King County Written Translation Manual
Requirements, Best Practices and Resources

Appendix B Executive Order INF 14-2 (AEO) Written Language Translation Process

This manual was developed by the Office of Equity and Social Justice based on resources originally created by Public Health’s Translation Policy Workgroup.

This living document outlines effective practices in translation and is a supplement to the King County Executive Order # INF 14-2: Written Language Translation Process and King County Code 2.15 (2018).

The purpose of this manual is to provide specific process steps, examples, resources and effective practices related to the translation of written materials for King County residents with limited English proficiency.

Updated: March 5, 2021
# TABLE OF CONTENTS

## REQUIREMENTS
- K.C.C 2.15 IMMIGRANT AND REFUGEE ORDINANCE 18665 ........................................ 2
- EXECUTIVE ORDER – WRITTEN TRANSLATION PROCESS (2010) ................................ 3

## IMPLEMENTATION ........................................ 4
- EVALUATING MATERIALS TO TRANSLATE ................................................................ 4
- EVALUATING ADDITIONAL DOCUMENTS TO TRANSLATE .................................... 5
- TARGET AUDIENCE ................................................................................................. 6
- LANGUAGE PREVLENCE .......................................................................................... 6
- PREPARING DOCUMENTS FOR TRANSLATION ...................................................... 7

## DESIGN, FORMAT AND DISTRIBUTION .................................................. 10
- ALTERNATIVE FORMS OF LANGUAGE ASSISTANCE ........................................ 11
- ADDITIONAL FORMS OF LANGUAGE ASSISTANCE ............................................. 11

## PROJECT PLANNING CONSIDERATIONS ............................................. 12
- TIMELINE ............................................................................................................ 12
- BUDGET .............................................................................................................. 12
- SUBMITING A TRANSLATION REQUEST ............................................................ 13
- LANGUAGE CONSIDERATIONS .......................................................................... 13
- SELECTING A TRANSLATION VENDOR .............................................................. 14
- BILINGUAL OR BILITERATE EMPLOYEES ....................................................... 15
- TRANSCREATION ................................................................................................. 16
- WORKING WITH A TRANSLATION VENDOR ..................................................... 16

## SUPPORT RESOURCES ................................................................. 18
- TRANSLATION RESOURCES ............................................................................. 18
- APPENDIX A: DEFINITIONS .............................................................................. 19
- APPENDIX B: KING COUNTY TOP LANGUAGES .............................................. 20
- APPENDIX C: KING COUNTY LANGUAGE DENSITY MAPS, 2019 .................... 21
- CONTACTS FOR SUPPORT .................................................................................. 27
## REQUIREMENTS

### K.C.C 2.15 IMMIGRANT AND REFUGEE ORDINANCE 18665

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Section</th>
<th>Description</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>K.C.C. Section 2.15.010: County and County Agents Limitations and Responsibilities, Exceptions</td>
<td>All King County employees/agents must be trained on the provisions of section 2.15 of the Code. The Office of Equity and Social Justice will support training and monitoring activities related to implementation.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>K.C.C. Section 2.15.030 – County and County Contractors, Interpretation and Translation Services, Language Assistance Plans</td>
<td>King County shall provide free interpretation and translation services to limited-English-proficient persons. Limited-English-proficient persons must not wait unreasonably longer to receive assistance than persons who do not require interpretation. Where an application or form administered by King County requires completion in English by a limited English-proficient person, King County shall make reasonable efforts to provide oral interpretation of the application or form as well as acknowledgement by the limited-English-proficient person that the form was completed by an interpreter. King County agencies shall provide support to contractors to meet language access requirements. King County agencies and offices shall develop language assistance plans that outline translation needs based on the top six languages identified by the tier map of limited-English-proficient persons maintained by the Office of Equity and Social Justice and the county demographer.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>K.C.C. Section 2.15.100 – Complaints for Damages for Violation of Chapter (Takes effect April 1, 2021, if contingencies in Ordinance 19047, Section 59, are met*)</td>
<td>Complaints regarding violations of this chapter of the King County Code shall be handled by the Civil Rights Program, within the Office of Equity and Social Justice.</td>
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</table>
All agencies shall create a process to review their printed Public Communication Materials intended for broad distribution to people served by King County. The process shall ensure that such communications are culturally and linguistically appropriate to the target audience, including Limited English-Proficient audiences.

All agencies shall identify their Vital Documents intended to provide essential information for accessing county services and benefits.

All agencies shall translate into at least Spanish, a summary document that provides overview information about the agency and its services. This overview document shall be printed and posted on agency webpages.

**All agencies, as soon as feasible within available resources, shall translate all Public Communication Materials and Vital Documents into Spanish.**

All agencies shall translate targeted Public Communication Materials and Vital Documents into the target audience’s language when the target audience is a specific community group with Limited English-Proficiency.¹

All agencies shall consider and use Alternative Forms of Language Assistance (see Appendix A) rather than translation based on effectiveness and practicality.

All agencies shall provide an annual report summarizing efforts made, hurdles faced, and successful outcomes associated with this Written Translation Process to the Customer Service Director and the Office of Equity and Social Justice.

¹ The guideline is to translate whenever the community group with Limited English-Proficiency makes up 5% or more of the intended target audience.
EVALUATING MATERIALS TO TRANSLATE

Evaluating Materials to Translate as Required by K.C.C. Section 2.15 and the 2010 Executive Order on Translation.

A substantial number of King County residents have Limited English-Proficiency. King County must promote fair and equitable access to information for these residents through high-quality translations or alternative forms of language assistance.

The 2010 Executive Order on Translation provides guidance regarding which documents must be translated. This section will help King County employees determine whether their material fits these requirements:

Type of Document:

| All agencies shall translate Public Communication Materials and Vital Documents into at least Spanish, as Spanish is predominant among the non-English languages spoken in King County. |

Does your document fit the definition of Public Communication Materials or Vital Documents” (see Appendix A)?

If you answered “yes” to the question above, then translating your material into Spanish is required as soon as feasible within available resources.

If translation into Spanish is not immediately feasible,

- Make note of the material, the reason it cannot be translated and your plan for future translation.
- This information shall be compiled in your agency’s annual report to the Customer Service Director and the Office of Equity and Social Justice.

Example of annual report text→ The availability of a King County service or program is being significantly reduced or discontinued. A notification to potential customers throughout King County must be translated into at least Spanish.
The following criteria can help agencies decide which additional documents should be translated, in addition to those required by K.C.C. Section 2.15 and the 2010 Executive Order on Translation.

**Answering “yes” to some of the following questions shall be considered a good indication that translation is needed.**

- **Client population:** Does a particular Limited English-Proficient (LEP) community group consistently access your agency’s services?

- **Frequency:** Has the material been requested in other languages many times?

- **Reliance on Services:** How important is a particular service to the LEP population? Does a particular LEP community group rely on these services more than others?

- **Availability:** Is a translated version of this material not available from other outlets (be sure to check whether other local, state or federal agencies have already translated this material)?

- **Emergency:** Is the material related to an emergency? Is this a critical message that needs to be disseminated to the entire community or to a specific language group?

- **Consistency and longevity:** Will the content be consistent over a long period of time (messages that change frequently may be less suited for translation, when compared to longer-lasting messages)?
# TARGET AUDIENCE

A document must be translated when the Target Audience is a specific community or group with Limited English Proficiency.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Question</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Was your material developed for a specific community that has a limited ability to speak, read, write or fully understand English?</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>If you answered “yes” to the question above, then you must translate your material into the written language of the target audience.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Example**—Public Health is creating a brochure about family planning for women in the Vietnamese community because this community group is under-utilizing family planning services. According to community partners, this target audience needs written materials to be in Vietnamese to fully understand the information. Your material must be translated into Vietnamese.

# LANGUAGE PREVAILENCE

When the Target Audience is residents in a neighborhood or city, Public Communication Materials and Vital Documents are required to be translated into any language that is the primary language of 5% or more of that neighborhoods or city’s population.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Question</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Do you have a Public Communication Material or Vital Document (see appendix A)?</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Was your material developed for a specific neighborhood or city in King County (e.g., White Center, Bellevue, Federal Way)?</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Does a community group with Limited English-Proficiency make up 5% of more of the population in that area (see Appendix C)?</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>If you answered “yes” to the questions above, then you must translate your material into the written language of the target audience.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Example**—DNRP’s Solid Waste Division is conducting education about recycling. As part of this project, they developed signs that will be placed around the White Center neighborhood to inform residents of the types of plastic bags and film that is accepted for recycling in stores. In this neighborhood more than 5% of the population speaks Spanish and Vietnamese; therefore, the signs must be translated into both Spanish and Vietnamese.

In order to help you determine whether a language group makes up 5% of more of the population of your target city or neighborhood, *King County Language Maps (Appendix C) available for Spanish, Vietnamese, Russian, Chinese, Korean and Somali.*
PREPARING DOCUMENTS FOR TRANSLATION

Quality and Accuracy

To ensure accuracy and quality in all translations, agency employees should thoroughly review English materials, prior to translation, in order to assess whether information is well-written, clear and accurate. If appropriate, information shall be verified by a subject matter expert.

- Use clear, concise, simple language that is easy to translate.
- Think about whether the concept you are presenting exists in other cultures.
- Make sure your message is culturally competent. To ensure that your material is culturally appropriate, run your text and images past a community partner or employee with who is familiar with the target audience’s culture.
- Avoid idiomatic expressions or colloquialisms (e.g., expressions or sayings which do not have the same meaning across languages). If certain text is unavoidable, work with your translators to find best possible translation.

Readability and Plain Language

To aid translations—and to aid readability of all materials in English—County documents should follow principles of Plain Language (see Appendix A), including:

- Eliminating of nonessential information
- Highlighting the main point(s) early in a document and sections of a document
- Using familiar words with clear meanings; avoid or explain jargon, technical terms, abbreviations and acronyms, redundant phrases, contractions, colloquialisms, idioms and metaphors
- Using active voice with simple verbs and concrete nouns
- Writing in short, simple sentences; avoid wordy phrases and unnecessary synonyms; keeping paragraphs short and lists bulleted
- Using consistent, accurate punctuation (commas and hyphens, especially) and capitalization (distinguish between proper nouns/names and common nouns)
Readability and Plain Language

**Readability Testing:** The goal of readability testing is to determine whether the material is written at a level that exceeds the target audience’s ability to understand it. Most readability tests are based on two factors—word difficulty and sentence length.

It is suggested that all materials should not exceed a 5th grade reading level. Most audiences will be able to fully understand the language at this level.

One of the most common readability formulas is the Flesch Reading Ease.

**Before translation, you can easily conduct a Flesch Reading Ease test on the Readable website or on your Microsoft Word documents (or text from other applications that is copied and pasted onto MS Word for the purposes of this test):**

- Go to File > Options.
- Select Proofing.
- Under When correcting spelling and grammar in Word, make sure Mark grammar errors as you type is selected.
- Select Show readability statistics.
- Click Ok to apply changes and exit options screen.
- Go to Review > abc Spelling & Grammar to see readability statistics.
- You must correct or ignore all errors found in the document before the readability statistics will display.
- You will see a pop-up box titled Readability Statistics, which will provide you analytics on your document, including your document’s Flesch Reading Ease score.

See next page for the flesh reading ease test scores.
Readability and Plain Language Continued:

The Flesh Reading Ease Test Scores can be interpreted as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Score</th>
<th>School level</th>
<th>Notes</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>100.00–90.00</td>
<td>5th grade</td>
<td>Very easy to read. Easily understood by an average 11-year-old student.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>90.0–80.0</td>
<td>6th grade</td>
<td>Easy to read. Conversational English for consumers.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>80.0–70.0</td>
<td>7th grade</td>
<td>Fairly easy to read.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>70.0–60.0</td>
<td>8th &amp; 9th grade</td>
<td>Plain English. Easily understood by 13- to 15-year-old students.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>60.0–50.0</td>
<td>10th to 12th grade</td>
<td>Fairly difficult to read.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>50.0–30.0</td>
<td>College</td>
<td>Difficult to read.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>30.0–0.0</td>
<td>College graduate</td>
<td>Very difficult to read. Best understood by university graduates.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Keep in mind that the readability score does not measure whether the reader understands the intended meaning. If possible, we recommend that you your materials with your target audience.
**Design, Format and Distribution**

Effective materials consist of good text paired with thoughtful design. Everything from typography (font) and color palette to imagery, influences how your message is received. Thus, agencies shall design their materials to fit their target audience.

- Use images that reflect the community and try to use visual/graphic communication as much as possible.

- Select a simple font that is easy to read and make sure you leave room for text expansion, as translation can increase the number of characters and words in your document by up to 30%.

- Agencies shall follow the [King County Graphic Standards and Guidelines](http://www.kingcounty.gov) whenever the King County logo is used in their materials.

- Consider what the most effective format might be to deliver your message (with your target audience in mind). Such formats may include brochures, posters, magnets, radio spot, bus board ads, etc. Design your material to fit the specified format you want to utilize.

- Give your translation vendor detailed information on how you will use this material, as it may help the translator choose the best language.

*Example*→ The Executive’s Office is translating a Census 2020 Fact Sheet into several languages. This document will mostly be used by outreach workers, as part of community conversations. Knowing this information will help the translator think of words and phrases that will work best in a conversational context.

Is your target audience a specific ethnic group? If so, is ethnic media an appropriate medium for your messaging?

- Find out which file formats your ethnic media partners will accept (e.g., InDesign, Word, Publisher, etc.). For more information about ethnic media contact your agency’s Communications Team.

- For ease of identification, it is important to use consistent naming conventions for files. Agencies are encouraged to include the name of the document in English, the language and date in both the file name and the document footer.

  - **Sample file name**: YYYYMMDD_DocumentName_Language
  - **Sample footer label**: Document Name – Language – MM/YYYY
ALTERNATIVE FORMS OF LANGUAGE ASSISTANCE

An agency shall consider and use an Alternative Forms of Language Assistance rather than translation when the alternative would be more effective or practical.

King County is committed to providing equitable access to information and services.

An agency may choose to provide an alternative form of language assistance when a material would be impractical or ineffective if translated.

In these situations, special care should be taken to ensure the quality of the alternative (e.g., hiring skilled interpreters, using graphics that have been developed in consultation with the community, etc.).

Example: The Department of Local Services wants to convene a representative group of White Center residents for an important Subarea Plan meeting. It was determined that, for Latinx residents, Spanish radio is a much more effective outreach method than print, reaching many households. Staff arranged for a native Spanish speaker to be interviewed about the event on air.

ADDITIONAL FORMS OF LANGUAGE ASSISTANCE

Different means of ensuring effective communication with a Limited English-Proficient individual, with consideration to issues such as cultural competency, literacy levels and content technicality.

Examples of alternative forms of language assistance may include:

- Sight translation (conversion of written text to spoken)
- Telephone interpreter lines (video or phone)
- In-language webinars, presentations or community meetings (interpretation)
- Ethnic Media (radio, newspaper, podcast, recordings, video, etc.)
- Translated webpages and social media content (translation)
- Engagement in partnership with community liaisons (interpretation)
- In-language phone application messages (WeChat, Viber, WhatsApp, etc.)
- Other means of visual and graphic communication

For additional support, contact the Office of Executive Equity and Social Justice team.
PROJECT PLANNING CONSIDERATIONS

TIMELINE

Time needed to complete a translation varies depending on how many words you are translating, who is completing your translation, and whether you need desktop publishing services.

- As a general guide, a 300-word document can be translated, edited and proofread in about 4-6 business days. Allow 1-2 additional days for desktop publishing and formatting, depending upon complexity of project. A more accurate timeline can be provided by the translation vendors along with the cost estimate.

- For rush orders or emergency translation through a translation vendor, most documents can be delivered within 24 to 48 hours. This service is subject to rush order fees. Contact translation vendors for more information. Refer to the language access toolkit for a example budget costs.

BUDGET

When using a translation vendor, prices may vary depending on the vendor you choose. Costs include but are not limited to:

- **Translation Charge**: Base costs for translation typically depend on the word count of your document multiplied by the vendor’s price per word in the target language, which varies.

- **Desktop Publishing**: Publishing fees pertain to documents that involve design (e.g. placing translated text on an InDesign template so that your original English and translated flyer look similar). These costs vary depending on the vendor and services requested.

- **Project Management**: Some vendors add between 5% and 10% to the total cost for fees related to project management.

- **Rush Order**: These fees (varied) apply when the document must be translated in 24 – 48 hours.

**Quality Assurance**: It may be necessary to hire a second vendor or a community partner to provide a quality assurance review of your materials. This service may be performed on either a “flat fee” or “per word” basis.

Refer to the language access toolkit for example budget costs.
SUBMITING A TRANSLATION REQUEST

Translation Work Orders

- Translation work orders are not required for any translation projects valued at less than $10,000. Agencies are encouraged to always request three bids from translation vendors.
- There are no value limitations for translation projects when agencies choose a vendor from the Approved Translator/Interpreter Contracts list (see Section 7A).
- Some agencies require their employees to complete a Translation Request Form per their internal policies/procedures.

LANGUAGE CONSIDERATIONS

Target language: When determining which languages to translate required materials, the King County Language Tiers (see Appendix B) and King County Language Density Maps (see Appendix C) shall be used as guidelines.

The King County Language Tiers document uses five different sources to identify the 20 primary languages of King County. These languages are ranked into three tiers:

- Tier 1 language (Spanish) “requires” translation.
- Tier 2 languages represent languages where translation is “recommended”.
- Tier 3 languages are language where translation is “encouraged”.

Agencies can translate materials into additional languages other than those identified in the three tiers.

Target audience: Agencies shall define their intended audience as narrowly and clearly as possible.

Localization: What language does the target audience speak? Does this language have different dialects? It is important to share the specific language and regional dialect or your target audience with the translation vendor (e.g., Mexican Spanish).

Literacy Levels: What is the literacy level of the target audience? Is their language primarily spoken rather than read? It is important to create materials using simple, 5th grade reading-level language and, given that native language literacy cannot be assumed, alternative forms of language assistance must also be considered.

Cultural considerations: Are there cultural issues, that could affect the translation? Pay close attention to language/translation issues that could result from factors such as your target audience’s age, gender, religion, regional origin, etc.

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2 The primary languages of King County are languages other than English spoken by the largest number of King County residents, based upon data from the American Community Survey, US Census Bureau, King County WIC interpretation requests, and Public Health Clinic visits. This data is updated by the County demographer every 2-3 years.
SELECTING A TRANSLATION VENDOR

**Qualified Translator:** a person who has knowledge and can render a text from one language into another without compromising its tone and style, observing the cultural nuances, and remaining impartial to the content.

- They usually translate into/from their mother tongue into English with a few exceptions – such as when the translator can speak a very rare language.
- Not all native speakers of a foreign language possess the skills to perform translation work. Most qualified translators have undergone training or certification or both to be able to perform the job.
- Many qualified translators are subject matter experts in certain fields which allows them to work in specific industries and to translate technical documents.

**Certified Translators:** are translators who have been awarded a credential awarded based on their ability to demonstrate that they meet the necessary translation and professional skills to perform quality translation work.

- Translator certification is not regulated in the US or by Washington State; however, there are several credentials can be awarded to translators which require a certain level of proficiency:
  - **American Translators Association** (individuals who demonstrate professional translation skills)
  - **Washington Department of Social and Health Services** (for medical and social service interpreters)
  - **Washington State Administrative Office of the Courts** (for court/legal interpreters)

It is important to note the certifying bodies often do not cover all language combinations. Also, it is not practical for every skilled employee to become certified.

Working with Certified Translators is required when translating legal documents, medical information and other content that technical and/or especially long.

All King County agencies shall ensure that translations are performed by Qualified Translators and reviewed by another translator or native speaker for quality assurance.

Selecting a translation vendor from the list of **Approved Translation and Interpretation Contracts**, assures agencies that translators are qualified based on their:

- ability to translate information in a large variety of languages,
- ability to provide quality assurance and review by a second qualified translator,
- specialization and/or prior work experience in necessary field (depending on the project); and
o agency’s ability to offer domestic/local translators to provide localized translations, native speaker(s) of target language(s), American Translator Association certified translators (or equivalent certification), and translators who have at least 5 years’ experience.

Certified translators may not be required for your project. Also, please note that certification is not always practical/available.

**BILINGUAL OR BILITERATE EMPLOYEES**

Knowing that certification is not available to all people who qualify, and that it may not be practical to hire a vendor to fulfill all of King County’s translation needs, agencies can opt to assign their more basic translation projects to internal employees who have been assessed to possess the necessary skills to perform translation work.

**ALTA Language Services** offers a Written Translation Assessment in 58 languages. Each test consists of several passages in a source language that must be translated into the target language.

- These online tests can be administered by agencies on an “as needed” basis and take about two hours to administer.
- As of February 2020, the cost of the Written Translation Assessment was $66 per employee tested, regardless of the language tested.
- Some King County agencies already work with ALTA; however, your agency/division might need to set up an account to get started.

**Please note:** the failure rate for this test is high for employees who lack experience with written translation. Employees who do not pass the Written Translation Assessment may still offer bilingual assistance to customers, including greeting them and providing general information. Bilingual employees can also review basic translations to ensure readability by the target audience.

**Special note:**

Translation is both an art and a science. No two translators will translate a document in the same way. Any feedback to your translator/vendor should be about issues concerning cultural competency, readability, or understanding for the target audience, and there may be more than one way to convey a message correctly and effectively.

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1 Basic translation projects include simple signage, informational flyers and short, talking points and non-technical passages to be included in web or social media communications.
TRANSCREATION

Transcreation, or the process of working with the target audience to crowd-source the most effective in-language messaging, is an effective alternative to translation.

- This is a great way for agencies to leverage established relationships with local Community-Based Organizations (CBOs) that serve the target population, whose values may align with your project goals.
- Agencies shall budget adequate time to complete the project (OESJ suggests a minimum of two weeks) and plan on collaborating with the CBO to ensure common understanding of the business and community contexts.
- **It is an expectation that agencies pay CBOs for any time they spend creating or reviewing King County materials.**
  - As of February 2020, the minimum rate of reimbursement for CBOs shall be $50 per staff hour spent on an agency’s project. Please know that CBOs might have a different rate in place for this service.

WORKING WITH A TRANSLATION VENDOR

**Project Authorization**

Agencies opting to work with a translation vendor, shall select their vendor based on:

- the availability of the desired language, dialect, and cultural configuration,
- the vendor’s technical expertise as related to the content to be translated,
- the competitiveness of the bid; and
- the vendor’s ability to meet the project timeline.

Employees shall work with their supervisors to approve the estimated translation expense and provide authorization for the project to begin.

Please note that, in the event of changes that affect pricing after approval of the initial estimate, agencies will receive an updated cost estimate for further approval.

**Payment for Services**

An invoice will be sent to the requesting agency once the translation project requested is complete. Payment shall be submitted once all translated materials have been received.
Follow-Up and Feedback

It is important for agencies to follow-up with their selected translation vendor during the translation process.

- Feedback related to an agency’s experience with a translation vendor, whether related to customer service or translation quality, is very important. Communicate any issues to the vendor with the purpose of achieving resolution.

If necessary, agencies shall escalate concerns to:

✓ Mauricio Martinez, King County Customer Service; and
✓ Washington State Enterprise Services, the holder of our statewide contract for interpreter services, who will consider feedback at the time of contract renewal.

Final Quality Review

Agencies shall incorporate a two quality review steps into all their written translation work. The Final Quality Review shall be completed by a third party, meaning someone different from whomever performed the initial translation work and the preliminary review. Professional translation vendors’ services include a preliminary review step by a second translator.

OESJ suggests that the final quality review for translation projects completed by a vendor is performed by a member of the target language group who resides locally, to ensure that the message will resonate with the community.

Materials translated by a qualified translator, including King County employees, shall also undergo two layers of review. The first review shall be completed by a second qualified translator (internal or external to King County). The final quality review shall be completed by:

- **Translation Vendor:** You may choose a vendor from the Approved Translation and Interpretation Contracts list for the final quality review. The rate for translation review is typically charged at a different (lower) rate than full translation.
- **Target Language Community:** Another option for the final quality review is to have materials reviewed by someone from your target audience. Agencies may tap a local community-based organization that serves the target population, being mindful to their capacity.

✓ Agencies are expected to compensate community-based partners for providing this service at a minimum rate of $50 per staff hour spent on the review.
SUPPORT RESOURCES

TRANSLATION RESOURCES

- American Translators Association: [https://www.atanet.org/](https://www.atanet.org/)
- King County Code 2.15, Immigrant, Refugee and Language Access Ordinance: [https://www.kingcounty.gov/council/legislation/kc_code/05_Title_2.aspx](https://www.kingcounty.gov/council/legislation/kc_code/05_Title_2.aspx)
- King County K.C.C 2.15 Immigrant, Refugee, Language Access SharePoint Site: [https://kc1.sharepoint.com/teams/KingCountyCode215ImmigrantRefugeeandLanguageAccessOrdinance](https://kc1.sharepoint.com/teams/KingCountyCode215ImmigrantRefugeeandLanguageAccessOrdinance)
- Language Access, King County Resources: [https://www.kingcounty.gov/audience/employees/translation-interpretation.aspx](https://www.kingcounty.gov/audience/employees/translation-interpretation.aspx)
- Ordinance 18665, King County: [https://mkcclegisearch.kingcounty.gov/LegislationDetail.aspx?ID=3209106&GUID=00C3F2DC-3744-4F82-A7FC-0CDB5C44DAFA&FullText=1](https://mkcclegisearch.kingcounty.gov/LegislationDetail.aspx?ID=3209106&GUID=00C3F2DC-3744-4F82-A7FC-0CDB5C44DAFA&FullText=1)
- Plain Language, King County Standards: [www.kingcounty.gov/exec/styleguide/plainwriting.aspx](http://www.kingcounty.gov/exec/styleguide/plainwriting.aspx)
- Readable Flesch Reading Ease Tool: [https://app.readable.com/text/](https://app.readable.com/text/)
- Written Translation Executive Order, King County: [https://www.kingcounty.gov/~/media/operations/policies/documents/inf142aeo.ashx?la=en](https://www.kingcounty.gov/~/media/operations/policies/documents/inf142aeo.ashx?la=en)
APPENDIX A: DEFINITIONS

Agency: King County department, agency, division, commission, council, committee, board, other body or person, established by authority of an ordinance, executive order, or charter.

Alternative Forms of Language Assistance: Different means of ensuring effective communication with a Limited English-Proficient individual, with consideration to issues such as cultural competency, literacy levels and content technicality. Examples of alternative methods include sight translation, video or phone interpretation and visual/graphic communication.

Employee: A person who is appointed as an employee by the appointing authority of a county agency, office, department, council, board, commission or other separate unit or division of county government, acting within the scope of employment or acting on behalf of the county. 

Interpretation: The transfer of an oral communication from one language to another.

Limited-English-proficient: Describes a person who does not speak English as their primary language, who has a limited ability to read, speak, write, or understand English.

Plain Language: Is writing designed to ensure the reader understands as quickly, easily, and completely as possible. It avoids verbose, convoluted language and jargon.

Public communication materials: Materials that are intended for broad distribution to inform or educate people served by King County. For the purpose of translation, “public communication materials” refers only to printed media such as brochures, posters, booklets, pamphlets, billboards and advertisements in printed publications.

Target Audience: The intended audience of a service, program, marketing effort or campaign.

Translation: The transfer of a written communication from one language to another while preserving the intent and essential meaning of the original text.

Vital documents: are materials that provide essential information for accessing basic county services and benefits and for which serious consequences would result if the information were not provided. (Ord. 19026 § 1, 2019: Ord. 18665 § 1, 2018).

4 “County employee” also includes a county elected official and a member of a county board, commission, committee or other multimember body, but does not include an official or employee of the county’s judicial branch, though it does include an employee of the department of judicial administration.
# King County’s Top Languages Ranked into Three Tiers

## 2021 Update

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Language</th>
<th>Tier</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>First Tier:</strong> Translation Required</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Spanish</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Second Tier:</strong> Translation Recommended</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chinese*</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vietnamese</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Somali</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Russian</td>
<td>2</td>
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<tr>
<td>Korean</td>
<td>2</td>
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<tr>
<td>Ukrainian</td>
<td>2</td>
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<tr>
<td>Tagalog</td>
<td>2</td>
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<tr>
<td>Amharic</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Arabic</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Third Tier:</strong> Translation Encouraged</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dari</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Punjabi</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tigrinya</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Japanese</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Marshallese</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### KEY

**First Tier:** "Public Communication Materials" must be translated into target language, in specific instances spelled out in the Executive Order and where practicable.

**Second Tier:** Translation of Public Communication Materials is recommended, depending on target audience.

**Third Tier:** Translation of Public Communication Materials is encouraged, depending on target audience.
Percent of Population Speaking Chinese at Home, 2019
Percent of Population Speaking Vietnamese at Home, 2019

Updated: March 23, 2021
Percent of Population Speaking Somali at Home, 2019
Percent of Population Speaking Russian at Home, 2019
CONTACTS FOR SUPPORT

For questions about this manual or technical assistance requests, contact the Office of Equity and Social Justice or visit the King County Immigrant and Refugee SharePoint site.

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For support and questions about translations, contact your agencies’ Public Information Officer, Communications Team or K.C.C 2.15 Language Access Liaison.