Altmann Oliver Associates, LLC

AOA

Environmental Planning & Landscape Architecture

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October 1, 2018

Kevin Cleary Goldsmith Engineering 1215 – 114th Ave. S. Bellevue. WA 98004 AOA-5690

SUBJECT:

Wetland Reconnaissance and Delineation for Aldarra Lots M and N

Parcels 062407-9011 and 072407-9005, King County, WA

Dear Kevin:

On May 3, 2018 I conducted a wetland reconnaissance on the subject property utilizing the methodology outlined in the May 2010 Regional Supplement to the Corps of Engineers Wetland Delineation Manual: Western Mountains, Valleys, and Coast Region (Version 2.0). An additional field investigation was conducted on July 25, 2018.

At the time of the field investigation, the southwestern portion of the southern parcel (Lot N – Parcel 072407-9005) was developed with a single-family residence and several out buildings. The remainder of Lot N consisted primarily of a sloped upland old pasture with scattered trees and areas of dense blackberry. No wetlands or streams were observed on Lot N as part of the field investigations.

Lot M is undeveloped except for a barn located in the southern portion of the parcel. The entire parcel north of the barn consisted of a large Sloped Hydrogeomorphic (HGM) class wetland (Wetland A) that drains down from west to east. Hydrologic support to the wetland appears to be primarily from groundwater seepage along the slope.

The southern boundary of Wetland A was delineated during the May 3, 2018 site review and the boundary was subsequently surveyed (see survey drawing). **Attachment A** contains data sheets prepared for a representative location in both the upland and wetland. These data sheets document the vegetation, soils, and hydrology information that aided in the wetland boundary delineation.

Kevin Cleary October 1, 2018 Page 2

Vegetation within Wetland A consisted primarily of a forested and scrub-shrub plant community that included red alder (*Alnus rubra*), western red cedar (*Thuja plicata*), willow (*Salix* sp.), salmonberry (*Rubus spectabilis*), vine maple (*Acer circinatum*), black twinberry (*Lonicera involucrata*), Himalayan blackberry (*Rubus armeniacus*), slough sedge (*Carex obnupta*), skunk cabbage (*Lysichiton americanum*), lady fern (*Athyrium filix-femina*), and small-fruited bulrush (*Scirpus microcarpus*).

Wetland A meets the criteria for a Category III wetland with 23 Habitat Points (**Attachment B**). Category III wetlands with 23 Habitat Points within the urban area of King County require a standard 125-foot buffer plus 15-foot building setback from the wetland edge.

If you have any questions regarding the delineation or rating, please give me a call.

Sincerely,

ALTMANN OLIVER ASSOCIATES, LLC

John Altmann Ecologist

Attachments

Parcel 062407-9011

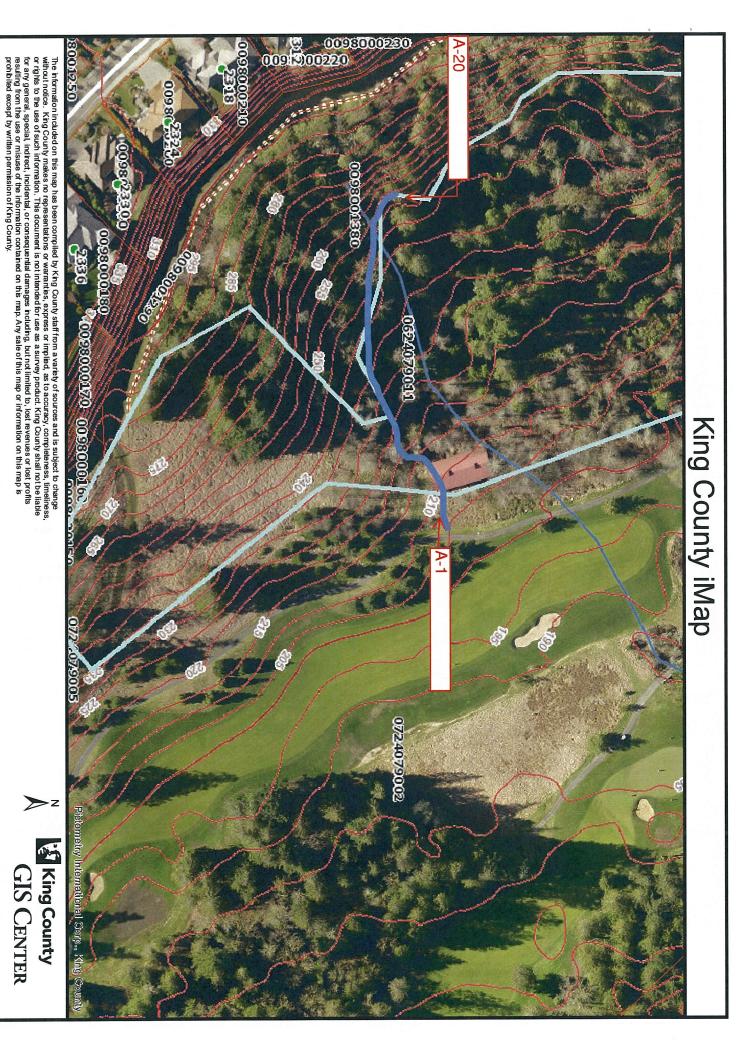


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Date: 10/1/2018

Notes:





Date: 5/4/2018

Notes:

GIS CENTER

ATTACHMENT A DATA SHEETS

DP #1 NIO INTO WETLAND AT A.T

WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM – Western Mountains, Valleys, and Coast Region

Project/Site: PARCEL 062407-9	011	City/County:	1N6 Sampling Date: 05/03/18
			State: WA Sampling Point: TP I
			inge: SEC 7, TZYN, R7E W.M.
Landform (hillslope terrace etc.): SLOPE		Local relief (concave	convex, none): CCJCAVE Slope (%):
٠٨			Long: Datum:
			-
Soil Map Unit Name:		2	NWI classification:
Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for the			
Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrology			"Normal Circumstances" present? Yes X No
Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrology		•	eeded, explain any answers in Remarks.)
	showing	sampling point I	ocations, transects, important features, etc.
	No	Is the Sample	1 Area
Hydric Soil Present? Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes X		within a Wetla	ا م
Remarks:	NO		
itemaria.			
VEGETATION – Use scientific names of pla	nts.		
مأما	Absolute	Dominant Indicator	Dominance Test worksheet:
Tree Stratum (Plot size: 10 R		Species? Status	Number of Dominant Species
1. Alnus cubra		Y AC	That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: (A)
2.		*****	Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: (B)
3		***************************************	Species Across All Strata: (B)
*	20	= Total Cover	Percent of Dominant Species That Are ORL FACW or FAC: (A/R)
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: 10'R)		_	That the Obl., 171011, 011710.
1. Rubus Spectabilis	<u> 30</u>		Prevalence Index worksheet: Total % Cover of: Multiply by:
2. Publis dirmensacus			OBL species x1 =
	<u> 20</u>		FACW species x 2 =
4			FAC species x 3 =
5.		T-1-1-0	FACU species x 4 =
Herb Stratum (Plot size: しいん	16	•	UPL species x 5 =
1. Phaleris arund, nacea	20	Y FACW	Column Totals: (A) (B)
2. Athyrium filix - feming	20	Y FAC	Prevalence Index = B/A =
3. Lysichton americanum	15	Y OBL	Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:
4. Scirpus microcarpus	_ <u> </u>	- Y - 032L	1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation
5. Equisalum arvense	<u> - !5</u>	M/ KAC	∑ 2 - Dominance Test is >50%
6. Shehy sp.	_ 10	N facultuc	0 1 Tevalence mack is =0.0
7			4 - Morphological Adaptations ¹ (Provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet)
8			5 - Wetland Non-Vascular Plants ¹
9			Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation¹ (Explain)
11			¹ Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must
		= Total Cover	be present, unless disturbed or problematic.
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size:)			
1.			Hydrophytic
2			Vegetation Present? Yes No
% Bare Ground in Herb Stratum		= Total Cover	
Remarks:			

Profile Descr	iption: (Describe	to the dept	h needed to document the indicator o	r confirn	n the absence of inc	licators.)
Depth	Matrix		Redox Features			,
(inches)	Color (moist)		Color (moist) % Type ¹	Loc ²	Texture	Remarks
0-15"	101R 2/1	100			Silyclay	

			-			

Type: C=Con	centration, D=Depl	etion, RM=F	Reduced Matrix, CS=Covered or Coated	Sand Gr	ains ² l ocation:	PI -Para Lining M-Matrix
Type: C=Con lydric Soil Ind	centration, D=Depl	etion, RM=F	Reduced Matrix, CS=Covered or Coated RRs, unless otherwise noted.)	Sand Gr		PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix
Type: C=Con lydric Soil Inc Histosol (A	dicators: (Applica	etion, RM=F	RRs, unless otherwise noted.)	Sand Gr	Indicators for	Problematic Hydric Soils
lydric Soil Ind Histosol (A	dicators: (Applica \1)	etion, RM=Fable to all L	RRs, unless otherwise noted.) Sandy Redox (S5)	Sand Gr	Indicators for 2 cm Muck	Problematic Hydric Soils (A10)
Hydric Soil Ind Histosol (A Histic Epip	dicators: (Applica \1) edon (A2)	etion, RM=F able to all L	RRs, unless otherwise noted.) Sandy Redox (S5) Stripped Matrix (S6)		Indicators for 2 cm Muck Red Paren	Problematic Hydric Soils (A10) t Material (TF2)
Hydric Soil Ind Histosol (A Histic Epip Black Histi	dicators: (Applica A1) edon (A2) c (A3)	able to all L - - -	RRs, unless otherwise noted.) Sandy Redox (S5) Stripped Matrix (S6) Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1) (except N		Indicators for 2 cm Muck Red Paren Very Shallo	Problematic Hydric Soils (A10) t Material (TF2) ow Dark Surface (TF12)
Hydric Soil Ind Histosol (A Histic Epip Black Histi Hydrogen	dicators: (Applica A1) edon (A2) c (A3)	able to all L - - - -	RRs, unless otherwise noted.) Sandy Redox (S5) Stripped Matrix (S6) Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1) (except N Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2)		Indicators for 2 cm Muck Red Paren Very Shallo	Problematic Hydric Soils (A10) t Material (TF2)
Hydric Soil Ind Histosol (A Histic Epip Black Histi Hydrogen Depleted E	dicators: (Applica A1) sedon (A2) c (A3) Sulfide (A4) Below Dark Surface	able to all L - - - - - - (A11)	RRs, unless otherwise noted.) Sandy Redox (S5) Stripped Matrix (S6) Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1) (except N Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2) Depleted Matrix (F3)		Indicators for 2 cm Muck Red Paren Very Shalld Other (Exp	Problematic Hydric Soils (A10) t Material (TF2) ow Dark Surface (TF12) lain in Remarks)
Hydric Soil Ind Histosol (A Histic Epip Black Histi Hydrogen Depleted E Thick Dark	dicators: (Applica (1) ledon (A2) c (A3) Sulfide (A4) Below Dark Surface : Surface (A12)	able to all L - - - - (A11) _	RRs, unless otherwise noted.) Sandy Redox (S5) Stripped Matrix (S6) Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1) (except N Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2) Depleted Matrix (F3) Redox Dark Surface (F6)		Indicators for 2 cm Muck Red Paren Very Shalk Other (Exp	Problematic Hydric Soils (A10) t Material (TF2) ow Dark Surface (TF12) lain in Remarks) ydrophytic vegetation and
Hydric Soil Ind Histosol (A Histic Epip Black Histi Hydrogen Depleted E Thick Dark	dicators: (Applica (1) dedon (A2) c (A3) Sulfide (A4) Below Dark Surface c Surface (A12) cky Mineral (S1)	eble to all L 	RRs, unless otherwise noted.) Sandy Redox (S5) Stripped Matrix (S6) Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1) (except N Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2) Depleted Matrix (F3) Redox Dark Surface (F6) Depleted Dark Surface (F7)		Indicators for 2 cm Muck Red Paren Very Shalk Other (Exp	Problematic Hydric Soils (A10) t Material (TF2) ow Dark Surface (TF12) lain in Remarks) ydrophytic vegetation and rology must be present,
Hydric Soil Ind Histosol (A Histic Epip Black Histi Hydrogen Depleted E Thick Dark Sandy Mud Sandy Gle	dicators: (Applica (1) dedon (A2) c (A3) Sulfide (A4) Below Dark Surface c Surface (A12) Cky Mineral (S1) yed Matrix (S4)	eble to all L 	RRs, unless otherwise noted.) Sandy Redox (S5) Stripped Matrix (S6) Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1) (except N Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2) Depleted Matrix (F3) Redox Dark Surface (F6)		Indicators for 2 cm Muck Red Paren Very Shalk Other (Exp	Problematic Hydric Soils (A10) t Material (TF2) ow Dark Surface (TF12) lain in Remarks) ydrophytic vegetation and
Hydric Soil Inc Histosol (A Histic Epip Black Histi Hydrogen Depleted E Thick Dark Sandy Muc Sandy Gle Restrictive La	dicators: (Applica (A1) dedon (A2) c (A3) Sulfide (A4) Below Dark Surface c Surface (A12) cky Mineral (S1) yed Matrix (S4) yer (if present):	e (A11)	RRs, unless otherwise noted.) Sandy Redox (S5) Stripped Matrix (S6) Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1) (except N Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2) Depleted Matrix (F3) Redox Dark Surface (F6) Depleted Dark Surface (F7) Redox Depressions (F8)		Indicators for 2 cm Muck Red Paren Very Shalk Other (Exp	Problematic Hydric Soils (A10) t Material (TF2) ow Dark Surface (TF12) lain in Remarks) ydrophytic vegetation and rology must be present,
Hydric Soil Ind Histosol (A Histic Epip Black Histi Hydrogen Depleted E Thick Dark Sandy Mud Sandy Gle Restrictive Lay	dicators: (Applica (1) dedon (A2) c (A3) Sulfide (A4) Below Dark Surface c Surface (A12) Cky Mineral (S1) yed Matrix (S4)	e (A11)	RRs, unless otherwise noted.) Sandy Redox (S5) Stripped Matrix (S6) Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1) (except N Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2) Depleted Matrix (F3) Redox Dark Surface (F6) Depleted Dark Surface (F7) Redox Depressions (F8)		Indicators for 2 cm Muck Red Paren Very Shalk Other (Exp	Problematic Hydric Soils (A10) t Material (TF2) ow Dark Surface (TF12) lain in Remarks) ydrophytic vegetation and rology must be present,

HYDROLOGY

Wetland Hydrology Indicators:	
Primary Indicators (minimum of one required; check all that apply)	Secondary Indicators (2 or more required)
Surface Water (A1) High Water Table (A2) Saturation (A3) Water Marks (B1) Sediment Deposits (B2) Drift Deposits (B3) Algal Mat or Crust (B4) Iron Deposits (B5) Surface Soil Cracks (B6) Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7) Saturation (A2) MLRA 1, 2, 4A, and 4B) Salt Crust (B11) Aquatic Invertebrates (B13) Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1) Oxidized Rhizospheres along Living Roots (C3) Presence of Reduced Iron (C4) Recent Iron Reduction in Tilled Soils (C6) Stunted or Stressed Plants (D1) (LRR A) Other (Explain in Remarks)	 Water-Stained Leaves (B9) (MLRA 1, 2, 4A, and 4B) Drainage Patterns (B10) Dry-Season Water Table (C2) Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)
Field Observations:	
(includes capillary fringe)	drology Present? Yes 🔀 No
Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if availa	ble:
Remarks:	

DP # 2 NIG INTO UPLAND AT A-1

WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM – Western Mountains, Valleys, and Coast Region

Project/Site: PARCEL 062407 - 9011		Citv/Co	ounty: Ki	No Sampling Date: C	5/03/18
Applicant/Owner: AUDARRA				State: WA Sampling Point:	
Investigator(s): A MANN					
Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.):SLOPE		l ocal	relief (concave	convex none): CS als Allie Slone	(9/.):
Subregion (LRR):	l at:	Local	relier (concave,	Long:	(70).
Soil Map Unit Name:					
				NWI classification:	
Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for t				•	
Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrology				'Normal Circumstances" present? Yes X	_ No
Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrology			,	eeded, explain any answers in Remarks.)	_
SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site ma		sam	pling point i	ocations, transects, important feat	ures, etc.
Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Hydric Soil Present? Yes Yes			Is the Sampled	l Area	
Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes	No ×	1	within a Wetlar		
Remarks:			VVIII 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11		
VEGETATION – Use scientific names of pla					
Tree Stratum (Plot size: / 6 (2)	Absolute % Cover		nant Indicator ies? Status	Dominance Test worksheet:	
1. Alnus rubra	60		FAC	Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC:	(A)
2. Acer circulatum	20	<u> </u>	FAC	-	. ,
3				Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata:	(B)
4				Percent of Dominant Species	
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: 101R)	<u>86</u>	= Tota	l Cover	That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC:	(A/B)
1. Acer circinatum	75	Y	FAC	Prevalence Index worksheet:	
			FAC	Total % Cover of: Multiply by	
3. Pubus esmentacus	10	N	MAC	OBL species x 1 =	i
4.				FACW species x 2 =	
5				FAC species x 3 =	
Hart Charter (District)	95	= Tota	l Cover	FACU species x 4 = UPL species x 5 =	1
Herb Stratum (Plot size: 16 c) 1. Tige eng + rifoliate	20	84	FAC	Column Totals:(A)	
2. Polyst, chum mon, tum	10		MACU		
3. Dicentra formosa		<u> </u>	BACU	Prevalence Index = B/A =	
4.				1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation	n
5				2 - Dominance Test is >50%	11
6				3 - Prevalence Index is ≤3.0¹	
7.				4 - Morphological Adaptations ¹ (Provide	supporting
8.				data in Remarks or on a separate she	et)
9				5 - Wetland Non-Vascular Plants ¹	
10				Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation ¹ (Ex Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology	
11.				be present, unless disturbed or problematic.	gy must
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size:i of R)		= rotai	Cover		
1. Rubus ursinus	23	<u>~~</u>	<u>FACU</u>	Hydrophytic	:
2				Vegetation	
9/ Page Cround in Llash Christian	20 =	= Total	Cover	Present? Yes No	-
% Bare Ground in Herb Stratum Remarks:					

-	_	
•	,,	1

Sampling Point: DPZ

Profile Description: (Describe to the depth needed to d	ocument the indicator or	confirm th	e absence of indicators.)
Depth Matrix	Redox Features		,
(inches) Color (moist) % Color (moist		Loc ²	Texture Remarks
0-12" 16YR 3/3 100			Staully Sondy loam
13-16" 104 P 6/4 104		5	Sonot clay luam
		····	
Type: C=Concentration, D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Matrix	k, CS=Covered or Coated	Sand Grains	
Hydric Soil Indicators: (Applicable to all LRRs, unless of	· ·		Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils ³ :
Histosol (A1) Sandy Red Histic Epipedon (A2) Stripped Mi			2 cm Muck (A10)
	amx (56) ky Mineral (F1) (except M	I DA 1\	Red Parent Material (TF2) Very Shallow Dark Surface (TF12)
	ed Matrix (F2)	LIVA I)	Other (Explain in Remarks)
Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11) Depleted M			out (23.p.a.ii iii Nomano)
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Surface (F6)		³ Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and
· • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	ark Surface (F7)		wetland hydrology must be present,
Restrictive Layer (if present):	ressions (F8)		unless disturbed or problematic.
Type:			
Depth (inches):		н	lydric Soil Present? Yes No 🟃
Remarks:			yunc con resent: TesNo
HYDROLOGY			
Wetland Hydrology Indicators:			
Primary Indicators (minimum of one required; check all that a			Secondary Indicators (2 or more required)
1.11 4.14 1.1	Stained Leaves (B9) (exce	ept	Water-Stained Leaves (B9) (MLRA 1, 2,
	RA 1, 2, 4A, and 4B) ust (B11)		4A, and 4B)
	invertebrates (B13)		Drainage Patterns (B10)
	en Sulfide Odor (C1)		Dry-Season Water Table (C2) Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)
	ed Rhizospheres along Livi	na Roots (C	C3) Geomorphic Position (D2)
A1 144) O () () ()	ce of Reduced Iron (C4)		Shallow Aquitard (D3)
Iron Deposits (B5) Recent	Iron Reduction in Tilled S	oils (C6)	FAC-Neutral Test (D5)
	f or Stressed Plants (D1) (LRR A)	Raised Ant Mounds (D6) (LRR A)
	Explain in Remarks)		Frost-Heave Hummocks (D7)
Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8)			
Field Observations:			
Surface Water Present? Yes No Y Depth			
Water Table Present? Yes No Depth Saturation Present? Yes No Depth	(inches):		
(includes capillary fringe)			Hydrology Present? Yes No 🔀
Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aeri	al photos, previous inspec	tions), if ava	ailable:
Remarks:			

ATTACHMENT B WETLAND RATING

WETLAND RATING FORM – WESTERN WASHINGTON

Version 2 - Updated July 2006 to increase accuracy and reproducibility among users Updated Oct 2008 with the new WDFW definitions for priority habitats

Name of wetland (if known): PARC	LEL 062407-9011 Date of site visit: 05/03/18
Rated by ALTMANN	Trained by Ecology? Yes 🗡 No Date of training 03/0
SEC: 7 TWNSHP: 24 DRNGE: 76	✓ Is S/T/R in Appendix D? Yes No_★
Map of wetland unit	:: Figure Estimated size
SUM	MMARY OF RATING
Category based on FUNCTION	S provided by wetland
I II III_X IV_	•
Category I = Score >=70 Category II = Score 51-69 Category III = Score 30-50 Category IV = Score < 30	Score for Water Quality Functions Score for Hydrologic Functions Score for Habitat Functions TOTAL score for Functions 45
Category based on SPECIAL C	HARACTERISTICS of wetland
Final Category (che	oose the "highest" category from above)
Summary of bosi	a information about (1)

Summary	of basic	information	about the	wetland unit
. J TT '4 1	G . 1		STORES AND THE RESERVED OF THE PARTY OF THE	.,

Wetland Unit has Special Characteristics		Wetland HGM Class used for Rating	
Estuarine		Depressional	31 (51.322)
Natural Heritage Wetland		Riverine	+-
Bog		Lake-fringe	1
Mature Forest		Slope	V
Old Growth Forest		Flats	
Coastal Lagoon		Freshwater Tidal	+-
Interdunal		- A DOZANI GOOD I AGGI	-
None of the above	×	Check if unit has multiple HGM classes present	

S	Slope Wetlands WATER QUALITY FUNCTIONS - Indicators that the wetland unit functions to improve water quality	Points (only 1 score per box)
S	S 1. Does the wetland unit have the <u>potential</u> to improve water quality?	(see p.64)
S	S 1.1 Characteristics of average slope of unit: Slope is 1% or less (a 1% slope has a 1 foot vertical drop in elevation for every 100 ft horizontal distance) Slope is 1% - 2% Slope is 2% - 5% Slope is greater than 5% points = 1 points = 0	0
S	S 1.2 The soil 2 inches below the surface (or duff layer) is clay or organic (use NRCS definitions) YES 3 points NO = 0 points	3
S	S 1.3 Characteristics of the vegetation in the wetland that trap sediments and pollutants: Choose the points appropriate for the description that best fits the vegetation in the wetland. Dense vegetation means you have trouble seeing the soil surface (>75% cover), and uncut means not grazed or mowed and plants are higher than 6 inches. Dense, uncut, herbaceous vegetation > 90% of the wetland area points = 6 Dense, uncut, herbaceous vegetation > 1/2 of area points = 2 Dense, woody, vegetation > ½ of area points = 1 Does not meet any of the criteria above for vegetation points = 0 Aerial photo or map with vegetation polygons	Figure
s	Total for S 1 Add the points in the boxes above	1-6
S	S 2. Does the wetland unit have the <u>opportunity</u> to improve water quality? Answer YES if you know or believe there are pollutants in groundwater or surface water coming into the wetland that would otherwise reduce water quality in streams, lakes or groundwater downgradient from the wetland. Note which of the following conditions provide the sources of pollutants. A unit may have pollutants coming from several sources, but any single source would qualify as opportunity.	(see p.67)
	 Grazing in the wetland or within 150ft Untreated stormwater discharges to wetland Tilled fields, logging, or orchards within 150 feet of wetland Residential, urban areas, or golf courses are within 150 ft upslope of wetland Other YES multiplier is 2 NO multiplier is 1 	multiplier
S	TOTAL - Water Quality Functions Multiply the score from S1 by S2 Add score to table on p. 1 Comments	12

Comments

S	Slope Wetlands HYDROLOGIC FUNCTIONS - Indicators that the wetland unit functions to reduce flooding and stream erosion	Points (only 1 score per box)
	S 3. Does the wetland unit have the <u>potential</u> to reduce flooding and stream erosion?	(see p.68)
S	S 3.1 Characteristics of vegetation that reduce the velocity of surface flows during storms. Choose the points appropriate for the description that best fit conditions in the wetland. (stems of plants should be thick enough (usually > 1/8in), or dense enough, to remain erect during surface flows) Dense, uncut, rigid vegetation covers > 90% of the area of the wetland. Dense, uncut, rigid vegetation > 1/2 area of wetland Dense, uncut, rigid vegetation > 1/4 area More than 1/4 of area is grazed, mowed, tilled or vegetation is not rigid points = 0	3
S	S 3.2 Characteristics of slope wetland that holds back small amounts of flood flows: The slope wetland has small surface depressions that can retain water over at least 10% of its area. YES points 100 points	2
S	Add the points in the boxes above	1-2
S	S 4. Does the wetland have the <u>opportunity</u> to reduce flooding and erosion? Is the wetland in a landscape position where the reduction in water velocity it provides helps protect downstream property and aquatic resources from flooding or excessive and/or erosive flows? <i>Note which of the following conditions apply.</i> Wetland has surface runoff that drains to a river or stream that has flooding problems	(see p. 70)
	— Other(Answer NO if the major source of water is controlled by a reservoir (e.g. wetland is a seep that is on the downstream side of a dam) YES multiplier (s 2) NO multiplier is 1	multiplier 2
S	TOTAL - Hydrologic Functions Multiply the score from S 3 by S 4 Add score to table on p. 1	10

Comments

These questions apply to wetlands of all HGI			Points (only 1 score
HABITAT FUNCTIONS - Indicators that unit function			per box)
H 1. Does the wetland unit have the <u>potential</u> to pr	ovide habitat for many	species?	
H 1.1 Vegetation structure (see p. 72)			Figure
Check the types of vegetation classes present (as defined	l by Cowardin)- Size thres	hold for each	
class is ¼ acre or more than 10% of the area if unit i.	s smaller than 2.5 acres.		
Aquatic bed Emergent plants			
Scrub/shrub (areas where shrubs have >30%	cover)		
Forested (areas where trees have >30% cover			
If the unit has a forested class check if:	,		}
The forested class has 3 out of 5 strata (cano	py, sub-canopy, shrubs, he	erbaceous,	
moss/ground-cover) that each cover 20%			
Add the number of vegetation structures that qualify. If	-		
	4 structures or more	points (4)	•
Map of Cowardin vegetation classes	3 structures	points = 2	
	2 structures	points = 1	
H 1.2. Hydroperiods (see p. 73)	1 structure	points = 0	Eiguro
Check the types of water regimes (hydroperiods) pro	esent within the wetland	The water	Figure
regime has to cover more than 10% of the wetland or			
descriptions of hydroperiods)	77 der e to comm. (bee testi	<i>j01</i>	
Permanently flooded or inundated	4 or more types presen	t points = 3	
Seasonally flooded or inundated	3 types present		
Occasionally flooded or inundated	2 types present	point ₹①	
★ Saturated only	1 type present	points $= 0$	1
Permanently flowing stream or river in, or adja	acent to, the wetland	4	
Seasonally flowing stream in, or adjacent to, the Lake-fringe wetland = 2 points	ne wetland 1703010 \	sf channels	
Eake-fringe weitand = 2 points Freshwater tidal wetland = 2 points			
	Map of hyd		
H 1.3. <u>Richness of Plant Species</u> (see p. 75) Count the number of plant species in the wetland the	of any or of least $10 \theta^2$	ff	
of the same species can be combined to meet the size	ai cover ai least 10 li . (ai e threshold)	ijereni paicnes	
You do not have to name the species.	e ini esticiaj		
Do not include Eurasian Milfoil, reed canarygro	ass, purple loosestrife. Ca	nadian Thistle	
If you counted:	> 19 species	points €2	
List species below if you want to:	5 - 19 species	points = 1	
	< 5 species	points = 0	
			2

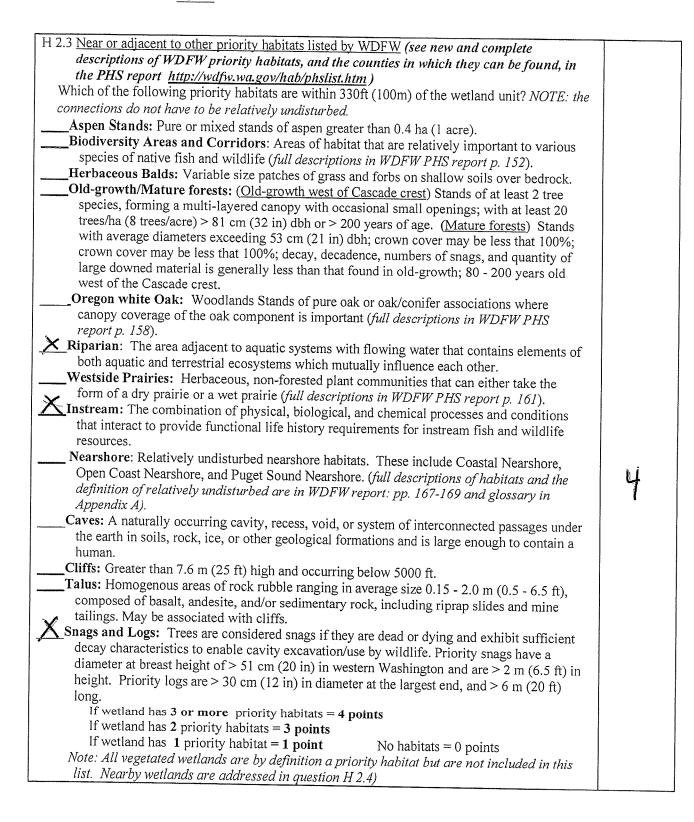
Total for page 7

H 1.4. <u>Interspersion of habitats</u> (see p. 76) Decide from the diagrams below whether interspersion between Cowardin vegetation	Figure
classes (described in H 1.1), or the classes and unvegetated areas (can include open water or	
mudflats) is high, medium, low, or none.	
None = 0 points Low = 1 point Moderate = 2 points	
	3
MAP BY	
[riparian braided channels]	
High (= 3 p∂ints	
NOTE: If you have four or more classes or three vegetation classes and open water the rating is always "high". Use map of Cowardin vegetation classes	
H 1.5. Special Habitat Features: (see p. 77)	
Check the habitat features that are present in the wetland. The number of checks is the number of points you put into the next column.	
Large, downed, woody debris within the wetland (>4in. diameter and 6 ft long).	
Standing snags (diameter at the bottom > 4 inches) in the wetland	
Undercut banks are present for at least 6.6 ft (2m) and/or overhanging vegetation extends at	
least 3.3 ft (1m) over a stream (or ditch) in, or contiguous with the unit, for at least 33 ft (10m)	
Stable steep banks of fine material that might be used by beaver or muskrat for denning	
(>30 degree slope) OR signs of recent beaver activity are present (cut shrubs or trees that	3
nave not yet turned grey/brown)	
At least ¼ acre of thin-stemmed persistent vegetation or woody branches are present in areas	
that are permanently or seasonally inundated. (structures for egg-laying by amphibians) Invasive plants cover less than 25% of the wetland area in each stratum of plants	
NOTE: The 20% stated in early printings of the manual on page 78 is an error.	
H 1. TOTAL Score - potential for providing habitat	
Add the scores from H1.1, H1.2, H1.3, H1.4, H1.5	i 13 ¦

Comments

H 2. Does the wetland unit have the opportunity to provide habitat for many species?	
H 2.1 Buffers (see p. 80)	Figure
Choose the description that best represents condition of buffer of wetland unit. The highest scoring	i igare
criterion that applies to the wetland is to be used in the rating. See text for definition of	
"undisturbed."	
 100 m (330ft) of relatively undisturbed vegetated areas, rocky areas, or open water >95% of circumference. No structures are within the undisturbed part of buffer. (relatively undisturbed also means no-grazing, no landscaping, no daily human use) Points = 5 100 m (330 ft) of relatively undisturbed vegetated areas, rocky areas, or open water > 50% circumference. Points = 4 50 m (170ft) of relatively undisturbed vegetated areas, rocky areas, or open water >95% circumference. Points = 4 100 m (330ft) of relatively undisturbed vegetated areas, rocky areas, or open water > 25% circumference, . Points = 3 50 m (170ft) of relatively undisturbed vegetated areas, rocky areas, or open water for > 50% circumference. Points = 3 If buffer does not meet any of the criteria above No paved areas (except paved trails) or buildings within 25 m (80ft) of wetland > 95% circumference. Light to moderate grazing, or lawns are OK. Points = 2 Heavy grazing in buffer. Points = 1 Vegetated buffers are <2m wide (6.6ft) for more than 95% of the circumference (e.g. tilled fields, paving, basalt bedrock extend to edge of wetland Points = 0. 	2
— Buffer does not meet any of the criteria above. Points = 1	
Aerial photo showing buffers H 2.2 Corridors and Connections (see n. 81)	
H 2.2 Corridors and Connections (see p. 81) H 2.2.1 Is the wetland part of a relatively undisturbed and unbroken vegetated corridor (either riparian or upland) that is at least 150 ft wide, has at least 30% cover of shrubs, forest or native undisturbed prairie, that connects to estuaries, other wetlands or undisturbed uplands that are at least 250 acres in size? (dams in riparian corridors, heavily used gravel roads, paved roads, are considered breaks in the corridor) YES = 4 points (go to H 2.3) H 2.2.2 Is the wetland part of a relatively undisturbed and unbroken vegetated corridor (either riparian or upland) that is at least 50ft wide, has at least 30% cover of shrubs or forest, and connects to estuaries, other wetlands or undisturbed uplands that are at least 25 acres in size? OR a Lake-fringe wetland, if it does not have an undisturbed corridor as in the question above? YES = 2 points (go to H 2.3) H 2.2.3 Is the wetland: within 5 mi (8km) of a brackish or salt water estuary OR within 3 mi of a large field or pasture (>40 acres) OR within 1 mi of a lake greater than 20 acres? YES = 1 point ✓ NO = 0 points	

Total for page 3



H 2.4 Wetland Landscape (choose the one description of the landscape around the wetland that best fits) (see p. 84) There are at least 3 other wetlands within ½ mile, and the connections between them are relatively undisturbed (light grazing between wetlands OK, as is lake shore with some boating, but connections should NOT be bisected by paved roads, fill, fields, or other development. The wetland is Lake-fringe on a lake with little disturbance and there are 3 other lake-fringe wetlands within ½ mile There are at least 3 other wetlands within ½ mile, BUT the connections between them are disturbed The wetland is Lake-fringe on a lake with disturbance and there are 3 other lake-fringe wetland within ½ mile There is at least 1 wetland within ½ mile. There are no wetlands within ½ mile. There are no wetlands within ½ mile.	3
H 2. TOTAL Score - opportunity for providing habitat Add the scores from H2.1,H2.2, H2.3, H2.4	10
TOTAL for H 1 from page 14	13
Total Score for Habitat Functions – add the points for H 1, H 2 and record the result on p. 1	23