code changes				
will not be adopted in 2016. Instead, the code changes will be				
further developed through this work plan item.				
The Council identified several policy issues through review of				
the code changes as part of the 2016 Comprehensive Plan				
update. Through use of an interbranch team, this work plan				
item aims to resolve these policy issues, draft a new ordinance,				
and complete outreach to affected stakeholders such as the King				
County Agriculture Commission, ag-related business owners,				
and/or Community Service Areas. If the results of the winery				
study, currently being reviewed by the Executive, are not				
complete in time to incorporate into the 2016 Comprehensive				
Plan, then this work plan item should also address the				
recommendations of that study.				
Timeline: Six to nine month process. An Agricultural				
Related Uses Zoning Code Updates Report and proposed				
regulations to implement the recommendations in report				
shall be transmitted to the Council for consideration by				
September 30, 2017.				
Outcomes: The interbranch team shall prepare, and the				
Executive shall file with the Council, the Agricultural				

Executive Proposed Policy Amendment	Rationale	Effect	Compliance	Review
Related Uses Zoning Code Updates Report, which shall				
include identification of recommended amendments to the				
King County Code. The Executive shall also file with the				
Council an ordinance adopting updates to the King County				
Code as recommended in the Report.				
Leads: The King County Council will convene an				
interbranch team comprised of at least King County				
Council staff, the Department of Local Services -				
Permitting Division ((Permitting and Environmental				
Review)), the Department of Natural Resources and Parks,				
and the Office of Performance Strategy and Budget.				
Action 8: Cottage Housing Regulations Review. Cottage	See Updates to dates,	Same.	Same.	Same.
housing is a method of development that allows for multiple	data, maps and references.			
detached single-family dwelling units to be located on a				
commonly owned parcel. In unincorporated King County,				
cottage housing is currently only permitted in the R-4 through R-				
8 urban residential zones, subject to certain conditions in the				
King County Code, such as in K.C.C. 21A.08.030 and				
21A.12.030, which includes being only allowed on lots one acre				
in size or smaller. This work plan item will review				
Comprehensive Plan policies and development code regulations				
for the potential for expanded allowances for cottage housing in				
unincorporated King County, including in Rural Areas, and				

Executive Proposed Policy Amendment	Rationale	Effect	Compliance	Review
recommend policy and code changes as appropriate. The review				
will include evaluation of encouraging: close proximity of				
garages to the associated housing unit; and development of units				
with a wide variety of square footages, so as to address various				
needs and a diversity of residents.				
Timeline: A Cottage Housing Regulations Report shall be				
transmitted to the Council by December 31, 2018. Any				
proposed policy or code changes to implement the				
recommendations in the report shall be transmitted to the				
Council for consideration by September 30, 2019 as part of				
the 2020 Comprehensive Plan update.				
Outcomes: The Executive shall file with the Council the				
Cottage Housing Regulations Report, which shall include				
identification of any recommended amendments to the				
King County Code and/or Comprehensive Plan. The				
Executive shall also file with the Council an ordinance				
adopting updates to the King County Code and/or the				
Comprehensive Plan, if recommended in the Report.				
Leads: The Department of <u>Local Services - Permitting</u>				
Division ((Permitting and Environmental Review)) and the				
Office of Performance Strategy and Budget.				
In Chapter 12 Implementation, Amendments and Evaluation,	See Updates to dates,	Same.	Same.	Same.
starting on page 12-17, amend as follows:	data, maps and references.			

Executive Proposed Policy Amendment	Rationale	Effect	Compliance	Review
Action 10: Green Building Handbook Review. The 2016				
Comprehensive Plan includes policy direction in Policies U-133,				
R-336a, F-215a, and ED-501a that encourages green building				
practices in private development. To support these				
implementation of these policies, and consistent with direction in				
the 2015 Strategic Climate Action Plan, the County will soon be				
in the process of reviewing potential green building code				
requirements and/or encouraged standards for private				
development for possible adoption. In the meantime, the				
County intends to continue to use the Department of Local				
Services - Permitting Division ((Permitting and Environmental				
Review)) existing "Green Building Handbook" to help				
encourage private green building development, which is				
referenced in the 2016 Comprehensive Plan. This work plan				
item directs the Executive to transmit to the Council the Green				
Building Handbook for review and potential approval.				
• Timeline: The Green Building Handbook and a motion				
approving the Handbook shall be transmitted to the				
Council for consideration by March 1, 2017.				
Outcomes: The Executive shall file with the Council for				
review and potential approval the Green Building				
Handbook and a motion adopting the Handbook.				

Executive Proposed Policy Amendment	Rationale	Effect	Compliance	Review
Leads: The Department of Local Services - Permitting				
<u>Division</u> ((Permitting and Environmental Review)).				
Action 11: Bicycle Network Planning Report. The Puget	See Updates to dates,	Same.	Same.	Same.
Sound Regional Council has identified a regional bicycle	data, maps and references.			
network, for both the existing network and the associated gaps				
and needs, in its Active Transportation Plan, which is an element				
of Transportation 2040. King County also identifies local bicycle				
network needs throughout its planning, such as in the				
Transportation Needs Report and the Regional Trail Needs				
Report.				
This Workplan item directs the King County Department of				
((Transportation)) Local Services - Road Services Division, in				
coordination with the Department of Natural Resources and				
Parks and the Department of Local Services - Permitting				
<u>Division</u> ((Permitting and Environmental Review)), to evaluate				
and report on how to enhance the bicycle network within				
unincorporated King County and address identified regional and				
local bicycle infrastructure needs (such as standards for bicycle				
lanes, tracks and trails; plans and financing for capital				
improvements; bicycle racks and parking; air filling stations; etc).				
This report will include:				

Executive Proposed Policy Amendment	Rationale	Effect	Compliance	Review
a. Evaluation of existing King County planning efforts				
and possible areas for improvement, such as				
addressing bicycle facility provisions in:				
o roadway designs and standards, including				
lighting standards,				
o plat approvals,				
o commercial developments,				
o parks & trails planning, and				
<ul> <li>transit planning and access to transit.</li> </ul>				
b. Evaluation of bicycle and/or active transportation				
plan elements of other jurisdictions, including the				
City of Seattle, for opportunities to connect to King				
County planning and active transportation facilities.				
c. Working with stakeholders for identification of needs				
and areas for possible improvements.				
Timeline: The Bicycle Network Planning Report and a				
motion approving the report shall be transmitted to the				
Council for consideration by December 31, 2017.				
Outcomes: The Executive shall file with the Council for				
review and potential approval the Bicycle Network				
Planning Report and a motion adopting the Report.				
• Lead: Department of ((Transportation))Local Services -				
Road Services Division				

Executive Proposed Policy Amendment	Rationale	Effect	Compliance	Review
Action 12: Update Plat Ingress/Egress Requirements. State	See Updates to dates,	Same.	Same.	Same.
law gives King County the responsibility to adopt regulations	data, maps and references.			
and procedures for approval of subdivisions and plats. The				
Department of <u>Local Services - Permitting Division</u> ((Permitting				
and Environmental Review)) reviews ingress and egress to				
subdivisions and plats during the preliminary subdivision				
approval process using the Department of ((Transportation))				
Local Services - Road Services Division's "King County Road				
Design and Construction Standards – 2007" (Roads Standards).				
In recent years, subdivision layouts have included one entry/exit				
(or ingress/egress) point and a looped road network within the				
subdivision.				
Utilizing one entry/exit point can cause access issues if the				
roadway were to be physically impeded (such as due to: a fire,				
debris, flooding, ice, snow, etc.). This configuration may also				
cause traffic backups while waiting for the ability to turn in to or				
out of the development. Sometimes, this one access point may				
also be located too close to other intersecting roadways to the				
roadway that the development intersects; this can contribute to				
traffic back-ups.				
This Workplan item directs the Executive to transmit legislation				
to update the code, (such as K.C.C. Title 21A), and the King				
County Department of ((Transportation)) Local Services - Road				
Services Division's Road Standards to address these access				

Executive Proposed Policy Amendment	Rationale	Effect	Compliance	Review
issues. This code update will include requiring two entry/exit				
points for plats and subdivisions over a certain size; requiring				
sufficient distance between the two entry/exit points so as to not				
impact traffic flows; addressing access for emergency vehicles,				
including requiring adequate roadway width to accommodate				
emergency vehicles; and increasing the distance between				
adjacent intersecting streets. The transmittal letter for the				
ordinance(s) shall indicate the rational for the chosen size				
threshold for when the County will require two entry/exit points.				
• <i>Timeline</i> : The proposed amendments to the King County				
Code and /or the King County Roads Standards shall be				
transmitted to the Council for consideration by ((June 28,				
<del>2019</del> )) <u>June 30, 2020</u> .				
Outcomes: The Executive shall file with the Council an				
ordinance(s) adopting updates to the King County Code				
and the King County Roads Standards.				
• Lead: Department of Local Services ((Transportation and				
Department of Permitting and Environmental Review)).				
Action 13: Water Availability and Permitting Study. The	See Updates to dates,	Same.	Same.	Same.
recent Washington State Supreme Court decision in Whatcom	data, maps and references.			
County v. Western Washington Growth Management Hearings Board				
(aka, Hirst) held that counties have a responsibility under the				
Growth Management Act to make determinations of water				
Code and/or the King County Roads Standards shall be transmitted to the Council for consideration by ((June 28, 2019)) June 30, 2020.  • Outcomes: The Executive shall file with the Council an ordinance(s) adopting updates to the King County Code and the King County Roads Standards.  • Lead: Department of Local Services ((Transportation and Department of Permitting and Environmental Review)).  Action 13: Water Availability and Permitting Study. The recent Washington State Supreme Court decision in Whatcom County v. Western Washington Growth Management Hearings Board (aka, Hirst) held that counties have a responsibility under the	•	Same.	Same.	Same.

Executive Proposed Policy Amendment	Rationale	Effect	Compliance	Review
availability through the Comprehensive Plan and facilitate				
establishing water adequacy by permit applicants before issuance				
of development permits. Hirst also ruled that counties cannot				
defer to the State to make these determinations. This case				
overruled a court of appeals decision which supported deference				
to the State. The Supreme Court ruling will require the County				
to develop a system for review of water availability in King				
County, with a particular focus on future development that				
would use permit exempt wells as their source of potable water.				
This system will be implemented through amendments to the				
King County Comprehensive Plan and development regulations.				
The County will engage in a Water Availability and Permitting				
Study to address these and related issues. This study will analyze				
methods to accommodate current zoning given possible water				
availability issues and will look at innovative ways to				
accommodate future development in any areas with insufficient				
water by using mitigation measures (e.g. water banks). This				
study will not include analysis of current water availability.				
• <i>Timeline:</i> Eighteen month process. Initial report will				
be transmitted to the Council by December 1, 2017;				
final report, with necessary amendments, will be				
transmitted to the Council by December 31, 2018.				
This report may inform the scope of work for the				
2020 Comprehensive Plan update.				

Executive Proposed Policy Amendment	Rationale	Effect	Compliance	Review
Outcomes: Modifications, as needed, to the				
Comprehensive Plan, King County Code and County				
practices related to ensuring availability of water				
within the Comprehensive Plan and determining the				
adequacy of water during the development permit				
process.				
Leads: Performance, Strategy and Budget. Work with				
the Department of Local Services - Permitting				
Division ((Permitting and Environmental Review)),				
Department of Natural Resources and Parks,				
Department of Public Health, Prosecuting Attorney's				
Office, and King County Council. Involvement of				
state agencies, public, local watershed improvement				
districts, and non-governmental organizations.				
Action 14: 2020 Comprehensive Plan Update. In 2018, the	See Standardize plan	Same.	Same.	Same.
County restructured its comprehensive planning program and	update terminology.			
associated Comprehensive Plan update ((eycles)) process. This				
restructure includes moving to an eight-year update ((eycle))				
schedule. As part of the transition to this new ((planning cycle))	See Updates to dates,	Same.	Same.	Same.
schedule and given that the next major plan update will not be	data, maps and references.			
completed until 2023, there is a need to make substantive				
changes in the interim. The scope of the update proposed by the				
executive in the motion shall include any changes as called for by				
applicable Workplan Action items, any policy changes or land				

Executive Proposed Policy Amendment	Rationale	Effect	Compliance	Review
use proposals that should be considered prior to the 2023 update,				
review and inclusion of changes related to docket proposals that				
were recommended to be reviewed as part of the next (("major"))				
major update, aligning the language in the Comprehensive Plan				
and Title 20 regarding what is allowed during annual, midpoint				
and eight-year updates, and reviewing and updating the				
terminology to consistently describe the various updates.				
• <i>Timeline:</i> A motion authorizing the 2020				
Comprehensive Plan update shall be transmitted to				
the Council for consideration by January 2, 2019.				
The Council shall have until February 28, 2019 to				
adopt the motion. The 2020 Comprehensive Plan				
update shall be transmitted to the Council for				
consideration by September 30, 2019. The Council				
shall have until June 30, 2020 to adopt the 2020				
Comprehensive Plan update.				
Outcomes: The Executive shall file with the Council a				
motion authorizing the 2020 Comprehensive Plan				
update. The Council shall have until February 28,				
2019 to adopt the motion, either as transmitted or				
amended. In the absence of Council approval by				
February 28, 2019, the Executive shall proceed to				
implement the scope as proposed. If the motion is				
approved by February 28, 2019, the scope shall				

Executive Proposed Policy Amendment	Rationale	Effect	Compliance	Review
proceed as established by the approved motion. The				
Executive shall then file with the Council the				
proposed 2020 Comprehensive Plan update by				
September 30, 2019. The Council shall have until				
June 30, 2020 to adopt the 2020 Comprehensive Plan				
update.				
Leads: Office of Performance, Strategy and Budget, in				
coordination and collaboration with the Department				
of <u>Local Services - Permitting Division</u> (( <del>Permitting</del>				
and Environmental Review)).				
Action 15. Annual DLS Briefing at PRE. In order to better	See Standardize plan	Same.	Same.	Same.
serve the residents of unincorporated King County, the	update terminology.			
Executive transmitted legislation in 2018 (Proposed Ordinance				
2018-0312) to establish a new Department of Local Services				
effective January 1, 2019, following guidance for the creation of				
the Department adopted in Motion 15125. If approved by the				
Council, the Department will be evaluating processes,				
procedures, and policies to identify areas of improvement in the				
delivery of unincorporated services. In addition to this				
evaluation, the Department will report at least annually to the				
Planning, Rural Services and Environment (PRE) Committee or				
its successor on key issues related to unincorporated areas.				
Timeline: The Department will report to the PRE				
Committee or its successor at least annually.				

Executive Proposed Policy Amendment	Rationale	Effect	Compliance	Review
Outcomes: The Department of Local Services shall				
coordinate with the Regional Planning Unit and other				
departments to inform the 2020 Comprehensive Plan				
((Update)) update, and will brief the PRE Committee at				
least annually.				
Leads: Department of Local Services, in coordination				
with the Regional Planning Unit of Office of				
Performance, Strategy and Budget.				
Action 16: Streamlining the Comprehensive Plan. Public	See Standardize plan	Same.	Same.	Same.
participation, as expressed in Policy RP-103, is to be actively	update terminology.			
sought out throughout the development, amendment, and				
implementation of the Comprehensive Plan. The Plan, and				
various iterations before final adoption, are posted online in	See Updates to dates,	Same.	Same.	Same.
order to be accessible to the public, and active outreach efforts	data, maps and references.			
during plan updates seek to reach a wide range of County				
residents. However, such a lengthy document with many				
complex regulatory requirements can be difficult to navigate and				
understand. To make the Comprehensive Plan and relevant				
sections in King County Code Title 20 more reader-friendly and				
accessible to a wider audience, redundancies and excess detail				
should be minimized. This workplan item will initiate the				
process of streamlining the 2016 Comprehensive Plan and				
portions of King County Code Title 20 over the next several				
years, with the goal of becoming shorter, easier to understand,				

Executive Proposed Policy Amendment	Rationale	Effect	Compliance	Review
and more accessible to the general public. This review will				
consider: removal of text or policies that are redundant and/or				
repetitive within the plan; removal of text or policies that are				
redundant to other existing plans and policy documents; removal				
of outdated text or policies; removal of text or policies that are at				
a level of detail that is more appropriate for functional plans,				
implementation plans, development regulations, etc.; increasing				
readability and conciseness; clarifying the process for amending				
the plan; and making the document and sections of the Code				
more streamlined, user friendly, and accessible for the public.				
• <i>Timeline:</i> A streamlined version of the				
Comprehensive Plan and relevant sections of King				
County Code Title 20, including but not limited to				
KCC 20.08, 20.12, and 20.18 shall be transmitted to				
the Council for consideration by June 30, 2022.				
Outcomes: The Executive shall file with the Council				
an ordinance adopting a streamlined version of the				
Comprehensive Plan and associated code changes as				
part of the Executive's proposed 2023 ((Eight Year))				
eight-year Comprehensive Plan update.				
• Leads: Office of Performance, Strategy and Budget, in				
coordination and collaboration with the Council's				
Comprehensive Planning lead staff and the				

Executive Proposed Policy Amendment	Rationale	Effect	Compliance	Review
Department of <u>Local Services - Permitting Division</u>				
((Permitting and Environmental Review)).				

Executive Proposed Policy Amendment	Rationale	Effect	Compliance	Review
In Chapter 12 Implementation, Amendments and Evaluation,	See Standardize plan	Same.	Same.	Same.
on page 12-22, amend as follows:	update terminology.			
The GMPC develops its own independent work program every				
year; this section of the 2016 Comprehensive Plan Workplan				
identifies issues the County will bring forward to the GMPC for				
review, consideration and recommendations. King County will				
submit these Workplan items to the GMPC for consideration at				
its first meeting of 2017, with a goal of completing the GMPC				
review and recommendations by December 31, 2018. The				
Executive will work with the Council to determine whether the				
amendments are appropriate for inclusion in an ((Annual))				
annual or ((Midpoint)) midpoint Comprehensive Plan				
((Amendment)) update prior to the next ((Eight-Year)) eight-year				
update.				
Glossary				

Executive Proposed Policy Amendment	Rationale	Effect	Compliance	Review
In Glossary, on page G-10, after the definition for Forest	See Amendments	Provides a general	Same.	Same.
Production Districts, insert the following:	regarding impacts and	description of fossil		
Fossil Fuel Facility	regulation of fossil fuel	fuel facilities,		
Fossil fuel facilities, as defined further in King County Code	facilities.	consistent with other		
Chapter 21A.06, are commercial facilities used primarily to		terms that are defined		
receive, store, transfer, wholesale trade, or transport fossil fuels.	Edits from PRD for	in the Glossary. The		
They do not include individual storage facilities of up to 30,000	consistency with Code, and	full definition is in the		
gallons and total cumulative facilities per site of 60,000 gallons for	clarify that 30,000 gallon is	King County Code.		
the purposes of retail or direct to consumer sales, facilities or	for an individual facility,			
activities for local consumption; non-commercial facilities; and	with 60,000 is a cumulative			
uses preempted by federal rule or law.	total per the definition.			

Executive Proposed Policy Amendment	Rationale	Effect	Compliance	Review
In Glossary, on page G-14, amend as follows:	See Updates to dates,	Same.	Same.	Same.
Land Use Map	data, maps and references.			
The land use map for the Comprehensive Plan designates the				
general location and extent of the uses of land for agriculture,				
timber production, housing, commerce, industry, recreation,				
open spaces, public utilities, public facilities, and other land uses				
as required by the Growth Management Act. The Land Use				
Map is not included in the Plan because it is very large; however				
a smaller representation of it is reproduced at the end of Chapter				
1: Regional Growth Management Planning. The full size map is				
available for review at the Department of Local Services-				
Permitting Division ((Permitting and Environmental Review))				
and at the Clerk of the King County Council. The map is also				
available in digital format on the County's Comprehensive Plan				
website.				
Attachment K to Ordinance 14785, King County Shoreline				
Jurisdiction				
Update Attachment K to Ordinance 14785, King County Shoreline	Technical fixes to longitude	Corrections to Kimball	Updated for	Majority of
Jurisdiction:	and latitude for one stream in	Creek shoreline	consistency, per	changes
	the Shoreline Jurisdiction list.	jurisdiction, which did not	state law.	included in
STREAMS	The text in the left column	previously accurately		PRD.
Stream Name	shows only the changes	show where the creek 1)		Additional
((Kimball Creek	related to this one fix, not the	flowed in and out of		technical
Kimball Creek	entire listing of streams.	unincorporated King		edits and

Executive Proposed Policy Amendment	Rationale		Effect	Compliance	Review
Kimball Creek	47.532222	121.837666	County or 2) met the		corrections
Kimball Creek	47.530569	121.832380	velocity threshold for		added to
Kimball Creek	47.529951	121.832352	King County's shoreline		ERP.
Kimball Creek	47.525957	121.834088	jurisdiction. Relates to		
			Shoreline Map		
			Amendment 4 in		
			Attachment X to this		
			Proposed Ordinance.		
LAKES	Technical fix	es to longitude	Technical correction to		
Lake	rand latitude	for leading the fix	reflect existing intent.		
Lake Fenwick	<b>4</b> 7円3554年月	erro <u> r22ip7t048</u>	Lake Fenwick is partly in		
Lake ((4))Liswoot	4 <b>371.158€1612</b> e Ju	risd <b>i<u>o</u>tio<u>n</u>g</b> ist.	the City of Kent and		
Otter Lake (also known as Spring Lake)	4 <b>17</b> h. <b>∉3t⊜</b> Xt5in th	ne <b>l4122:018/8</b> nn	partly in unincorporated		
Tolt_Seattle Water Supply Reservoir	4 <b>≨ħ፬0/4</b> 002nly t	he <b>121166</b> 22	KC. King County		
	related to thi	s one fix, not the	already included it in the		
	entire listing	of streams.	analyses and		
			designation process		
			during the last periodic		
			SMP update; so, it is		
			already reflected in the		
			SMP map. It just needs		
			to be added to the list for		
			consistency.		
			Technical clarification to		
			reflect existing intent.		

Executive Proposed Policy Amendment	Rationale	Effect	Compliance	Review
		There are two Otter		
		Lakes in unincorporated		
		King County. The		
		second one is also		
		known as Spring Lake,		
		so we're listing both		
		names.		
Skyway West Hill Land Use Subarea Plan				
SWH-1 King County should support increased residential density in areas along major transit corridors and near commercial centers and retain existing land use patterns in other residential neighborhoods.	increases in planning area.	Zoning changes that would increase potential density are proposed in certain areas.	The policies in the Subarea Plan address land use issues, which is a required element for planning under state law. The policies promote urban development inside this urban area of the County, and address residential and non-residential uses.	Yes, in PRD
FP-2 New development should protect and improve established character and predominant single family pattern of West Hill's neighborhoods.	Updated policy reflects community's desire to protect existing character of medium-density residential neighborhoods.	The Skyway-West Hill Land Use Plan includes an Action Item to Update Permit Process to Support Compatible Development in medium-	Same as above.	Yes, in PRD

Executive Proposed Policy Amendment	Rationale	Effect	Compliance	Review
SWH-2 King County should encourage new development in medium-density residential neighborhoods to be compatible with the surrounding area.		density residential neighborhoods.		
FP-6 All new development should reflect the character of the neighborhood.  SWH-2 King County should encourage new development in medium-density residential neighborhoods to be compatible with the surrounding area.	Updated policy reflects community's desire to protect existing character of medium-density residential neighborhoods.	The Skyway-West Hill Land Use Plan includes an Action Item to review and recommend dimensional regulations, including building height, setbacks, and lot coverage standards to maintain and enhance the character of existing neighborhoods.	Same as above.	Yes, in PRD

Executive Proposed Policy Amendment	Rationale	Effect	Compliance	Review
SWH-3 King County should retain the zoning of existing multifamily areas to continue to promote access to diverse housing choices.	New policy reflects community's desire to encourage a variety of housing types developed within the neighborhood.	No effect on existing zoning in high-density residential areas.	Same as above.	Yes, in PRD
SWH-4 King County shall complete an Equitable Housing Development Strategy Analysis to evaluate and recommend tool and strategies for addressing the supply of affordable housing within unincorporated King County with funding and policies specific to Skyway-West Hill.	Will create policy framework for Equitable Housing Development Program proposed in Skyway-West Hill Land Use Plan.	No immediate impact; creates policy foundation for future legislation.	Same as above.	Yes, in PRD
SWH-5 King County shall evaluate and address residential displacement impacts when evaluating large development proposals.	Creates policy framework for Equitable Housing Development Program proposed in Skyway-West Hill Land Use Plan.	No immediate impact; creates policy foundation for future legislation.	Same as above.	Yes, in PRD
SWH-6 King County shall support the preservation of existing mobile home parks and require that any proposal to redevelop an existing mobile home park include evaluation and mitigation of residential displacement impacts.	Creates policy framework for housing equity work focused on manufactured home communities.	No immediate impact to existing manufactured home communities, which will be preserved. Creates policy foundation for future legislation related to residential displacement mitigation	Same as above.	Yes, in PRD
FP-4 To bolster the retail activity at the Skyway Business District, this center shall continue to be the major Community Business Center in West Hill. Residential, retail, office, and mixed use should be focused on infill sites and sites with redevelopment or reuse opportunities.	Updated language to reflect retention of Community Business Center designation and expansion of business opportunities in Skyway Business District.	The Skyway Business District will continue to be the major commercial area for Skyway-West Hill.	Same as above.	Yes, in PRD
SWH-7 King County shall retain the Community Business Center designation for the Skyway Business District to protect opportunities for commercial activity and encourage siting of new businesses.				

Executive Proposed Policy Amendment	Rationale	Effect	Compliance	Review
WH-17 The Skyway Business District is designated as a Community Business Center and expansion of the business district is limited to areas zoned for those uses through the West Hill Community Plan and Area Zoning.	Updated language to reflect retention of Community Business Center designation and expansion of business opportunities in Skyway Business District.	The Skyway Business District will continue to be the major commercial area for Skyway-West Hill.	Same as above.	Yes, in PRD
SWH-7 King County shall retain the Community Business Center designation for the Skyway Business District to protect opportunities for commercial activity and encourage siting of new businesses.				
WH-19 The Skyway Business District should continue to be the major Community Business Center in West Hill.  Residential, retail, office, and mixed use should be focused on infill sites and sites with redevelopment or reuse opportunities.	Reinforces the designation of the Skyway Business District as the major commercial center of Skyway-West Hill. Edited to remove references to specific land uses and development sites.	The Skyway Business District will continue to be the major commercial area for Skyway-West Hill.	Same as above.	Yes, in PRD
SWH-7 King County shall retain the Community Business Center designation for the Skyway Business District to protect opportunities for commercial activity and encourage siting of new businesses.				
SWH-8 King County shall extend the Community Business Center designation to parcels adjacent to the Skyway Business District to increase commercial capacity and create a more vibrant business district.	New policy to reflect expansion of business opportunities in Skyway Business District.	Some existing parcels will be rezoned from high-density residential to community business.	Same as above.	Yes, in PRD
SWH-9 King County should support and incentivize opportunities for smaller-scale commercial development.	Reflects desire of community for more economic opportunities for small, locally-owned businesses.	No immediate impact; creates policy foundation for future legislation.	Same as above.	Yes, in PRD
FP-5 New office, retail, commercial, and mixed use development within the Skyway Business District should promote the use of the streets and public places to achieve visual continuity and encourage pedestrian mobility.	Reinforces the County's commitment to pedestrian- oriented development within the Skyway Business District.	Special District Overlay (SO) 050 will continue to apply to the Skyway Business District.	Same as above.	Yes, in PRD

Executive Proposed Policy Amendment	Rationale	Effect	Compliance	Review
SWH-10 King County shall retain, and expand where appropriate, development conditions that support pedestrian-oriented commercial development within the Skyway Business District.				
WH-22A Commercial buildings within the Skyway Business District should directly front on either the sidewalks along streets or public spaces such as plazas, arcades or parks. Shops should not orient to parking lots.	Reinforces the County's commitment to pedestrian-oriented development within the Skyway Business District.	Special District Overlay (SO) 050 will continue to apply to the Skyway Business District.	Same as above.	Yes, in PRD
SWH-10 King County shall retain, and expand where appropriate, development conditions that support pedestrian-oriented commercial development within the Skyway Business District.				
WH-35 To assure safe pedestrian movement and vehicular circulation in the Skyway Business District, the West Hill Plan establishes a pedestrian-oriented commercial development Special District Overlay in the business district.	Reinforces the County's commitment to pedestrian- oriented development within the Skyway Business District.	Special District Overlay (SO) 050 will continue to apply to the Skyway Business District.	Same as above.	Yes, in PRD
SWH-10 King County shall retain, and expand where appropriate, development conditions that support pedestrian-oriented commercial development within the Skyway Business District.				
WH-16 The existing business centers located along Martin Luther King Jr. Way between 60th Avenue South and 64th Avenue South and along Rainier Avenue South between South 114th Street and South 117th Street are designated as Neighborhood Business Centers and expansion of the business centers is limited to areas zoned for those uses through the West Hill Community Plan and Area Zoning.	Generally consistent with Comp Plan Policy U-165 except expansion of centers shall only be permitted through a subarea study.	The Martin Luther King Jr. Way South and Rainier Avenue commercial areas will continue be designated as Neighborhood Business Centers and serve their local areas.	Same as above.	Yes, in PRD
SWH-11 King County shall designate the Martin Luther King Jr. Way South and Rainer Avenue South commercial areas as Neighborhood Business Centers.				

Executive Proposed Policy Amendment	Rationale	Effect	Compliance	Review
SWH-12 King County shall require additional standards for commercial development in the Martin Luther King Jr. Way South and Rainer Avenue South Neighborhood Business Centers to improve the pedestrian environment as redevelopment occurs.	New policy reflects community's desire to have walkable commercial districts.	New development in these areas will be subject to additional design standards.	Same as above.	Yes, in PRD
SWH-13 King County should retain the zoning of existing industrial areas to support employment opportunities and local economic activity.	New policy to reflect retention of industrial zoning.	No effect on existing industrially zoned properties.	Same as above.	Yes, in PRD
SWH-14 King County should support and incentivize the provision of on-site and off-site community-desired amenities when new development occurs near commercial centers, frequent transit corridors, and parks and trails.	New policy reflects community's desire to ensure that new development provides amenities that are accessible to the public.	No immediate impact; creates policy foundation for future legislation.	Same as above.	Yes, in PRD
SWH-15 During permit and project review, King County should involve the community to identify important existing cultural assets impacted by the proposal and, if identified, work with the community to preserve, where possible, or mitigate the loss of these assets.	New policy reflects community's desire to engage in the development process to help identify and protect cultural assets.	No immediate impact; creates policy foundation for future legislation.	Same as above.	Yes, in PRD
FP-1 To retain and enhance unique physical character and visual identity of West Hill, and to ensure valuable views and natural features are protected and enhanced, new development should be sited in relation to the natural features of the site and its surroundings.	The King County Code regulates building site design.	Removal of this policy will not have an effect on the siting of buildings as they relate to views and natural features because the King County Code does not contain such regulations.	Same as above.	N/A
FP-3 To promote efficient use of land, utilities and services at the lowest possible cost, residential development, infill or redevelopment opportunities shall develop at urban densities supporting a diversity of housing types and densities.	The King County Code regulates permitted housing types and densities.	Removal of this policy will not have an effect on permitted housing types and densities within Skyway-West Hill.	Same as above.	N/A
FP-7 To encourage pedestrian-friendly environments in West Hill, all new development should be accessible to pedestrians.	Pedestrian-oriented special district overlays are applied to specific commercial districts within Skyway-West Hill.	Removal of this policy will not have an effect on existing pedestrian-oriented development conditions.	Same as above.	N/A

Executive Proposed Policy Amendment	Rationale	Effect	Compliance	Review
FP-8 The West Hill Community Council and the Skyway Commercial Club fully support the creation of a Countywide Design Review Program.	The referenced organizations no longer exist. Creating a design review program is not a King County priority nor are there adequate resources to establish a Design Review Commission or administer such a program.	Removal of this policy will not have an effect on King County's interest in creating a Design Review Program.	Same as above.	N/A
FP-9 New development and County projects should promote a pedestrian-oriented environment, build on the existing street system and improve other travel options such as transit access and bicycling.	Pedestrian-oriented special district overlays are applied to specific commercial districts within Skyway-West Hill. Pursuant to the Community Service Area Subarea Planning Program Restructure Plan (Motion 15142), policy related to transit access and bicycling is out of scope for the Skyway-West Hill Land Use Plan. The King County Comprehensive Plan directs policy related to Transportation.	Removal of this policy will not have an effect on pedestrian-oriented development conditions or transit access and bicycling infrastructure in Skyway-West Hill.	Same as above.	N/A
FP-10 Parks, open space and recreational and cultural facilities should adequately provide for the existing and future needs of the West Hill's residents. These facilities should be readily accessible to residents and within close proximity to residential development.	Pursuant to the Community Service Area Subarea Planning Program Restructure Plan (Motion 15142), this policy is out of scope for the Skyway-West Hill Land Use Plan. The King County Comprehensive Plan directs policy related to Parks, Open Space, and Cultural Resources.	Removal of this policy will not have an effect on parks, open space, and recreational facilities in Skyway-West Hill.	Same as above.	N/A

Executive Proposed Policy Amendment	Rationale	Effect	Compliance	Review
FP-11 Convenient and necessary health and human services should be provided to meet the needs of West Hill residents and improve their quality of life.	Pursuant to the Community Service Area Subarea Planning Program Restructure Plan (Motion 15142), this policy is out of scope for the Skyway-West Hill Land Use Plan. The King County Comprehensive Plan directs policy related to Housing and Human Services.	Removal of this policy will not have an effect on the provision of health and human services in Skyway-West Hill.	Same as above.	N/A
WH-1 The West Hill Plan recognizes the following neighborhoods:  a. Bryn Mawr b. Lakeridge c. Skyway d. Skyway Business District e. Campbell Hill f. Earlington g. Panorama View	King County does not recognize formal geographic boundaries of neighborhoods.	Removal of this policy will have no effect on land use within Skyway- West Hill.	Same as above.	N/A
WH-2 Natural features of West Hill such as open space, natural vegetation, lowlands, hillsides, steep and gradual slopes, unique view points and scenic view corridors should be protected by regulations controlling actions within the public right-of-way and specific development standards for abutting property.	Protection of natural features, with the exception of viewpoints and scenic view corridors, which are not regulated by King County, are regulated through multiple sections of King County Code.	Removal of this policy will not have an effect on protection of natural features in Skyway-West Hill.	Same as above.	N/A
WH-3 The following view corridors are recognized and should not be adversely affected by new development:  a. Seattle skyline view from the Lakeridge bluff above Rainier Avenue South.  b. Lake Washington view down Crestwood Dr. South, 84th and 87th Avenue South, and Lakeridge Dr. South.  c. Mount Rainier view down 76th Avenue South, between South 128th Street, South Langston Road, and Renton Avenue South	Regulating private views for individual parcels is beyond the scope of King County's administrative capacity. The Comprehensive Plan contains no policy or language calling for the protection of private views from residential areas that are outside of designated	Removal of this policy will not have an effect on the minimization of impacts on scenic views because the King County Code does not contain such regulations.	Same as above.	N/A

Executive Proposed Policy Amendment	Rationale	Effect	Compliance	Review
within the southern portion of the Skyway center.  Sweeping views of Renton and Tukwila from the visually prominent bluff above South Langston Road between 64th and 64th Avenue South.  WH-4 New development should minimize impact to views of Mount Rainier, the Cascades', Seattle's skyline, Lake Washington, and scenic vistas of Renton and Tukwila.  The following factors should be considered in site design:  a. Setbacks for residential development should reflect topography to keep desirable panoramic views open;  b. New development located on slopes of hills should be scaled	shorelines, parks, natural areas, or Scenic and Recreational Highways.  Regulating private views for individual parcels is beyond the scope of King County's administrative capacity. The Comprehensive Plan contains no policy or language calling for the protection of private views from residential areas that are outside of designated	Removal of this policy will not have an effect on the minimization of impacts on scenic views because the King County Code does not contain such regulations.	Same as above.	Review N/A
down with respect to height and mass so as not to destroy or restrict identified valuable vistas or viewpoints from above;  c. New development on downhill side of streets should relate to the ground visually and functionally, so they do not create useless space underneath and undesirable views from below;  d. Street layout, street trees and plantings should reflect topography to help accent views from right- of ways or public spaces; and  e. Building heights on lowlands adjacent to Lake Washington or near Fenton and Tukwila should be restricted to prevent blockage of views and loss of the sense of contact with the waterfront and areas adjacent to West Hill's residential neighborhoods.	shorelines, parks, natural areas, or Scenic and Recreational Highways.			

Executive Proposed Policy Amendment	Rationale	Effect	Compliance	Review
WH-5 New development should be located to preserve view corridors and streetscape. Site plans for new commercial and multifamily development should include elevations of surrounding structures and a diagram displaying the relationship of the proposal to topography, view corridors and surrounding uses.	Regulating private views for individual parcels is beyond the scope of King County's administrative capacity. The Comprehensive Plan contains no policy or language calling for the protection of private views from residential areas that are outside of designated shorelines, parks, natural areas, or Scenic and Recreational Highways.	Removal of this policy will not have an effect on the preserving view corridors because the King County Code does not contain such regulations.	Same as above.	N/A
WH-6 Major entrances to the West Hill area and its neighborhoods should be identified and defined with signs, pavement markings and landscaping. This plan proposes four main "entrance points" or "gateways" to the West Hill area.  a. Entrance into Campbell Hill neighborhood off Interstate 5 along Martin Luther King Jr. Way. b. Entrance into Earlington neighborhood along Martin Luther King Jr. Way north of Sunset Boulevard in Renton. c. Entrance into Lakeridge neighborhood along Rainier Avenue South and 88th Avenue South if it were continued. d. Entrance into Skyway neighborhood along Renton Avenue South near 68th Avenue South	Pursuant to the Community Service Area Subarea Planning Program Restructure Plan (Motion 15142), this policy is out of scope for the Skyway-West Hill Land Use Plan.	Removal of this policy will not have an effect on the identification of entrance points to the West Hill area. King County does not administer such a program.	Same as above.	N/A

Executive Proposed Policy Amendment	Rationale	Effect	Compliance	Review
WH-7 New development, in-fill or redevelopment opportunities for residential uses shall be allowed and encouraged in all neighborhoods of West Hill.	King County Code regulates permitted land uses in Skyway-West Hill, and does not differentiate between new development, infill, or redevelopment.	Removal of this policy will have no effect on permitted land uses within Skyway-West Hill.	Same as above.	N/A
WH-8 Residential uses within the West Hill area should be developed at urban densities supporting a diversity of housing types and densities, where public utilities, services and facilities are provided and where the land is suitable for development.	The King County Code regulates permitted densities.	Removal of this policy will not have an effect on permitted densities within Skyway-West Hill.	Same as above.	N/A
WH-9 Infill development or redevelopment in developed neighborhoods should continue at the existing density. New developments in these areas should seek to achieve 5 to 6 units per acre to efficiently use the land.	The King County Code regulates permitted densities.	Removal of this policy will not have an effect on permitted densities within Skyway-West Hill.	Same as above.	N/A
WH-10 Neighborhoods comprised of vacant and underdeveloped land should develop at 7-8 homes per acre provided views, significant vegetation and the neighborhood character are protected and preserved.	The King County Code regulates permitted housing types and densities and does not differentiate between vacant/underdeveloped land and other land.	Removal of this policy will not have an effect on permitted densities within Skyway-West Hill.	Same as above.	N/A
WH-11 Opportunities for multifamily residential development should range from 12 to 48 homes per acre, be associated with offices and services, and be confined to areas designated for multifamily development by the West Hill Community Plan.	The King County Comprehensive Plan establishes residential land use designations, and the King County Code regulates permitted densities.	Removal of this policy will not have an effect on permitted densities or locations for multifamily housing within Skyway-West Hill.	Same as above.	N/A
WH-12 Elderly housing projects are encouraged near existing business centers on Renton Avenue South, Martin Luther King Jr. Way, and Rainier Avenue South at a density of up to 60 homes per acre.	The King County Comprehensive Plan does not prioritize housing for elderly or seniors on a site-specific basis.	Removal of this policy will not have an effect on the King County Code's density incentives or permitted densities or locations for senior housing.	Same as above.	N/A

Executive Proposed Policy Amendment	Rationale	Effect	Compliance	Review
WH-13 The West Hill Community Plan supports rezones to allow for senior and special needs assisted housing when compatible in scale and appearance with surrounding uses.	The King County Comprehensive Plan does not prioritize housing for elderly or seniors on a site-specific basis.	Removal of this policy will not have an effect on the King County Code's density incentives or permitted densities or locations for senior housing.	Same as above.	N/A
WH-14 New development should be compatible with existing character of adjacent areas, and should be accessible to surrounding residential neighborhoods and business areas.	Neighborhood compatibility is addressed on a site-specific basis in the Skyway-West Hill Land Use Plan.	Removal of this policy will not have an effect on the compatibility of new development with its surrounding neighborhood.	Same as above.	N/A
WH-15 New commercial and industrial development should encourage compact development, a pedestrian-friendly environment, improve circulation, and promote a good transition with adjacent residential areas.	Pedestrian-oriented special district overlays are applied to specific commercial districts within Skyway-West Hill. Pursuant to the Community Service Area Subarea Planning Program Restructure Plan (Motion 15142), policy related to circulation is out of scope for the Skyway-West Hill Land Use Plan.	Removal of this policy will not have an effect on development patterns within Skyway-Hill.	Same as above.	N/A
WH-18 The office/research park area south of Martin Luther King Jr. Way should be developed in a manner which maintains the stability and scenic value of the steep slopes and enhances the entrance to Renton's business park.	The King County Code regulates environmentally sensitive areas such as steep slopes but does not address scenic value. Compatibility with the City of Renton will be addressed through a Joint Planning Agreement.	Removal of this policy will not have an effect on the development conditions for the office/research park area south of Martin Luther King Jr. Way.	Same as above.	N/A

Executive Proposed Policy Amendment	Rationale	Effect	Compliance	Review
WH-20 Entry points to the Skyway Business District should be identified and defined with landscaping, signs or pavement markings. The suggested entry point locations for this center are shown on the Proposed Entry Points map.	Pursuant to the Community Service Area Subarea Planning Program Restructure Plan (Motion 15142), this policy is out of scope for the Skyway-West Hill Land Use Plan.	Removal of this policy will not have an effect on the identification of entrance points to the Skyway Business District. King County does not administer such a program.	Same as above.	N/A
WH-21 All infill sites and sites with potential for redevelopment should seek to provide a mix of uses (retail or office and residential). Retail and office uses are encouraged on the ground floor with residential units above.	The King County Comprehensive Plan regulates land use and the King County Code regulates permitted building type in unincorporated King County. The Code does not differentiate between infill sites, sites with potential for redevelopment, and all other sites.	Removal of this policy will not have an effect on what type of development, including mixed-use, is allowed within Skyway-West Hill.	Same as above.	N/A
WH-22 To reduce walking distance between buildings, costs of development, traffic problems, and disruption of pedestrian circulation, buildings should be arranged on commercial sites to ensure compact centers and public spaces with access to public transit facilities.	The King County Code regulates the siting of commercial buildings. Special District Overlay SO-050 encourages pedestrianoriented development and is applied to specific commercial areas within Skyway-West Hill.	Removal of this policy will not have an effect on the siting of buildings on commercial sites in Skyway-West Hill.	Same as above.	N/A
WH-23 Public amenities such as neighborhood parks and other public recreation facilities as well as human services such as day care should be provided in the Skyway Business District.	Pursuant to the Community Service Area Subarea Planning Program Restructure Plan (Motion 15142), this policy is out of scope for the Skyway-West Hill Land Use Plan.	Removal of this policy will not affect the ability of public recreation facilities and human services to locate in the Skyway Business District.	Same as above.	N/A

Executive Proposed Policy Amendment	Rationale	Effect	Compliance	Review
WH-24 Commercial and multifamily development within the Skyway Business District shall be subject to site plan review and those properties adjacent to the Skyway Park should meet the following goals:  a. provide defined pedestrian accesses and circulation corridors between the sites and Skyway Park;  b. provide area lighting fixtures along the fronting street or property lines adjoining Skyway Park;  c. provide landscaping within and along property lines; d. and provide landscaped parking lots in the rear or side of buildings.	The King County Code regulates site plan reviews and landscaping.	Removal of this policy will not have an effect on development conditions within the Skyway Business District.	Same as above.	N/A
WH-25 The following public projects should be pursued for the Skyway Business District:  a. new curb and gutter along Renton Avenue South with coordinated, joint access to businesses and parking areas;  b. continuous wide sidewalks so that uses such as restaurants, cafes and shop displays can directly about these sidewalks to create a pedestrian environment;  c. a new entrance point and additional parking for Skyway Park;  d. high quality landscaping; and e. street signage and frequent cross-walks.	Pursuant to the Community Service Area Subarea Planning Program Restructure Plan (Motion 15142), this policy is out of scope for the Skyway-West Hill Land Use Plan. The King County Comprehensive Plan directs policy related to Parks, Open Space, and Cultural Resources, and Transportation.	Removal of this policy will not affect the implementation of these projects, which would fall to private development, the Road Services division of the Department of Local Services, or the Department of Natural Resources and Parks.	Same as above.	N/A
WH-26 To promote economic development and activities to enhance the Skyway Business District, business owners should consider the formation of a business improvement area (BIA). Potential goals of the BIA are to:  a. create attractive entryways to the business district;  b. establish a new entryway to Skyway Park from the southern node of the business district;	Pursuant to the Community Service Area Subarea Planning Program Restructure Plan (Motion 15142), this policy is out of scope for the Skyway-West Hill Land Use Plan.	Removal of this policy will not affect the ability of business owners to form a BIA.	Same as above.	N/A

Executive Proposed Policy Amendment	Rationale	Effect	Compliance	Review
c. contribute to the establishment of a community center and the provision of social and health services at the center; and d. purchase and maintain litter bins for the business district.  WH-27 The West Hill Community Council and the Skyway	A Design Review pilot	No effect.	Same as above.	N/A
Commercial Club recommend that if a Design Review Program pilot project is established by the King County Council, the West Hill Community will be considered a pilot for the program.	program was not established.	No effect.	Same as above.	IN/A
WH-28 The Department of Development and Environmental Services (DDES) shall notify the West Hill Community Council and the Skyway Community Club of subdivision and rezone applications and all State Environmental Policy Act (SEPA) determinations.	Individuals and organizations may request direct notification of development applications by township / section / range by contacting the DLS/Permitting Division's customer service office.	Removal of this policy will not have an effect on the ability of community residents to receive notice of subdivision and rezone applications and SEPA determinations.	Same as above.	N/A
WH-29 Single family homes should be sited away from major arterials (Martin Luther King Jr. Way) to avoid traffic and noise problems.	The King County Code regulates street setbacks for single family homes.	Removal of this policy will have no effect on regulations concerning the siting of single family homes on major arterials within Skyway-West Hill.	Same as above.	N/A
WH-30 Multifamily residential development is encouraged to include the following:  a. Parking lots are located at the side or rear of structures;  b. Sidewalks or walkways between parking areas, building entrances, bus stops, recreation facilities, and whenever possible, coordination with external sidewalks and access to adjacent uses beyond the site;  c. Recreational, service and laundry areas are within established sight zones to increase safety;  d. Desirable sun exposure of common areas; and e. Variation of building facades, form and siting.	The King County Code regulates design standards for apartment and townhouse development in all unincorporated areas.	Removal of this policy will not have an effect on design standards for multifamily residential development in Skyway- West Hill.	Same as above.	N/A

Executive Proposed Policy Amendment	Rationale	Effect	Compliance	Review
WH-31 All new roadways in West Hill should maintain and improve the existing street grid pattern. Cul-de-sac and "dead end" streets should be discouraged, unless providing pass- through to pedestrians or bicycles.	Pursuant to the Community Service Area Subarea Planning Program Restructure Plan (Motion 15142), this policy is out of scope for the Skyway-West Hill Land Use Plan. The King County Comprehensive Plan directs policy related to Transportation.	Removal of this policy will not have an effect on the future street grid pattern of Skyway-West Hill.	Same as above.	N/A
WH-32 On all new residential streets, sidewalks should be provided. The pedestrian routes identified on the Potential Pedestrian improvements map should be provided on existing residential streets. Street trees or planting strips should also be provided in residential areas.	Pursuant to the Community Service Area Subarea Planning Program Restructure Plan (Motion 15142), this policy is out of scope for the Skyway-West Hill Land Use Plan. The King County Comprehensive Plan directs policy related to Transportation.	Removal of this policy will not have an effect on the provision of sidewalks in residential neighborhoods in Skyway-West Hill.	Same as above.	N/A
WH-33 Opportunity for additional access to Skyway Park should be examined through all new development and redevelopment.	Pursuant to the Community Service Area Subarea Planning Program Restructure Plan (Motion 15142), this policy is out of scope for the Skyway-West Hill Land Use Plan. The King County Comprehensive Plan directs policy related to Parks, Open Space, and Cultural Resources.	Removal of this policy will not have an effect on efforts to increase access to Skyway Park.	Same as above.	N/A
WH-34 To increase pedestrian safety and mobility along Renton Avenue South and within the Skyway Business District:  a. clearly post reduced speed signs at entrances to business district;	Pursuant to the Community Service Area Subarea Planning Program Restructure Plan (Motion 15142), this policy is out of scope for the Skyway-West Hill Land Use	Removal of this policy will have no effect on pedestrian safety and mobility infrastructure along Renton Avenue South and within the	Same as above.	N/A

Executive Proposed Policy Amendment	Rationale	Effect	Compliance	Review
b. upgrade the center's traffic signal system to include pedestrian-operated walk lights; c. discourage the use of South 132nd Street between Renton Avenue South and Martin Luther King Jr. Way as a shortcut to I-5; and d. improve transit to the Skyway Business District.	Plan. The King County Comprehensive Plan directs policy related to Transportation.	Skyway Business District.		
WH-36 Parking areas should be encouraged in the rear or side of the commercial buildings, under buildings, or in shared facilities.	The King County Code regulates parking. Special District Overlay SO-050 is applied to specific areas in Skyway-West Hill and requires off-street parking in rear or side of commercial buildings.	Removal of this policy will not have an effect on the siting of parking areas.	Same as above.	N/A
WH-37 Existing entrances to parking lots within the Skyway Business District should be delineated with landscaping, pavement markings or signs. Enhancements such as screen covering the existing gutters or permanent underground drainage systems should be used to improve the entrances to parking areas along Rainier Avenue South.	The King County Code regulates landscaping on commercial properties in Skyway-West Hill.	Removal of this policy will have no effect on commercial property landscaping regulations within Skyway-West Hill.	Same as above.	N/A
WH-38 A series of bicycle routes and safety improvements providing circulation within West Hill and linking existing routes outside the planning area should be considered. Some examples are:  a. improve connection to Beacon Avenue South across Martin Luther King Jr. Way;  b. improve connection to Beacon-Coal Mine Road; c. establish access to Green River/Duwamish Trail system and Interurban Trail; d. improve shoulders on Martin Luther King Jr. Way to allow safe bicycle access; e. establish east-west connection along South Langston Road from South 129th Street at 64th Avenue South or along	Pursuant to the Community Service Area Subarea Planning Program Restructure Plan (Motion 15142), this policy is out of scope for the Skyway-West Hill Land Use Plan. The King County Comprehensive Plan directs policy related to Transportation.	Removal of this policy will not affect the County's capital projects related to bicycle routes and safety improvements.	Same as above.	N/A

Executive Proposed Policy Amendment	Rationale	Effect	Compliance	Review
South 133rd Street - South 132nd Street from Martin Luther King Jr. Way to Renton Avenue South;  f. develop safe crossing facilities to Airport Way and Lake Washington signed loop; and g. improve signage for existing bicycle routes				
WH-38A A multi-purpose trail should be provided along the City of Seattle transmission lines corridor.	Pursuant to the Community Service Area Subarea Planning Program Restructure Plan (Motion 15142), this policy is out of scope for the Skyway-West Hill Land Use Plan. The King County Comprehensive Plan directs policy related to Parks, Open Space, and Cultural Resources.	Removal of this policy will not have an effect on the County's ability to construct a trail along the City of Seattle transmission line corridor.	Same as above.	N/A
WH-39 Street trees or planting improvements should be required for all residential development. Trees should be placed along all the property lines facing the streets outside of utility or road right-of way easements. New trees and planting should be selected from the King County approved list.	The King County Code regulates landscaping in all unincorporated areas, including residential subdivisions in the urban growth area.	Removal of this policy will not have an effect on landscaping standards for residential developments within Skyway-West Hill.	Same as above.	N/A
WH-40 The main walkway from Renton Avenue South to the Skyway Park entrance should be improved to include landscaping and improved signage.	Pursuant to the Community Service Area Subarea Planning Program Restructure Plan (Motion 15142), this policy is out of scope for the Skyway-West Hill Land Use Plan. The King County Comprehensive Plan directs policy related to Parks, Open Space, and Cultural Resources.	Removal of this policy will not have an effect on the entrance to Skyway Park.	Same as above.	N/A
WH-41 Improvements to existing parking lots directly fronting onto Renton Avenue South should be encouraged to	The King County Code regulates landscaping and off-	Removal of this policy will not have an effect on landscaping and off-	Same as above.	N/A

Executive Proposed Policy Amendment	Rationale	Effect	Compliance	Review
	street parking in all unincorporated areas.	street parking standards for commercial developments within Skyway-West Hill.		

Executive Proposed Policy Amendment	Rationale	Effect	Compliance	Review
WH-42 Public recreational facilities such as trails, swimming pools, ballfields, and tennis courts should be given high priority when allocating funds for public improvements.	Pursuant to the Community Service Area Subarea Planning Program Restructure Plan (Motion 15142), this policy is out of scope for the Skyway-West Hill Land Use Plan. The King County Comprehensive Plan directs policy related to Parks, Open Space, and Cultural Resources.	Removal of this policy will not have an effect on public recreational facilities in Skyway-West Hill.	Same as above.	N/A
WH-43 King County, the Renton School District and local user groups should coordinate the development and maintenance of recreational facilities to ensure funds are focused on projects the community see the greatest need for, and to share maintenance responsibilities.	Pursuant to the Community Service Area Subarea Planning Program Restructure Plan (Motion 15142), this policy is out of scope for the Skyway-West Hill Land Use Plan. The King County Comprehensive Plan directs policy related to Parks, Open Space, and Cultural Resources.	Removal of this policy will not have an effect on the development and maintenance of recreational facilities in Skyway-West Hill.	Same as above.	N/A
WH-44 The Skyway Park should be considered for new arts and cultural activities.	Pursuant to the Community Service Area Subarea Planning Program Restructure Plan (Motion 15142), this policy is out of scope for the Skyway-West Hill Land Use Plan. The King County Comprehensive Plan directs policy related to Parks, Open Space, and Cultural Resources.	Removal of this policy will not have an effect on arts and cultural activities in Skyway Park.	Same as above.	N/A

Executive Proposed Policy Amendment	Rationale	Effect	Compliance	Review
WH-45 The King County Arts Commission should help develop and implement cooperative agreements with the cities, the Renton School District, Skyway Library, and community groups for promoting and sponsoring community arts and cultural projects and activities in the area.	Pursuant to the Community Service Area Subarea Planning Program Restructure Plan (Motion 15142), this policy is out of scope for the Skyway-West Hill Land Use Plan. The King County Comprehensive Plan directs policy related to Parks, Open Space, and Cultural Resources.	Removal of this policy will not have an effect on community arts and cultural projects and activities in Skyway Park.	Same as above.	N/A
WH-46 The informal trail through Bryn Mawr Park should be improved and publicly maintained and connections to neighborhood street should be established.	Pursuant to the Community Service Area Subarea Planning Program Restructure Plan (Motion 15142), this policy is out of scope for the Skyway-West Hill Land Use Plan. The King County Comprehensive Plan directs policy related to Parks, Open Space, and Cultural Resources.	Removal of this policy will not have an effect on the informal trail through Bryn Mawr Park.	Same as above.	N/A
WH-47 Properties which provide views of the mountains or Lake Washington should be acquired for public parks and open space.	Pursuant to the Community Service Area Subarea Planning Program Restructure Plan (Motion 15142), this policy is out of scope for the Skyway-West Hill Land Use Plan. The King County Comprehensive Plan directs policy related to Parks, Open Space, and Cultural Resources.	Removal of this policy will not have an effect on property acquisition for parks and open space.	Same as above.	N/A

Executive Proposed Policy Amendment	Rationale	Effect	Compliance	Review
WH-48 The entire West Hill area shall be served by public sewer and water service.	Pursuant to the Community Service Area Subarea Planning Program Restructure Plan (Motion 15142), this policy is out of scope for the Skyway-West Hill Land Use Plan. The King County Comprehensive Plan directs policy related to Services, Facilities, and Utilities.	Removal of this policy will not have an effect on public sewer and water service in Skyway-West Hill.	Same as above.	N/A
WH-49 To define better and logical service boundaries, encourage water systems to upgrade and to adequately meet the needs of the immediate future, the West Hill Plan supports the consolidation of water purveyors in the West Hill area consistent with the Coordinated Water System Plan for the area.	Pursuant to the Community Service Area Subarea Planning Program Restructure Plan (Motion 15142), this policy is out of scope for the Skyway-West Hill Land Use Plan. The King County Comprehensive Plan directs policy related to Services, Facilities, and Utilities.	Removal of this policy will not have an effect on the consolidation of water purveyors in Skyway-West Hill.	Same as above.	N/A
WH-50 The drainage basins which comprise the West Hill planning area should be evaluated for retention/detention facility needs to correct existing and future storm water runoff problems. Skyway Park shall not be considered for the siting of retention/detention facilities.	Pursuant to the Community Service Area Subarea Planning Program Restructure Plan (Motion 15142), this policy is out of scope for the Skyway-West Hill Land Use Plan. The King County Comprehensive Plan directs policy related to Services, Facilities, and Utilities.	Removal of this policy will not have an effect on drainage basins in Skyway-West Hill.	Same as above.	N/A

Executive Proposed Policy Amendment	Rationale	Effect	Compliance	Review
WH-51 Curbside recycling services should be available to all residents, and litter disposal facilities should be provided throughout the Skyway Business District.	Pursuant to the Community Service Area Subarea Planning Program Restructure Plan (Motion 15142), this policy is out of scope for the Skyway-West Hill Land Use Plan. The King County Comprehensive Plan directs policy related to Services, Facilities, and Utilities.	Removal of this policy will not have an effect on curbside recycling services in Skyway-West Hill.	Same as above.	N/A
WH-52 Established community organizations should work together to ensure adequate and consistent solutions to crime, drug and gang-related problems. If unresolved, these problems could further threaten the safety, security and quality of life of this community	Pursuant to the Community Service Area Subarea Planning Program Restructure Plan (Motion 15142), this policy is out of scope for the Skyway-West Hill Land Use Plan. The King County Comprehensive Plan directs policy related to Housing and Human Services.	Removal of this policy will not have an effect on the ability of community organizations to work together on solutions to crime, drug, and gangrelated problems in Skyway-West Hill.	Same as above.	N/A
WH-53 King County should help fund a community center which can provide a variety of needed services in the West Hill community. Some recommended services include but are not limited to the following: parent and youth counseling, drug/alcohol/job counseling, child care, free legal services, and elderly/handicapped assistance and van service. Additionally, the community center can hold indoor arts and cultural events and community outreach activities.	Pursuant to the Community Service Area Subarea Planning Program Restructure Plan (Motion 15142), this policy is out of scope for the Skyway-West Hill Land Use Plan. The King County Comprehensive Plan directs policy related to Housing and Human Services. The Skyway-West Hill Land Use Plan includes a Skyway-West Hill Community Center Feasibility Study.	Removal of this policy will not have an effect on whether King County funds a Community Center.	Same as above.	N/A

Executive Proposed Policy Amendment	Rationale	Effect	Compliance	Review
WH-54 The County should increase marketing of existing home repair and maintenance programs and services. New assistance programs may be specifically tailored to meet other housing related needs of the community, such as yard maintenance assistance for the elderly.	Pursuant to the Community Service Area Subarea Planning Program Restructure Plan (Motion 15142), this policy is out of scope for the Skyway-West Hill Land Use Plan. The King County Comprehensive Plan directs policy related to Housing and Human Services.	Removal of this policy will not have an effect on home repair and maintenance programs and services in Skyway- West Hill.	Same as above.	N/A
WH 55 King County, local community organizations and volunteer groups should provide professional/technical staff to assist income-eligible residents of West Hill with repairing, remodeling or maintaining their homes. Technical assistance should include free design, drawing production and construction services.	Pursuant to the Community Service Area Subarea Planning Program Restructure Plan (Motion 15142), this policy is out of scope for the Skyway-West Hill Land Use Plan. The King County Comprehensive Plan directs policy related to Housing and Human Services.	Removal of this policy will not have an effect on the availability of home maintenance technical assistance to residents of Skyway-West Hill.	Same as above.	N/A
WH-56 King County should establish a community education program to enable its elderly residents to become better informed about available County housing assistance/repair programs, and affordable and reliable chore services by private parties.	Pursuant to the Community Service Area Subarea Planning Program Restructure Plan (Motion 15142), this policy is out of scope for the Skyway-West Hill Land Use Plan. The King County Comprehensive Plan directs policy related to Housing and Human Services.	Removal of this policy will not have an effect on community education programs for elderly residents in Skyway- West Hill.	Same as above.	N/A